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3. All site work must comply with the requirements of UDC Chapter 30.63A & 30.63B Snohomish County Code (SCC) and with Chapter UDC of the Uniform Building Code (UBC) - latest edition.

4. All work pertaining to this project shall be subject to inspection by the county inspector or his designated representative.

5.Prior to any site work, the contractor shall contact the chief inspector for the land development division at (425) 388-3213 to schedule a pre-construction conference. If field conditions require revisions, revised plans shall be submitted and approved prior to construction. As-builts stamped and signed by the engineer and/or surveyor shall be required prior to site approval. The engineer's and surveyor's name and phone number are Land Technologies. Inc 360-652-9727 and Centre Pointe Surveying, Inc. 253-661-1901.

6. Sediment laden waters shall not enter the natural drainage system, per SCC chapter 7.53.120

7. Trench backfill of new utilities and storm drainage facilities shall be compacted to 95% maximum density (modified proctor) under roadways and 90% maximum density (modified proctor) off roadways, as specified in Section 2-03.3(14)c compacting earth embankments method B.

8. The owner and contractor shall be responsible for location and protecting all existing utilities prior to beginning construction. Locations of utilities shown on construction plans are based on best records available and are subject to variation. For aid in utility location call 800-424-5555.

9. The Developer and Engineer are responsibility for water quality. A monitoring program shall be established by the project engineer. The project engineer's name and phone number is Land Technologies, Inc., phone (360) 652-9727.

10. Engineered As-Builts shall be required prior to final approval of the drainage system

11. All native growth protection areas (NGPA) shall be left in a substantially natural state. No clearing, grading, filling, building construction or placement, or road construction of any kind shall occur within these areas. Removal of vegetation by the property owner shall be limited to that which is hazardous. No adjustment to the boundary of any such area shall occur without further environmental review and amendment of the CASP recorded with Snohomish County.

12. It shall be the contractor's responsibility to apply for and obtain grading permits required for non-approved dumpsites.

13. The contractor shall notify Land Technologies at 360-652-9727. and county inspector when conflicts between the plans and field conditions exist prior to construction and said conflicts shall be resolved prior to proceeding with construction.

14. The contractor shall keep three sets of approved plans on site at all times for recording as-built information; one set shall be submitted to Land Technologies, Inc., at completion of construction and prior to final acceptance of work.

15. A grading permit issued pursuant to Title 17 SCC and Chapter 33 UBC and approval of the Temporary Erosion and Sedimentation Control (TESC) plan shall have been obtained from the Department of Public Works for any on site grading which is not expressly exempt by Section 17.04.280 SCC.

16. Lot lines shown hereon are approximate, actual platted dimensions and/or deeded locations shall take precedence.

17. A copy of these approved plans, a current WSDOT (2004) Standard Specifications and the current Snohomish County Public Works Engineering Design and Development Standards (EDDS) shall be on the job site whenever work is in progress.

18. A right-of-way permit is required for all work in the county

19. Monuments and proerty corners shall be protected from disturbance during construction. A licensed surveyor shall obtain a permit for the removal or replacement of any R/W monuments, survey monuments, or property corner in accordance with State Law and WAC 332-120 prior to any disturbance to the corner. The points to be protected or replaced shall be located by the surveyor or engineer and shown on the construction plans.

20. Survey monuments shall be installed as shown on the plans in accordance with Snohomish County Engineering and Design and Development Standards (EDDS), CHapter 6-03, Detail 6-020, and POL-5200.

# **GEO-TECHNICAL NOTES**

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1. Strip the vegetation, topsoil, or loose soils to expose medium dense to very dense native soils in pavements and building area. Stockpile for landscaping use.

2. Work soils for structural fill in dry weather if possible.

3. See TESC notes STRUCTURAL FILL

1. See TESC notes.

2. Fill should be placed in 10inch lifts. Spread evenly and compact to 95% of the soils dry density (ASTM D 1557).

3. Fill more than 2 feet below sidewalks, curbs and pavement shall be compacted to 90% maximum dry density. Moisture content should be 2% of

optimum so that a compactable condition exists. 4. Protect all cuts from erosion.

5. During construction monitoring should be provided by a licensed Geo-Technical Engineer per A Snohomish County Requirements. Compaction and other test reports will be required for county submittal with as-built

# **CHANNELIZATION & SIGNING**

Approved permanent traffic control signs and markings within the public right of way shall be installed by County forces at the developer's expense. The inspector shall notify the Department of Public Works Traffic Division when the project is ready for signing

During project construction, the contractor shall provide and maintain all temproary construction signs, traffic control signs, delineators and temporary markings as required.

Access by emergency vehicles shall be maintained at all times during

After work within the traveled roadway is competed at the end of each day, the road shall be clear of debris and equipment and completely open to traffic. Lighted barricades or barrels shall delineate all areas within the roadway affected by contruction (i.e., edge of pavement, new curb edges not illuminated by street

A right of way use permit is required from the Department of Public Works for any lane/road closure within the Snohomish County rights of way. Contact Public Works at least 15 days prior to construction activity within the public right right of way. Snohomish County does not have jurisdiction on state routes, roadways within incorporated cities, private roads, or private property. For any activity encroaching on such property, the applicant should obtain permission from the appropriate autority.

#### SITE GRADING & T.E.S.C. NOTES:

1. The temporary erosion/sedimentation control facility (TESC measures) shall be constructed prior to any grading or extensive land clearing in accordance with the approved temporary erosion/sedimentation control plan. These facilities must be satisfactorily maintained until construction and landscaping is completed and potential for on-site erosion has passed. Sediment laden waters shall not enter the natural drainage system.

2. Sufficient TESC BMP materials and supplies to protect the entire site shall be stockpiled on-site.

3. During and after construction, all persons engaging in development activities shall prevent or minimize erosion and sedimentation on-site and shall protect properties and water courses downstream from the site from erosion due to increases in volume, velocity and peak flow rate storm water runoff from the site: The applicant shall prevent the transport of sediment onto adjacent properties.

4. All streets are to be kept clear of dirt and debris. Streets shall be swept immediately when dirt has been traced onto the paved surfaces. A truck wash will be required if necessary to prevent material from reaching the road on county R/W.

Noncompliance with the erosion control requirements, water quality requirements and clearing limits violations may result in revocation of project permits, plan approval and

6. From October 1 to March 31 grading will require cover for soil exposed for more than 2 days. From April 1 to September 31. soil shall be exposed for a maximum of seven days. Ground cover BMP's shall be used to stabilize the soil including but not limited to PVc cover, straw or other BMP's approved by the county.

7. Denuted areas shall be covered by mulch, sod, plastic, or other BMP from the Snohomish County drainage manual or as approved by the county inspector. Grading and construction shall be timed and conducted in stages to minimize soil exposure.

8. Prior to any site construction to include clearing/logging or grading the site/lot clearing limits shall be located and field identified by the project surveyor as required by these plans. The project surveyor's name and phone number are: Centre Pointe Surveying, Inc. 253-661-1901.

9. Soil stockpiles are to be stabilized within 24hours. When actively working with the soil stockpile, stabilization shall occur at the end of each workday. Stockpiles shall be located in safe areas and adequately protected by covering temporary seeding and mulching. Hydroseeding or plastic sheeting is preferred.

10. Siltation barriers and all other TESC measures shall be inspected immediately after each rainfall event greater than 0.1" rainfall, and at least daily during prolonged rain

11. During periods of wet weather, the grading contractor shall take all precautions to limit surface disturbance and protect the site grading area from excessive runoff erosion.

12. The surface of all fill areas shall be compacted by the end of each working day. 13. Excavated material shall be placed on the uphill side of trenches, unless inconsistent with safety or constraints.

14. Sediment deposits shall be removed from all temporary drainage facilities and structures upon reaching a depth of 6inches.

45. All structural fills shall be compacted to a minimum of 95% of maximum density by modified proctor test, ASTM D-1577-70.

16. A Geotechnical consultant shall provide testing of all fills and shall send the results to Snohomish County. Said consultant shall certify that all grading activities were done under his/her direction. Geotechnical consultant or his representative will direct and observe excavation and filling of all wetland areas.

17. Earth quantities (cuts & fills) shown on plans are estimates only and are not adjusted for expansion or compaction. The contractor is responsible for verification of actual quantities as required.

18. Areas to receive fill shall be prepared by removing unsuitable material such as concrete slabs, organic material, debris.

19. Before construction approval, all areas to be seeded shall be cultivated to the Satisfategon ut the county inspector. Inis may be accomplished by disking, raking harrowing or other acceptable means. Perform all cultural operations across or at right angles to the slope if necessary. Surface runoff control measures such as gradient terraces, interceptor dike / swales, level spreaders, and sediment basins shall be installed prior to seeding. Place permanent vegetative ground cover to control soil erosion and to survive severe weather conditions on all areas of land disturbance not otherwise permanently stabilized by impervious surfaces or other means.

20. Areas to receive fill shall be cleared of all vegetation and deleterious matter. 21. All fill materials used in structural areas shall be free of vegetation and deleterious matter and shall not contain rocks greater than 6 inches in diameter.

22. Structural fills shall be placed in 8" to 10" thick loose horizontal lifts and spread

23. Dewatering devices must discharge into a sediment-retention BMP.

24. The contractor shall implement fully the erosion and sediment control plan at each stage of site development.

25.Construction acceptance will be subject to a well-established ground cover that fulfills the requirement of the approved construction plans and title 24, Snohomish County Drainage

26. All disturbed areas such as retention facilities, roadway back-slopes, etc. shall be seeded with a perennial ground cover grass or other approved application to minimize erosion. Grass seeding will be done using an approved hydro-seeder or as otherwise approved

27. All areas seeded shall be cultivated to the satisfaction of the county inspector. This

may be accomplished by disking, raking, harrowing or other acceptable means. Perform all measures such as gradient terraces, interceptor dike/swales, level spreaders, and sediment basins shall be installed prior to seeding. 28. Immediately following finish grading, permanent vegetation (consisting of rapid, persistent and legume) will be applied at a minimum 80# per acre. This is to include the

following: 20% annual perennial or hybrid rye grass, 40% creeping red fescue, 40% white clover, or as otherwise approved by the county. Hydro seed required

29. Non-phosphorous fertilizer shall be applied at 400# per acre of 10-0-20 (10 pounds per 1100 square feet) or equivalent.

30. Excess excavation shall be disposed of at a permitted site or commercial topsoil

31. If cut and fill slopes exceed a maximum of two feet horizontal to one foot vertical, a rock or concrete retaining wall may be required. All rock retaining walls greater than four (4) feet in height are to follow county specifications and to be designed and certified by a civil engineer experienced in soils mechanics. All other cut and fill slopes shall be a

32. The embankment of the temporary sedimentation basin should be checked regularly to ensure that it is structurally sound and has not been damaged by erosion or construction equipment. The emergency spillway should be checked regularly to insure that its lining is well established and erosion-resistant. The siltation pasin should be cleaned after each runoff-producing rainfall for sediment cleanout. When the sediment reaches the clean out level, it should be immediately removed and properly disposed.

33. A subsurface Geologic Hazards and a Geotechnical Engineering report has been prepared by Associated Earth Sciences, contact Kurt Merrirman at 425-827-7701. This report is part and parcel of these plans. The contractor shall review this report prior to construction of structural areas and structural items.

34. Storm water inlets shalll be protected from erosion while receiving storm water runoff during construction so that water will not enter the inlet without first being filtered or otherwise treated to minimize the amount of sediment entering the inlet. The use of an approved fabric or straw bales or berms are all BMP"S which may be used.

35. The installation of underground utility lines shall be subject to the following additional requirements: (i) between October 1 and March 31, no more than 500 feet of continuous trench may remain open at one time unless check dams to reduce flow velocities and prevent erosion are installed in accordance with the Snohomish County Drainage Manual. (ii) excavated material shall be placed on the uphill side of trenches, unless inconsistent with safety or site constraints. (iii) Discharge from dewatering devices shall discharge

### STORM DRAIN NOTES

Unless otherwise noted, all storm sewer pipe shall be smooth walled storm drain (SWSD). SWSD shall be corrugated polyelene pipe ADS (N-12) for diameters 8" & greater or concrete pipe (CP) non-reinforced, ASTM C-14 (24" diameter and larger to be (RCP) reinforced ASTM C-76), or corrugated polyethylene pipe (HDPE). HDPE shall be high density corrugated polyethylene smooth interior pipe and shall be manufactured in conformity with the latest AASHTO specifications for M-294 Type S and the material compound shall conform to ASTM D-3350. Polyvinyl chloride pipe (PVC) for 6" pipe for roof and footing drains unless specified otherwise. Pipe joints and fittings shall conform to AASHTO M-294. Couplers shall cover not less than one full corrugation on each annular section of pipe. Corrugated metal pipe (CMP) to be galvanized steel with treatment 1 asphalt coating or better, or corrugated aluminum pipe, or AASHTO M-274-70 aluminized steel. All pipes shall have rubber gaskets. Minimum coverage requirements for 12" pipe in

a. <1.0' - requires rcp (reinforced concrete pipe)

b. 1.0'-1.5' - requires cp (concrete pipe) or n-12 (corrugated proyethylene pipe) minimum c. >1.5' - requires 16 gauge cmp, or hdpe minimum

All storm pipe shall conform with Chapter 9 (Interm Chapter 5) of Snohomish County Engineering Design and Development standards (EDDS) and Division 7 ofthe WSDOT/APWA current standards and specifications.

3. All storm drain pipe shall be placed on stable earth, or if in the opinion of the county inspector, the existing foundation is unsatisfactory, then it shall be excavated below grade and backfilled with a gravel material to support the pipe.

4. The backfill shall be placed equally on both sides of the pipe or pipe-arch in layers with a loose average depth of 6", maximum depth 9", thoroughly tamping each layer. These compacted layers must extend for one diameter on each side of the pipe or to the side of the trench. Materials to complete the fill over pipe shall be the same as described. Refer to WSDOT standard specification 7-04.3(3) and standard specification 2-03.2(14)c, Method B & C.

5. All grates (inlet and catch basin) shall be depressed 0.1 feet below pavement level. Grate elevations shown on plans are pavement

6. All catch basins to be Type I or Type II, unless otherwise noted. All catch basins with a depth over 5.0 feet to the flow line shall

8. All Type II catch basin manholes and all inlet and catch basins shall have locking lids. Rolled grates are not approved for outside of county right-of-way.

9. Standard ladder steps shall be provided in all catch basins/manholes exceeding 5 feet in depth.

10. Catch basin frame and grates shall be Olympic Foundry model SM44 locking type or approved equal. Type II catch basin frame and grates shall be Olympic Foundry model MH30, MH26 or approved equal. Catch basins on grades 4% or more shall have Olympic Foundry frame and grate SM60V or approved equal. Through curb inlets shall be provided at all low points of sag vertical curves.

11. Detention ponds with side slopes steeper than 3:1 or vertical walls shall require a perimeter fence per Snohomish County Code. Side slope averaging is not allowed.

12. CMP pipe specifications: material diameter gage band

shown in the standard specifications.

Aluminum

12-57

be a Type II CB (manhole)

13. All non-perforated metal pipe shall have neoprene gaskets at the joints. U-ring gaskets may be used for Type F coupling band

14. The culvert ends shall be beveled to match the side slope. Field cut of culvert ends is permitted, when approved by the inspector. 15. All field cut culvert pipe shall be treated with treatment as

16. Backfill around pipe must be compacted to a specified AASHTO T-99 density of 90%. Use reasonable care in handling and installation. 17. Corrugated aluminum pipe and coupling bands shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M-196 and M-197.

18. Prior to sidewalk construction, construct the lot drainage and stub-outs behind the sidewalk, drains as required. Stub-outs shall be marked with a 2" x 4" and labeled "storm". Locations of these installations shall be placed on the as-built construction plans and submitted to the County.

19. Storm water retention/detention facilities, storm drainage pipe and catch basins shall be flushed and cleaned prior to Snohomish

20. The contractor shall be responsible for adjusting all manhole. inlet, and catch basin frames and grates just prior to pouring of

21. Yard basins with multiple connections shall either have multiple knockouts or be core-drilled; broken basins shall not be accepted.

22. PolyVinyl Chloride pipe (PVC) is allowed for installation on private property and for connection of roof & footing drains to storm drainage systems within public right-of-way. The materials supplied under this specification shall be solid wall sewer pipe, SDR-35, 4" to 15" which shall be manufactured in accordance with ASTM D-3034; pipe 18" to 24" shall meet ASTM F-679. Rubber gasketed pipe joins and fittings shall conform to ASTM F-477.

## **CLEAR PLASTIC COVERING**

Protect disturbed slopes by covering with clear plastic. This method of cover is good for protecting bare areas, which need immediate cover, and for winter plantings. It is also quick and easy to place. The sheeting will result in rapid, 100% runoff, which may cause serious erosion problems and/or flooding at the base of slopes unless the runoff is properly intercepted and safely conveyed by a collecting drain. This is strictly a temporary measure, so permanent stabilization is still required. The plastic must be anchored.

Clear plastic sheeting shall have a minimum thickness of 6 mil and meet the requirements of WSDOT/APWA Section 9-14.5. Covering shall be installed and maintained tightly in place by using sandbags or tires on ropes with a maximum 10-foot gird spacing in all directions. All seams shall be taped or weighted down full length and there be at least a 1 to 2 foot overlap of all seams. Seams should then be rolled and staked or tied. Covering shall be installed immediately on areas seeded between November 1 to March 1, and remain until vegetation is firmly established. When the covering is used on unseeded slopes, it shall be left in place until the next seeding period. Sheeting should be toed in at the top of the slope to prevent surface flow beneath the plastic. Sheeting should be removed, as soon, as is possible once vegetation is well grown to prevent burning the vegetation through the plastic sheeting.

### MULCHING

Protect disturbed slopes by mulching (2" - 4" thickness). This can be done before or after permanent seeding. The types of mulches available are described below (taken from the D.O.E manual):

Straw: most commonly used in conjunction with seeding. its use is recommended where immediate protection is required and preferable where the need for protection will be less than 3 months. The straw should come from wheat or oats, and may be spread by hand or machine. Straw can be windplown and must be anchored down (rolling or punching into soil, covering with netting, spraying

Corn stalks: these should be shredded into 4 to 6-inch lengths. Stalks decompose slowly and are resistant to windblow.

Wood chips/bark chips: suitable for areas that will not be closely mowed, and around ornamental plantings. Chips decompose slowly and do not require tacking. Wood chips must be treated with 12 pounds nitrogen per ton to prevent nutrient deficiency in plants (not necessary for bark). Wood and bark chips tend to wash down slopes of more than 6 percent and create problems by clogging inlet grates, etc. and are therefore not recommended for use in those areas.

Wood fiber: used in hydro-seeding operations, applied as part of the slurry. This form of mulch does not provide sufficient protection to erodible soils to be used alone during the heat of summer or for late fall seedings. Wood fiber hydro-seed slurries may be used to tack straw mulch. This combination treatment is well suited for steep slopes and critical areas

Nets and mats: used alone, netting does not retain soil moisture or modify soil temperature. It stabilizes the soil surface while grasses are being established, and is useful in grassed waterways and on slopes. Light netting may also be used to hold other mulches in place. It's relatively high cost makes it most suitable

## WATER QUALITY PLANTING NOTES

1. Final construction approval and/or issuance of certificate of occupancy is contingent to inspection by Snohomish County Community Development.

. Inspection must be requested by calling chief inspector of Land Development Division at 425-388-3385 at least 24 hours prior

3. Construction:

a. If possible, divert runoff from newly planted ares until vegetation is established. b. If diversion is not possible, cover graded and seeded areas with a suitable erosion control material (straw, mulch, etc.)

4. Hydroseeding of pond, using water tolerant seed mix, as follows: 6% fowl mannagrass (glyceria striata) 60% red fescue (festuca rubra) 10% redtop bentgrass/colonial bentgrass (agrostis alba/tenius) 10% meadow foxtail (alopecurus pratensis) 8% tufted hairgrass (deschampsia cespitosa) 6% white clover (trifolium repens) Apply at 1.0 pound per 1,000 sq. ft. Hydroseed using 2,000 pounds mulch per acre (Silia fibre mulch

with tackifier). Apply per manufacturer's specifictions.

5. Plant list for drainage. (See Landscape

and Wetland Mitigation Plans):

# **TEMPORARY COVER**

Temporary seed to provide soil stabilization by planting grasses and legumes to areas, which would remain bare for more than days where permanent cover is not necessary or appropriate. A minimum of 2 - 4 inches of tilled topsoil is required for the seedbed. Planting should preferably be done between April 1 and June 30, and Sept. 1 through Oct. 31. If planting is done between Nov. 1 and

March 31, mulching shall be required immediately after planting. The seed mix of redtop (10%), annual rye (40%), chewings fescue (40%), and white dutch clover (10%) shall be used as a guide (Snohomish County to approve seed mix). "Hydro-seeding" applications with approved seed-mulching-fertilizer mixtures may also be used. The soil cover methods listed under "cover during winter conditions" may also be used as temporary cover at any time.

# **HYDROSEEDING GENERAL NOTES**

1. Construction acceptance: will be subject to a well established ground cover that fulfills the requirement of the approved construction plans and title 24, snohomish county drainage ordinance.

2. All disturbed areas such as retention facilities, roadway back-slopes, etc. shall be seeded with a perennial ground cover grass to minimize erosion. grass seeding will be done using an approved hydroseeder or as otherwise approved by Snohomish County.

3. Preparation of surface: all areas to be seeded shall be cultivated to the satisfaction of the county inspector. This may be accomplished by discing, raking, harrowing or other acceptable means.

4. Immediately following finish grading, permanent vegetation (consisting of rapid, persistent and legume) will be appplied at a minimum 80# per acre. This is to include the following: 20% annual, perennial or hybrid rye grass 40% creeping red fescue 40% white clover. Hydroseed required

5. Fertilizer: shall be applied at 400# per acre of 10-20-20 (10 lb. per 1.100 square feet) or equivalent.

# TRAFFIC SIGNS GENERAL NOTES

1. all signs to be installed by snohomish county at the developers expense.

### PIPE DIMENSION NOTES

All pipe length callouts are based on center-to-center distances.

### SEDIMENT POND MAINTENANCE

The embankment of the basin should be checked regularly to insure that it is structurally sound and has not been damaged by erosion or construction equipment. The emergency spillway should be checked regulary to insure that it's lining is well established and erosion resistant. The siltation basin should be checked after each runoff producing rainfall for sediment clean out. When the sediment reaches the cleanout level it shall be removed and dispposed of propertly. The pond shall be removed at the end of the project construction when erosion seeding on the project has grown and become stable.

### **MAINTENANCE OF SILTATION BARRIERS:**

Siltation barriers shall be inspected immediately after each rainfall and at least daily during prolonged rainfall. Close attention shall be paid to the repair of damaged bales, end runs and undercutting beneath bales. Necessary repairs to barriers or replacement of bales shall be accomplished promptly. Sediment deposits should be removed after each rainfall. They must be removed when the level of deposition reaches approximately one-half the height of the barrier. Any sediment deposits remaining in place after the straw bale parrier is no longer required shall be dressed to conform to the existing grade, prepared

### SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1. A geotechnical consultant shall be present on-site during grading activities as required by Snohomish County Planning and Development Services to present field recommendations as necessary. The geotechnical consultant shall also provide testing of fills and cuts as required by Planning and Development services and shall forward test results to the county and shall certify that grading activities have been conducted under geotechnical observation

2. Trench backfill of new utilities and storm drainge facilities shall be compacted to 95% maximum density (modified proctor) under roadways and 90% maximum density (modified proctor) off roadways. as specified in the the WSDOT Standard Specifications Section 2-03.3(14)c, Compacting Earth Embankments Method B.

3. On-site soils in stockpiles should be protected against persistant rainfall if they are to be used as structural fill. Below the first foot of sandy loam to sandy clay loam is a mixture of sand and coarse sand. This material can be worked during dryer periods of the winter season when it is not so saturated.

4. Cut materials, that are unsuitable for use as fill on the site. are to be delivered off-site to a site approved by Snohomish County

# CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

to accept materials of the nature exported.

1. Arrange and attend a preconstruction meeting with Snohomish County Inspector, Silver Lake Water District, the design

engineer, and developer.

2. Identify clearing limits with flagging. 3. Install filter fabric, silt fences, along relavent property coundaries and as shown on plans.

bales as necessary to prevent sediment laden runoff from leaving site.

Install temporary sediment trap detention facility, 6. Grade and stabilize roads and interceptor swales (IDS) in

conjunction with clearing and grading activity. 7. Clear and grub site Complete mass grading. Reconstruct or

4. Grade and install construction entrance. Place silt fence, straw

maintain sediment ponds as needed during progression of grading. 8. Grade permanent detention pond & natural wetland pond and

construct temporary silt fence around pond if required. 9. Stabilize any areas which are to remain unworked for more than 7 days in the dry season. Intend to complete grading

10. Relocate or maintain surface water controls and erosion control measures, or install new measures as site conditions change so as to maintain compliance with Snohomish County and Washington

in dry season. If wet season work is required, will provide

State Department of Ecology standards. 11. Final grade, construct and pave roadways. Determine that the

permanent drainage system is complete. 15. Remove all excess silt or soil from detention pond. Remove temporary sediment control structure when permanent drainage is complete and erosion measures are in place and working. Add topsoil to planting areas and plant wetland and pond areas. Plant pond and wetland areas in accordance with landscape and

wetland mitigation plans. 16. Remove remaining temporary erosion control measures when danger of erosion is past and site is stabilized, and with final Snohomish County approval.

## PROJECT TESTING

All test reports will be turned in to Snohomish County with As-Built Plans.

## **CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE**

R/W PERMIT NO.:

SPRING 2004 START AND CONTINUE, WEATHER PERMITTING, UNTIL ALL GRADING, UTILITY, AND ROAD CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE.

We hereby declare that all improvements are located las shown∕on these∕as-built plans as indicated by AB

SNOHOMISH COUNTY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION (OR GRADING IN THE CASE (Project Engineer) OF GRADING PERMITS). (Project Surveyor)

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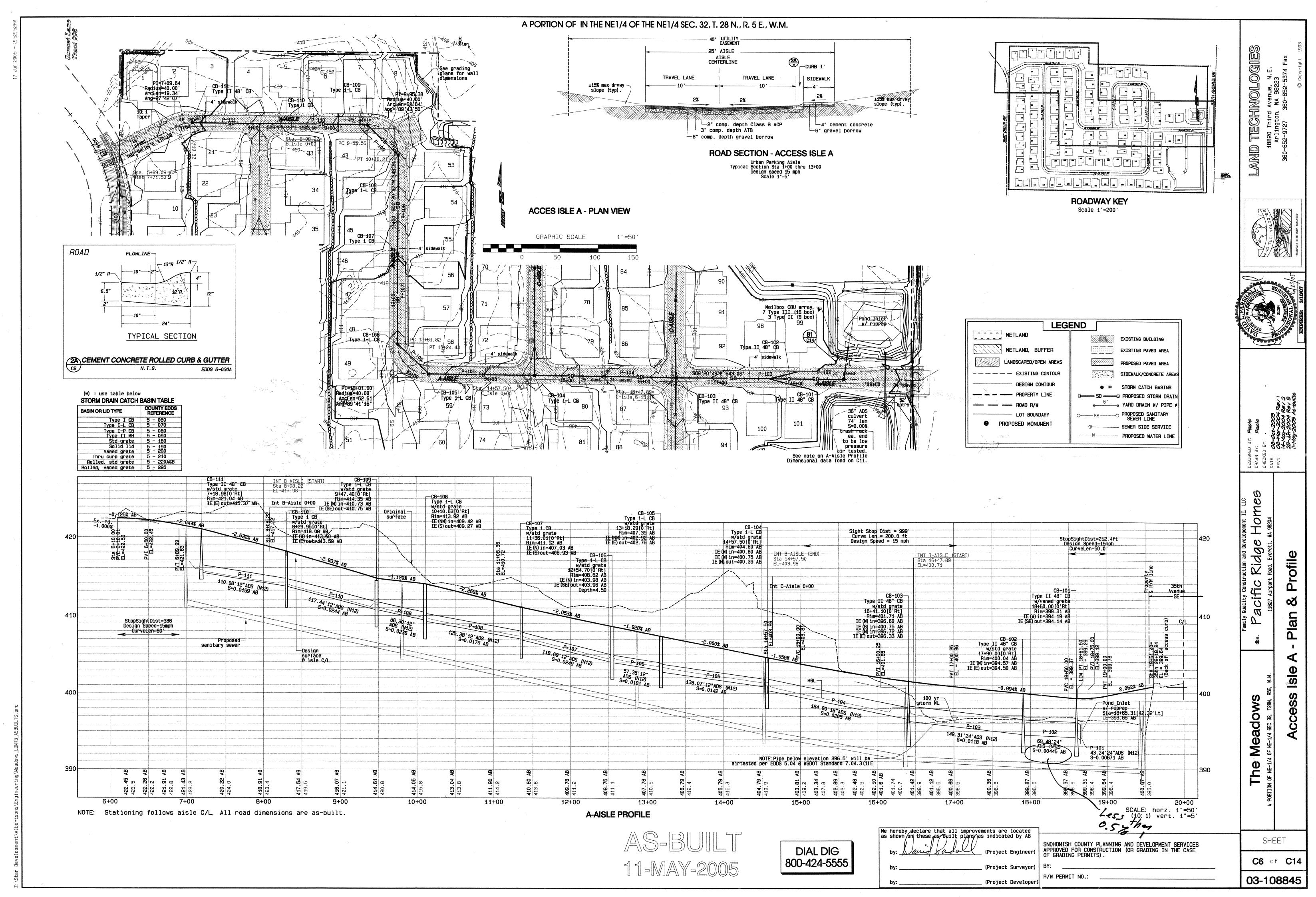
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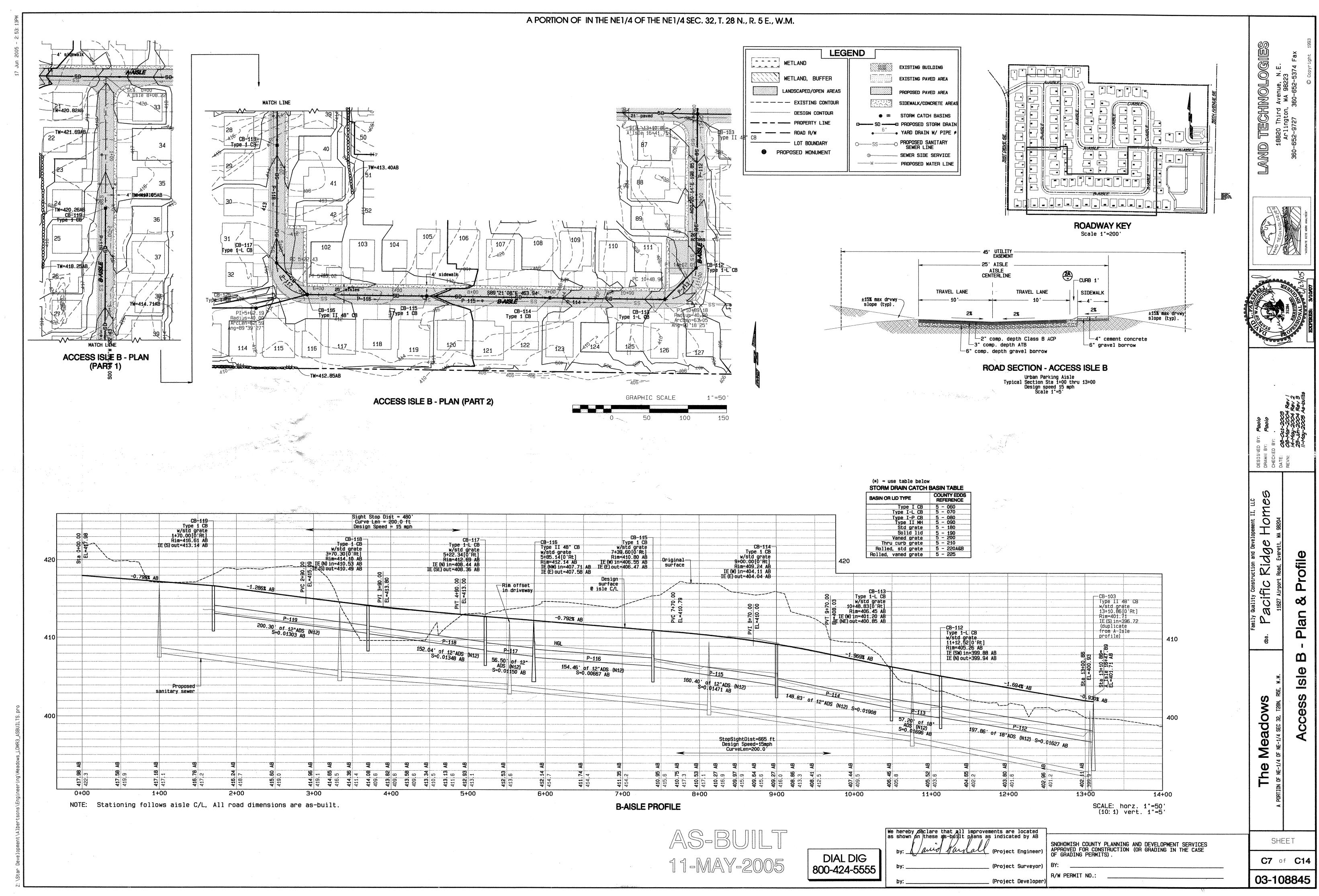
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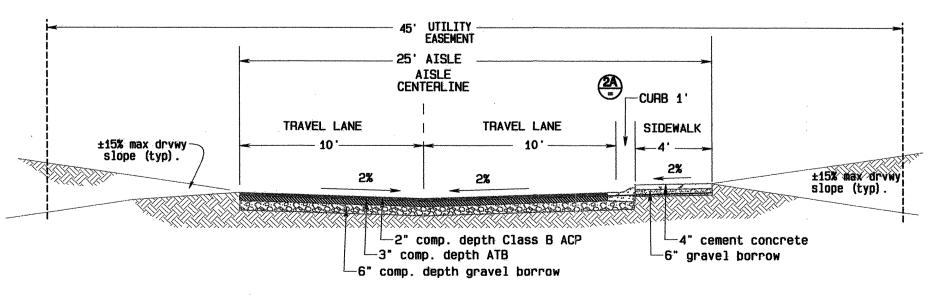


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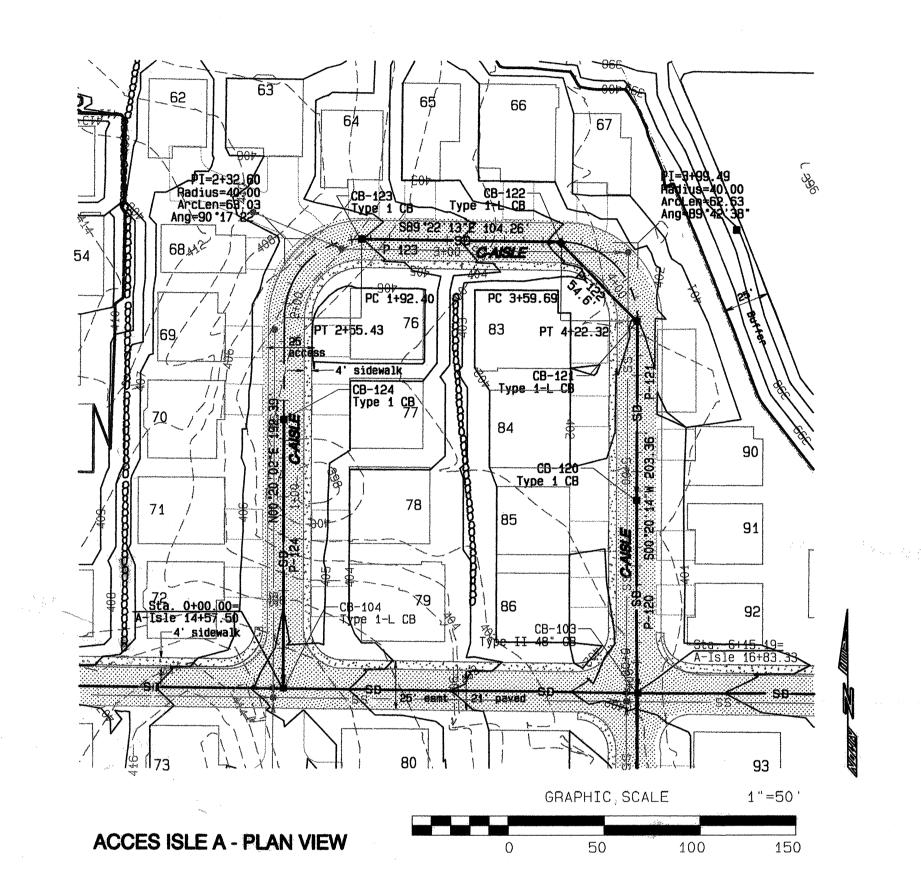
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PIPE/STRUCTURE TABLE														
	MANHOLE DATA				-		F	PIPE DATA						
		DESIGN	AS-BUILT		DESIGN	AS-BUILT	DESIGN	AS-BUILT	DESIGN	AS-BUILT	DESIGN	AS-BUILT	SIZE	
NODE NAME PIPE RUN: A-AIS		RIM	RIM	PIPE NAME	ENTRANCE EL (feet)	ENTRANCE EL (feet)	OUTLET EL (feet)	OUTLET EL (feet)	%GRADE	%GRADE	LENGTH (feet)	LENGTH (feet) (	SIZE inches)	MATERIAL
Pond_Inlet CB-101	w/ riprap Type II 48" CB	395.00 399.42	395.85 399.31	P-101	394.22	394.14	394.00	393.85	0.52	0.67	42.61	43.24	24"	ADS (N12)
CB-101	Type II 48 CB	399.70	400.04	P-102	394.66	394.50	394.22	394.19	0.63	0.45	70.01	69.48	24"	ADS (N12)
CB-103	Type II 48" CB	400.75	401.71	P-103 P-104	395.55 399.46	396.33 400.39	394.66 396.05	394.57 396.60	0.60 1.85	1.18 2.05	148.25 184.25	149.31 184.60	24" 18"	ADS (N12) ADS (N12)
CB-104	Type 1-L CB	403.96	404.60	P-104 P-105	402.17	400.39	399.96	400.80	1.65	1.42	139.21	138.07	12"	ADS (N12)
CB-105	Type 1-L CB	406.67	407.39	P-106	403.30	403.96	402.17	402.92	2.11	1.81	53.58	57.35	12"	ADS (N12)
CB-106 CB-107	Type 1-L CB Type 1 CB	407.80	408.62 411.12	P-107	406.40	406.93	403.30	403.98	2.50	2.49	123.86	118.69	12"	ADS (N12)
CB-107	Type 1-L CB	413.05	413.92	P-108	408.55	409.27	406.40	407.03	1.74	1.79	123.86	125.38	12"	ADS (N12)
CB-109	Type 1-L CB	414.57	414.35	P-109 P-110	410.00	410.75 413.59	408.55 410.00	409.42 410.73	2.57 2.51	2.36	56.44	56.30 117.44	12" 12"	ADS (N12) ADS (N12)
CB-110	Type 1 CB	417.44	418.08	P-110	413.00 415.00	415.35	413.00	410.73	1.67	2.44 1.59	119.47 119.47	117.44	12"	ADS (N12) ADS (N12)
CB-111	Type II 48°CB	420.52	421.04		133.55		120.00		2.27					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
PIPE RUN: B-AIS	The second contract of	400.75	404 74						,					
CB-103 CB-112	Type II 48" CB Type 1-L CB	400.75 404.16	401.71 405.26	P-112	399.50	399.94	396.05	396.72	1.72	1.63	200.81	197.86	18"	ADS (N12)
CB-113	Type 1-L CB	405.37	406.45	P-113	400.50	400.85	399.50	399.88	1.83	1.70	54.62	57.20	18"	ADS (N12)
CB-114	Type 1 CB	408.25	409.24	P-114 P-115	403.50	404.04 406.47	401.00	401.20 404.11	1.67 1.25	1.91	149.99	148.83 160.40	12"	ADS (N12)
CB-115	Type 1 CB	410.08	410.80	P-115	406.60	406.47	405.50	404.11	0.71	1.47 0.67	160.00 154.98	154.46	12"	ADS (N12) ADS (N12)
CB-116	Type II 48° CB	411.38	412.14	P-117	407.55	408.36	406.60	407.71	1.68	1.15	56.40	56.53	12.	ADS (N12)
CB-117 CB-118	Type 1-L CB Type 1 CB	411.90 413.33	412.69 414.10	P-118	409.30	410.49	407.55	408.44	1.15	1.35	152.43	152.04	12"	ADS (N12)
CB-119	Type 1 CB	415.81	416.61	P-119	411.80	413.14	409.30	410.53	1.25	1.30	200.00	200.30	12"	ADS (N12) ADS (N12)
PIPE RUN: C-AIS	S.E													
CB-103	Type II 48" CB	400.75	401.71	0.400	200 00	207 40	205 55	200 70	'n EA	0.70	400 40	400 30	40.	400 (440)
CB-120	Type 1 CB	400.50	401.38	P-120 P-121	396.06 397.51	397.46 398.48	395.55 396.56	396.76 397.67	0.51 1.00	0.70 0.87	100.19 94.93	100.30 92.65	18"	ADS (N12) ADS (N12)
CB-121	Type 1-L CB	401.15	401.91	P-122	398.05	399.01	397.51	398.44	0.99	1.01	54.63	56.67	12"	ADS (N12)
CB-122 CB-123	Type 1-L CB Type 1 CB	402.10 404.05	402.81 405.03	P-123	400.00	400.91	398.05	399.40	1.87	1.45	104.54	104.37	12"	ADS (N12)
PIPE RUN: C-AIS	E 2													
CB-104	Type 1-L CB	403.96	404.60		404.00		400 00	400 ==				1	40.	
CB-124	Type 1 CB	404.67	405.39	P-124	401.67	401.75	400.96	400.75	0.51	0.71	140.00	140.41	12"	ADS (N12)
PIPE RUN: TIE-I	IN:31STB-AISLE													,
CB-116	Type II 48" CB	411.38	412.14	P-125	407.00	408.14	406.60	407.67	0.58	0.69	58.39	68.55	12"	ADS (N12)
CB-125 CB-126	Type 1 CB Type 1 CB	412.07 412.80	412.90 412.68	P-126	408.00	409.06	407.00	408.30	0.65	0.50	152.85	150.80	12"	ADS (N12)
	Drive_SE(S)		440.50					-						
CB-126 CB-128	Type 1 CB Type 1 CB	412.80 412.30	412.68 412.30	P-127	409.50	409.58	409.00	409.08	0.77	0.98	64.97	50.90	12"	ADS (N12)
CDTSO	Type I Cb	412.30	412.30											
PIPE RUN: 31st CB-126	Drive SE(N) Type 1 CB	412.80	412.68			A Hillian and		100050210003411						
CB-128	Type 1 CB	413.50	413.23	P-128 P-129	409.60	409.52 410.09	409.00 409.50	409.05 409.58	0.70 0.63	0.55	85.21 79.81	85.47 79.83	12"	ADS (N12)
CB-129	Type 1 CB	414.28	414.25	P-130	414.50	413.73	410.00	410.03	2.36	0.64 1.94	190.44	190.56	12"	ADS (N12) ADS (N12)
CB-130	Type 1 CB	418.70	418.42				a company a proposition of a construction of the construction of t		, =:==					
	and Outlet	200	705 00	3					*******************************		MATERIAL CONTROL CONTR			
Pond_Inlet-2 Wetland_Outlet	trash rack trash rack	395.00 397.00	395.00 397.00	P-131	394.00	393.92	394.00	393.94	0.00	-0.03	74.76	76.85	36"	CMF
	Outlet / Control	200.00	200.00						***************************************					
CB-132 MH-133	Type II 54" CB Type II 54" CB	399.00 399.00	399.00 399.00	P-133	393.50	393.58	393.10	393.32	4.29	2.83	9.33	9.18	12"	ADS (N12)
Pond_Outlet	Trash rack	395.00	395.00	P-135	393.50	393.54	393.50	393.38	0.00	0.53	50.51	30.36	12"	ADS (N12)
PIPE RUN: Pond CB-132	Overflow Type II 54" CB	399.00	399.00											
Pond_Overflow	Trash rack	396.50	396.50	P-134	395.00	394.59	394.30	394.13	2.30	1.81	30.42	25.46	12"	ADS (N12)
PIPE RUN: Bypas		200 00	200.00	***************************************						<u> </u>		***************************************		
CB-132 CB-201	Type II 54° CB Type II 48° CB	399.00 400.00	399.00 399.62	P-201	393.75	394.14	393.00	393.41	0.49	0.49	151.62	147.53	18"	ADS (N12)
CB-505	Type II 48 CB	400.00	401.20	P-202	394.50	394.75	393.75	394.15	0.50	11	149.93	•	18"	ADS (N12)
CB-203	Type II 48" CB	400.00	400.07	P-203	394.75	394.73	394.50	394.70	0.58 0.47	0.07	42.94	1	18"	ADS (N12)
CB-204	Type 1 CB	399.00	398.56	P-204 P-205	395.25 396.00	395.14 395.86	394.75 395.25	394.73 395.16	0.47	0.38 0.47	106.46 150.44	i i	18" 18"	ADS (N12) ADS (N12)
CB-205 Inlet_201	Type 1 CB	398.00 397.27	399.05 397.09	P-206	396.25	396.09	396.00	395.84	0.49	. 2	51.41	1	18*	ADS (N12)
. C. COT 2019	Trash rack	14/2/	1.397.09	1	1	t .	1	(		11		1		1

- Less then 0.5%



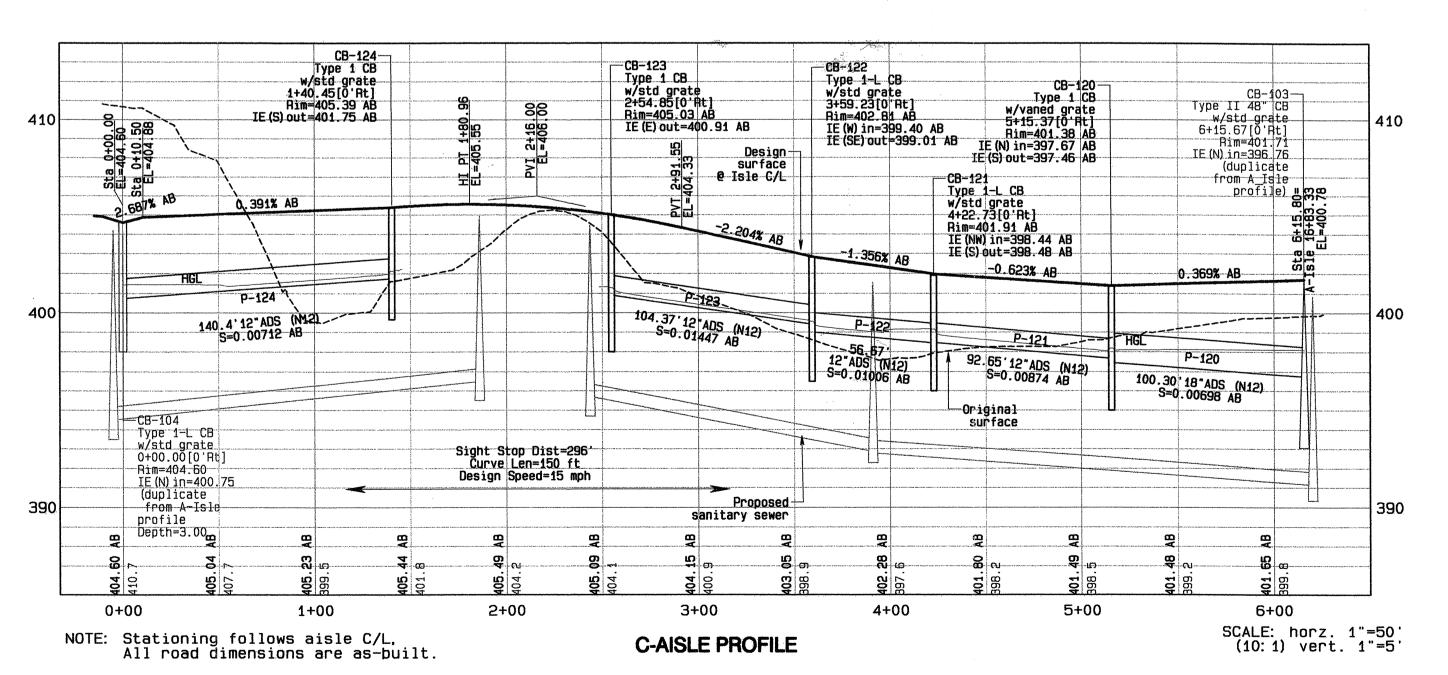
**ROAD SECTION - ACCESS ISLE C** Urban Parking Aisle Typical Section Sta 1+00 thru 13+00 Design speed 15 mph Scale 1"=5'



ROADWAY KEY
Scale 1"=200'

LEG	END
WETLAND	EXISTING BUILDING
WETLAND, BUFFER	EXISTING PAVED AREA
LANDSCAPED/OPEN AREAS	PROPOSED PAVED AREA
EXISTING CONTOUR	SIDEWALK/CONCRETE AREA
DESIGN CONTOUR	STORM CATCH BASINS
	O-SD PROPOSED STORM DRAIN
ROAD R/W	• 6" • YARD DRAIN W/ PIPE
LOT BOUNDARY	O-SS-SS-SANITARY SEWER LINE
PROPOSED MONUMENT	SEWER SIDE SERVICE
S	PROPOSED WATER LINE

	BASIN TABLE
BASIN OR LID TYPE	REFERENCE
Type I CB	5 - 060
Type I-L CB	5 - 070
Type I-P CB	5 - 080
Type II MH	5 - 090
Std grate	5 - 180
Solid lid	5 - 190
Vaned grate	5 - 200
Thru curb grate	5 - 210
Rolled, std grate	5 - 220AGE
Rolled, vaned grate	5 - 225



AS-BUILT 11-MAY-2005

DIAL DIG 800-424-5555

We as	hereby declare that all improvem shown on these as built plans as		SNC
	by: Nama Garhall	(Project Engineer)	APF OF
	by:	(Project Surveyor)	BY:
	by:	(Project Developer)	R/W

SNOHOMISH COUNTY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION (OR GRADING IN THE CASE OF GRADING PERMITS).

SHEET C8 of C14 03-108845

Meadows
4 0F NE-1/4 SEC 32, T28N, R5

The

Pacific Ridge Homes
11627 Airport Boad Everett WA 98204

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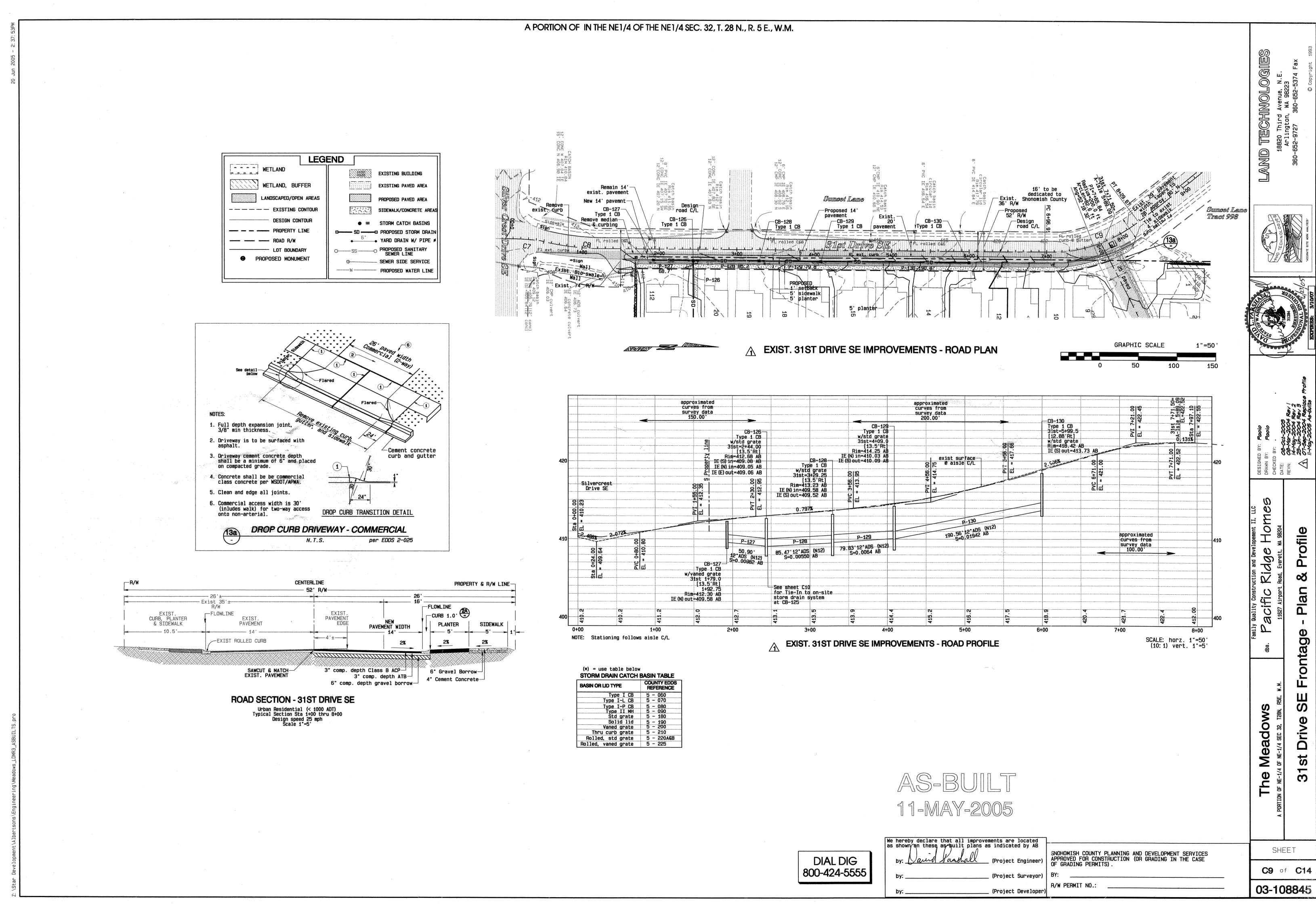
Plan

Access Isle

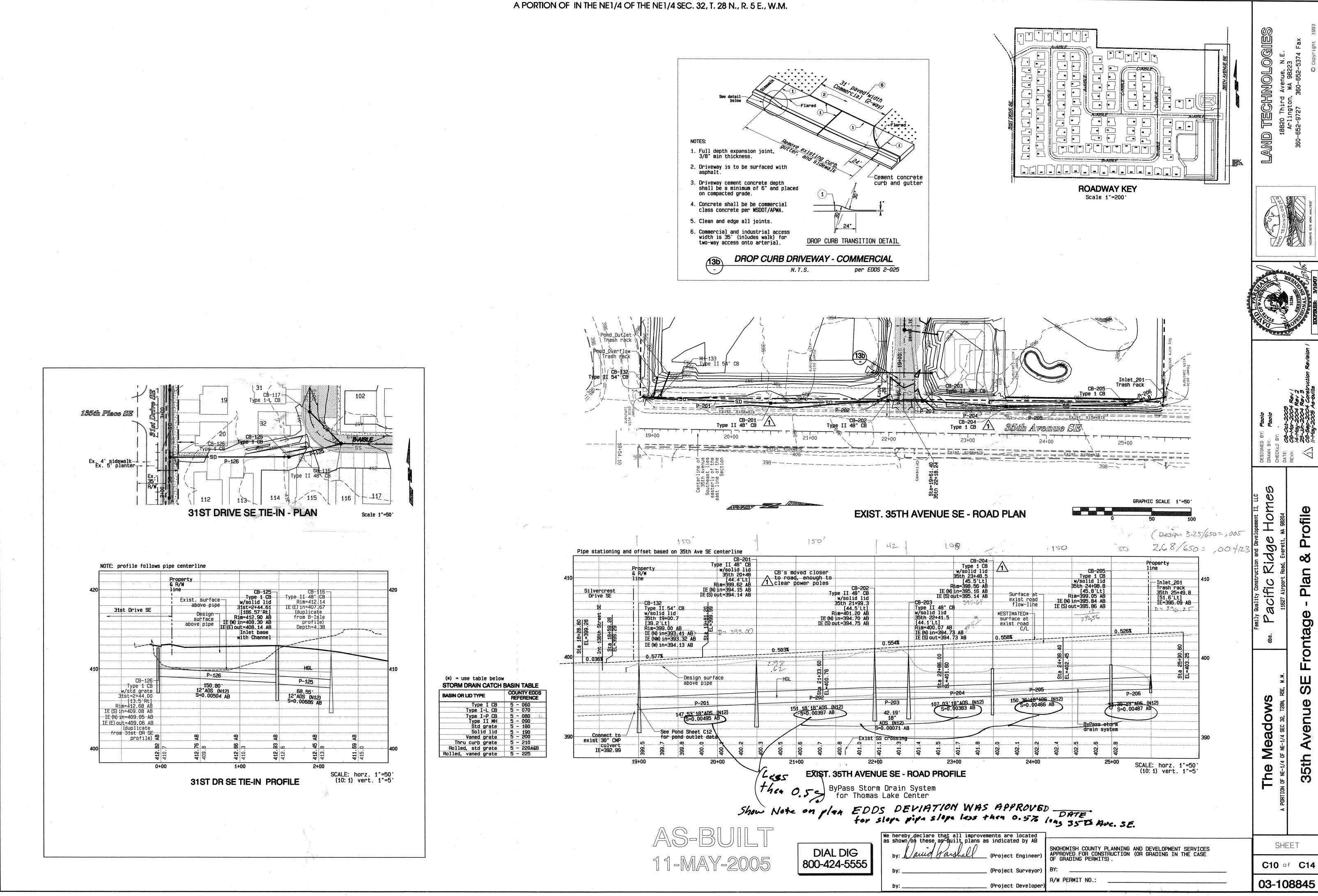
THE MEADOWS

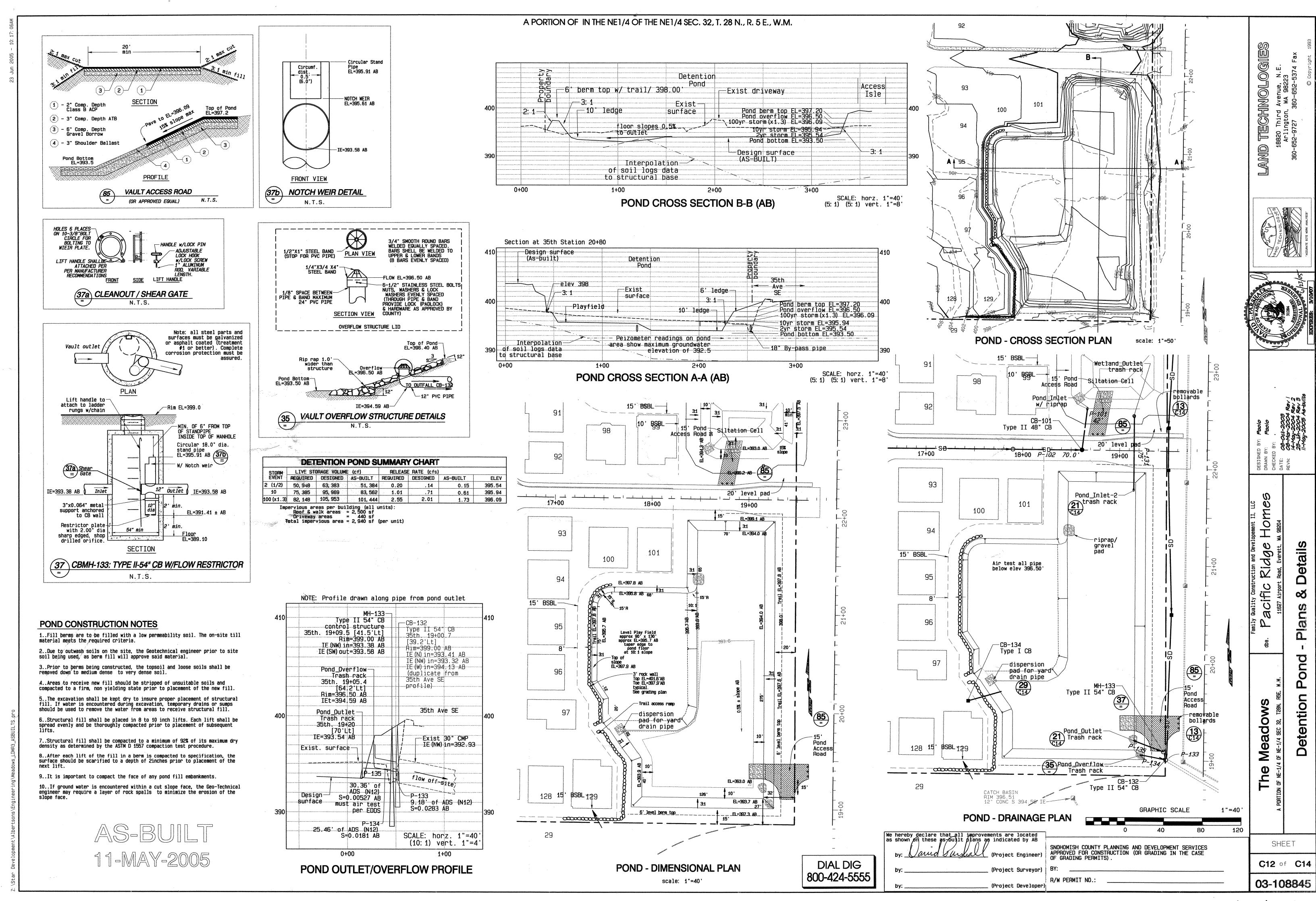
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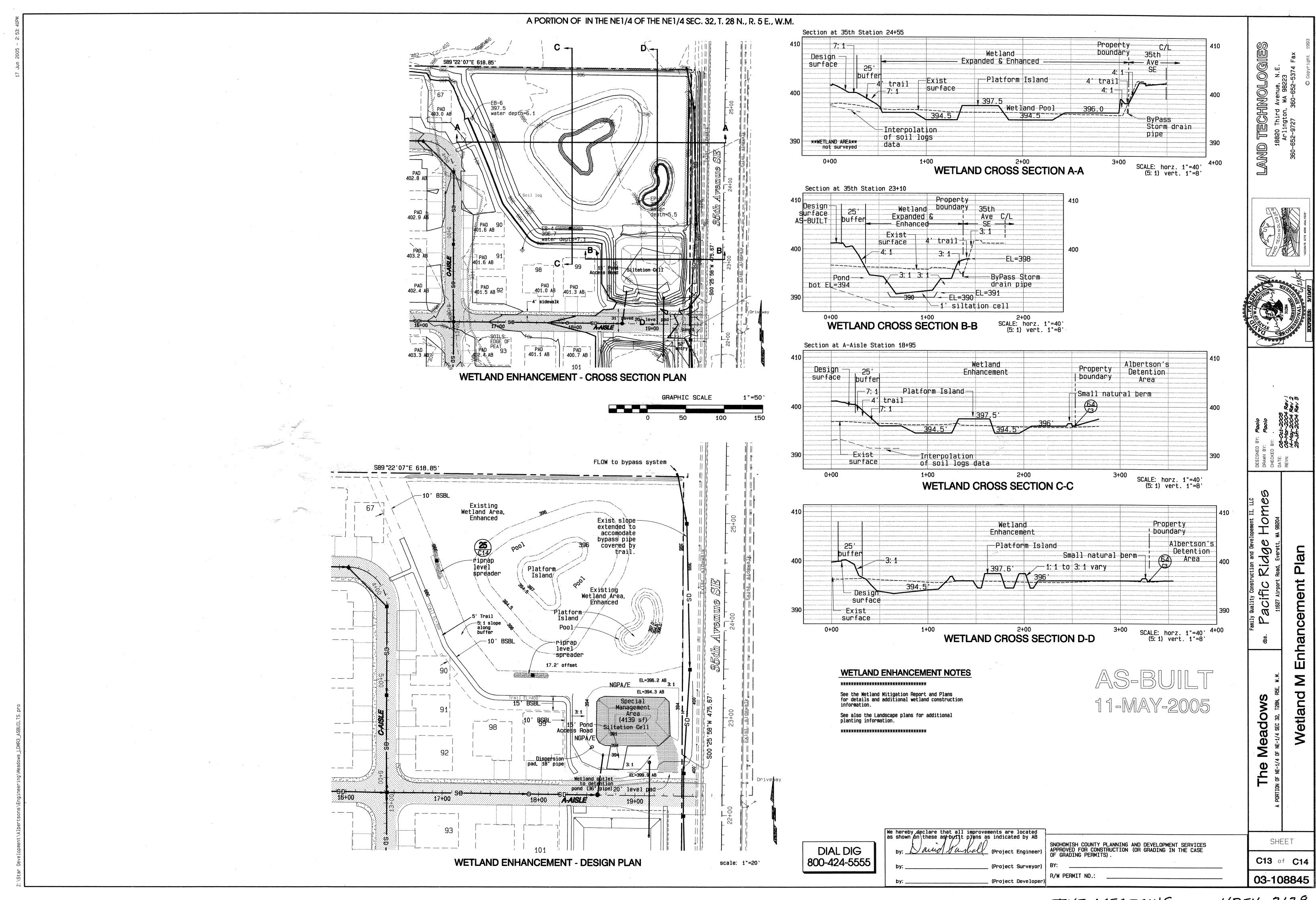
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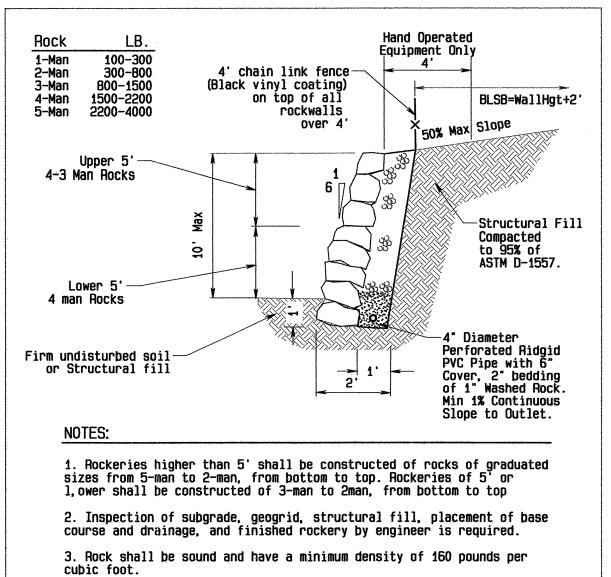
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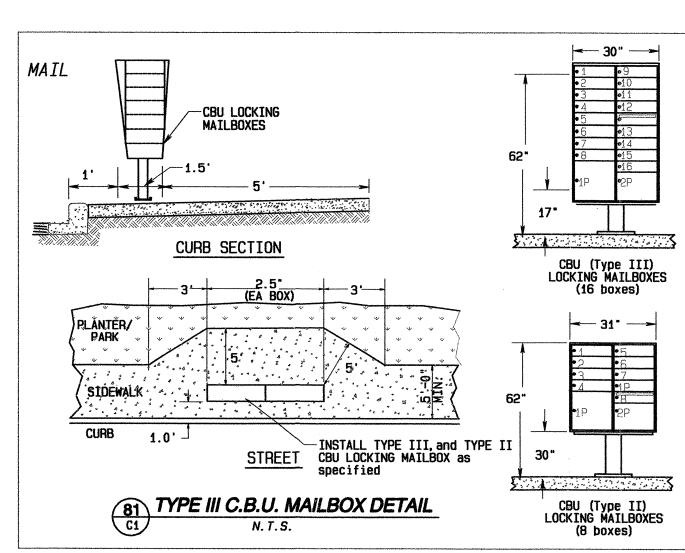
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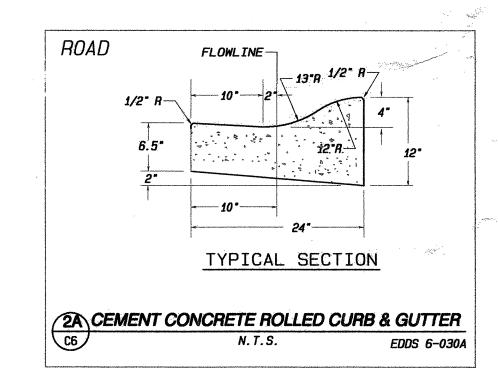


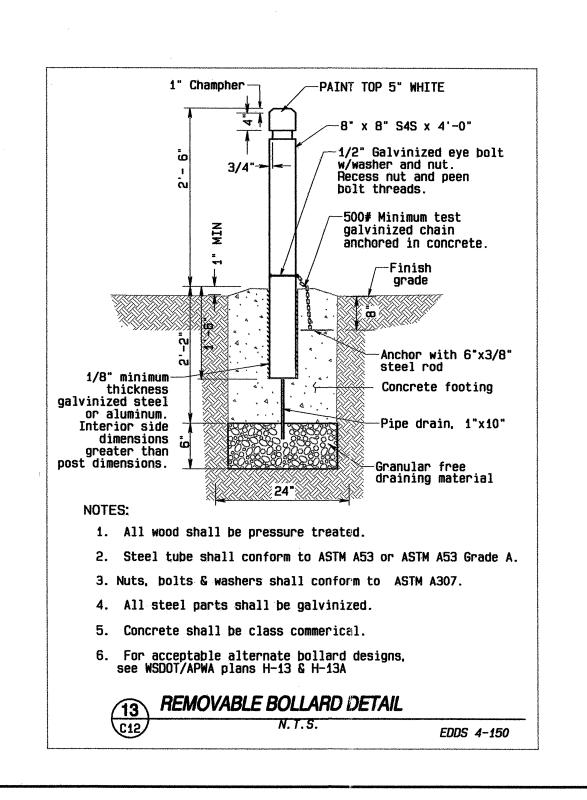
4. The long dimension of all rocks shall be placed perpendicular to the wall. Each rock should bear on two rocks in the tier below.

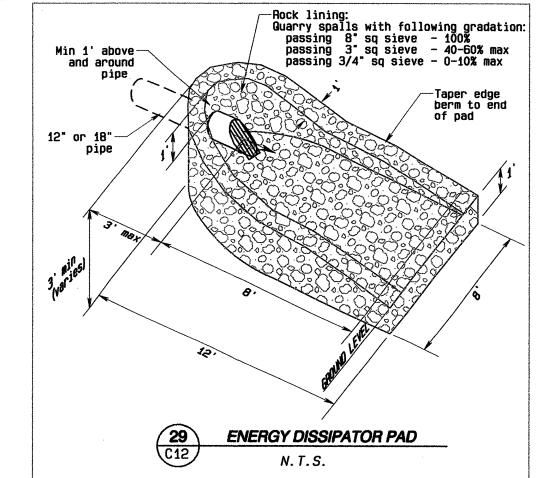
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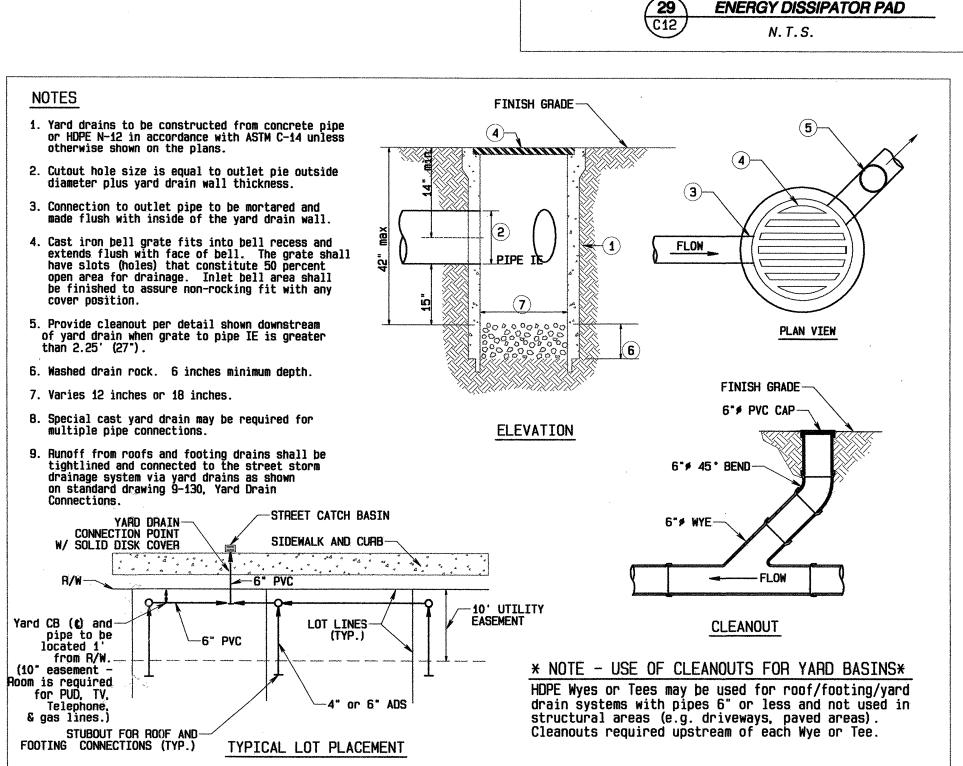
ROCK WALL DETAIL



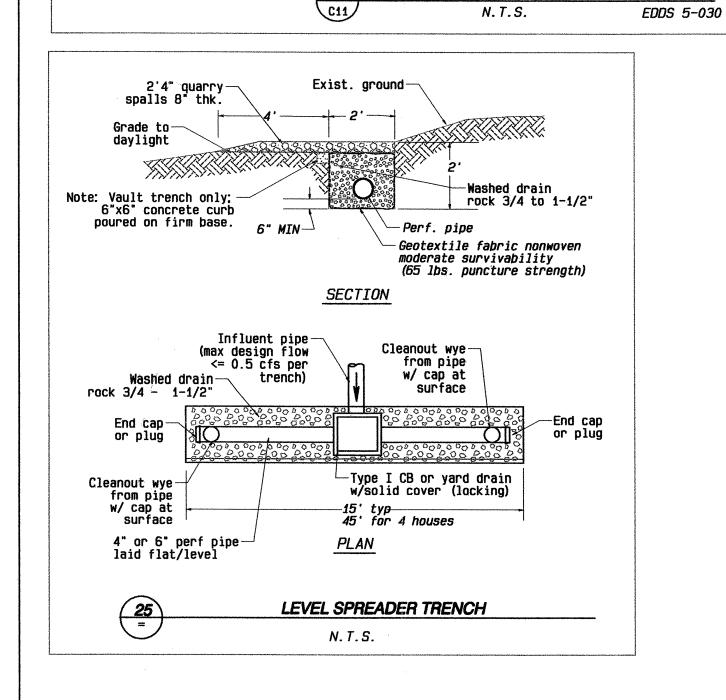




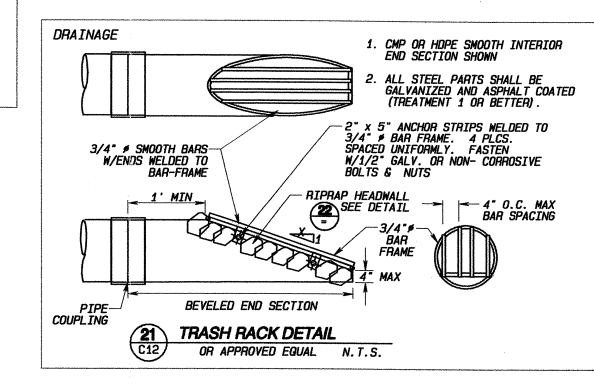


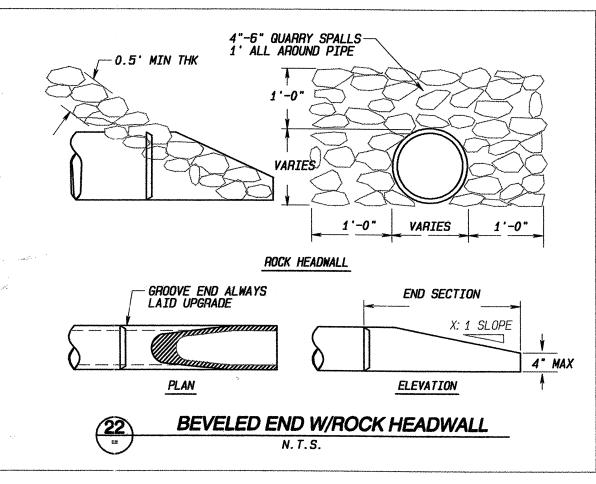


28 ROOF AND YARD DRAIN ASSY & CONNECTIONS









AS-BUILT 11-MAY-2005

DIAL DIG 800-424-5555 SNOHOMISH COUNTY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION (OR GRADING IN THE CASE OF GRADING PERMITS).

BY:

R/W PERMIT NO.:

03-108845

SHEET

C14 of C14

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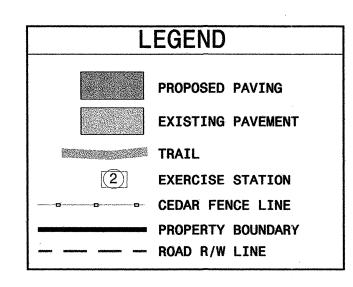
Ridge

Pacific

Meadows

Construction

TECHINOL



#### HYDROSEED MIXTURE A:

For lawn areas, parks, athletic fields, planting strips, and right-of-way areas shall be a premium lawn mix at a ratio, by weight, of: 70% perennial ryegrass 30% red and chewings fescue Apply at 350 lb./acre Apply 10-20-20 fertilizer at 435 lb./acre Apply wood fiber mulch at 2000 lb./acre Apply sulfur-coated area at 150 lb./acre Apply tackifier at 40 lb./acre

#### SEED MIXTURE:

Seeding alone is acceptable only on flat areas and limited to
March 31st to May 15th and August 15th to October
1st. Jute matting may be required on steep slopes.
Seed shall conform to the standards for "certified" grade seed or better, as outlined by the State of WA. Department of Agriculture's "rules for seed certification" latest edition. Seed shall be furnished in unopened containers with seed mixture content and inert material plainly marked on the outside of containers. Furnish duplicate copies of a statement signed by the vendor certifying that a certified seed-testing lab has tested each lot of seed within 6 months of delivery to the project site

### TOPSOIL

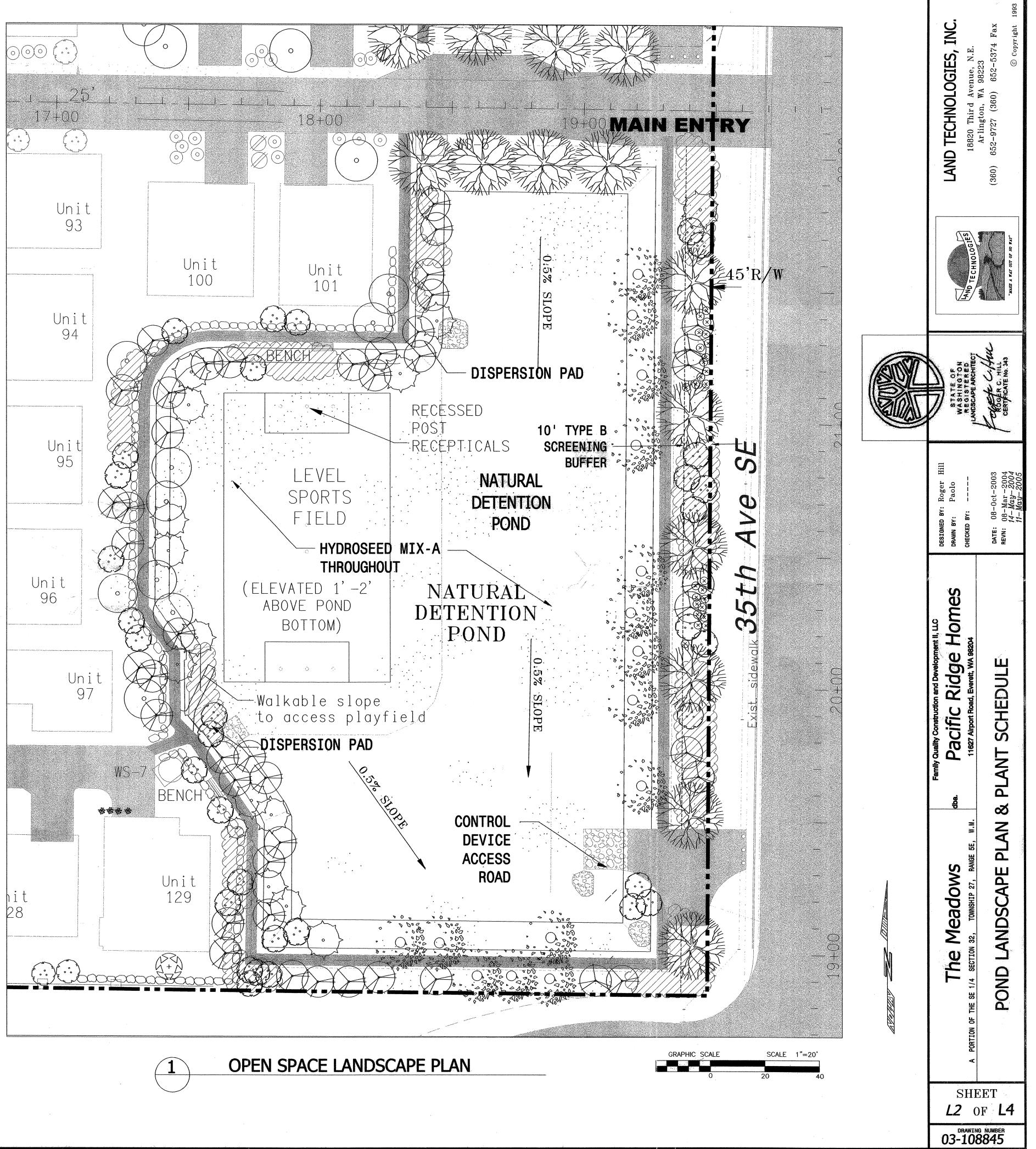
Three way planting soil mix consisting of 50% sandy loam, 30% manure compost, and 20% alder compost.

### MULCH:

Medium ground douglas fir or hemlock bark mulch, uniform in color, free from weed seed, sawdust, and splinters. Mulch shall not contain salts, resin, or compounds detrimental to plant growth. Source shall be from freshwater mill.

# POND / RECREATIONAL AREA PLANTINGS

ВС	OTANICAL NAME	CON	MON NAME	QTY	NOTES
TREES					
$\odot$	Acer circinatum		Vine maple	34	8' ht. B&B. Well branched
•	Acer rubrum 'Bowhall'		Bowhall maple	10	8' ht. B&B. Well branched
	Liquidambar styraciflua 'Worple	sdon'	Worplesdon Sweetgum	15	2" cal. B&B. Well branched
· O STORY	Betula jacquemontii		Jacquemontii Birch	15	2" cal. B&B. Well branched
	Pseudotsuga menziesii		Douglas Fir	45	8' ht. B&B. Well branched
	Thuja plicata		Western Red Cedar	22	8' ht. B&B. Well branched
SHRUBS					
	Gaultheria shallon		Salal	As req'd	1 gal, 30" oc. Tri-spacing
GROUNDCOVE	ERS				
	HYDROSEED MIX-A		Play areas	See specs	All other disturbed areas
	HYDROSEED MIX-B		Wetland buffers	See specs	Areas subject to periodic flooding
* * * *	HYDROSEED MIX-C		Wetland areas	See specs	Siltation cell and submerged areas



--- ROAD R/W LINE

#### MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION

#### MONITORING/PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

The site will be monitored for three years to verify that there is an 80% survival rate of the plantings. 8 permanent plot will be established, each 20 feet by 20 feet, in the planting area. The plots will be randomly located an still be representative of the plant community. Plants in each of these areas will be documented and counted to verify 80% survival rate and not to contain more than 10 % coverage by non-native species after 3rd year.

#### PHOTO STATIONS

Permanent photo stations will be established, one in each of the sample plots. Photos will be taken in each sample plot and the site conditions documented. These photos will be used to evaluate the community response over time.

#### **MITIGATION TIMING**

Mitigation will occur between November and March of the first planting season once construction has started.

#### PLANT SELECTION

The selected planting species are native to Western Washington and should require minimal maintenance. 49,040 sq. ft. of wetlands and additional buffer will be enhanced and/or restored. The entire area will be planted with 912 trees and

#### STANDARD PROJECT REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Sediment control measures will be instituted prior to construction and site
- 2. Native species will be used for all new plantings unless otherwise approved.
- 3. An as-built report will be prepared after the planting has been completed to verify that is has been done according to plans.
- 4. A monitoring report will be provided to Snohomish County Planning Department on a yearly basis.
- 5. Performance/maintenance assurance devices will be provided per the requirements of Snohomish County.

#### **MATERIALS**

- 1. Plants shall be free of disease, insects, insect eggs, larvae, weeds, weed seed, and other pests.
- 2. Plants shall be first quality with normal roots, trunks, limbs, stems and shape, and labeled with genus, species and variety. The owners' representative has the right to reject non-conforming plants.
- 3. The transplanted materials will be maintained and monitored.
- 4. Suitable substitutions may be made due to avalability, price, and condition of the plants only with county approval.
- 5. Preserve/save existing native vegetation.

### PLANTING AND SEEDING

- 1. All plants will be pruned to remove dead and diseased branches prior to
- 2. The choice of plants have been selected to provide a combination of benefits to the wildlife habitat and benefits to the urban landscape environment.
- 3. The plantings are to be installed between November and March.
- 4. Plants are to be placed in a natural orientation per the planting plan after major site work has been completed.
- 5. When all work has been completed the owner's representative will inspect the work and grant acceptance. The plant warranty will become effective at this time for a period of one year. The contractor will be responsible for maintaining the area by weeding, watering, and replacing unhealthy plants.

# BONDING

The performance bond will cover the installation of the plantings and monitoring. The provisions of the bond will be per county regulations. The bond will be 120% of the cost of plant materials, construction, and monitoring.

### LIMITATIONS OF THE PLAN

B and A, Inc. accepts liability only to the extent of the amount received for preparing this report and only on the scope of work described in this proposal. To accept liability for the success of this project, B and A, Inc. must be involved during construction to inspect and verify adherence to this plan. If discrepancies between actual, shown, or proposed conditions occur, it is the responsibility of the owner or contractor to notify B and A, Inc. before proceeding.

### MONITORING COSTS ESTIMATION:

TOTAL MONITORING COSTS -	\$2,400.00	
Final: Site visit w/ County	\$600.00	
Year 3: Site inspection & documention	\$300.00	
Year 2: Site inspection & documention	\$300.00	
Year 1: Site inspection & documention	\$300.00	
Start: Planting supervision	\$900.00	

### CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATES:

**ESTIMATED TOTAL COSTS:** 

Constructio/Excavation of wetland/buffer	area \$7,000.00
Hydro-seeding of wetland submerged areas	\$2,500.00
Hydro-seeding of weltand floor areas	\$5,000.00
Plants	\$6,060.00
Installation	\$6,500.00
Maintenance	\$5,000.00
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$31,684.00

\$32,060.00

#### **HYDROSEED MIXTURE A:**

	For lawn areas, parks, athletic fields, planting strips,
)	and right-of-way areas shall be a premium lawn mix at a
	ratio, by weight, of: 70% perennial ryegrass
	30% red and chewings fescue
)	Apply at 350 lb./acre

#### Apply 10-20-20 fertilizer at 435 lb./acre Apply wood fiber mulch at 2000 lb./acre Apply sulfur-coated area at 150 lb./acre Apply tackifier at 40 lb./acre min.

#### **HYDROSEED MIX B**

Wetland Buffer Area Buffer area species indigenous to the pacific NW Adapted to areas of periodical flooding and drier sites

species Filter runoff and provide erosion control

40% Blue Wildrye 20% Tufled Hairgrass 20% Northwest Mannagrass

10% American Sloughgrass Coverage 1.0 to 2.0 lbs./1000 sq. ft.

#### HYDROSEED MIX C

10% Meadow Barley

Wetland mix Group of wetland species native to the pacific Adapted to permanent or semi-permanent flooding

Provide food and shelter for a variety of animal species

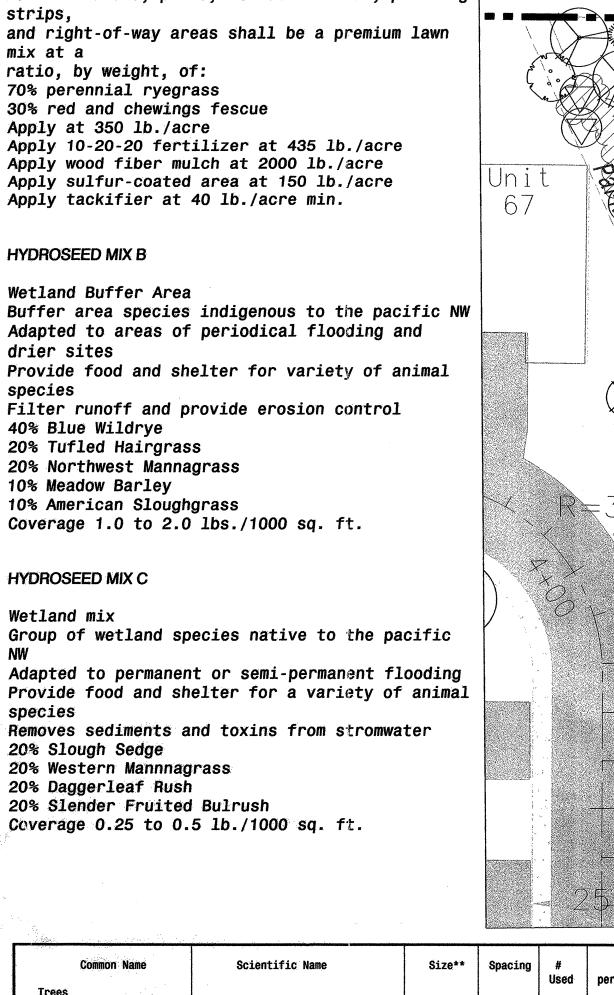
Removes sediments and toxins from stromwater 20% Slough Sedge 20% Western Mannnagrass

20% Daggerleaf Rush 20% Slender Fruited Bulrush

**GROUNDCOVERS** 

HYDROSEED MIX-A Play areas

Coverage 0.25 to 0.5 lb./1000 sq. ft.



Common Name	Scientific Name	Size**	Spacing	# Used	Cost per plant	Extended Total
Black cottonwood (BC)	Populus trichocarpa	1 gal	10'	28	2.75	\$77.00
Douglas fir (DF)	Pseudotsuga menziesii	8'	B&B	27	15	\$405.00
Douglas fir (DF)	Pseudotsuga menziesii	4'	10'	57	12	\$684.00
Western red cedar (RC)	Thuja plicata	2-4'	10'	16	10	\$160.00
Quaking aspen (QA)	Populus tremuloides	whips	10'	42	10	\$420.00
Sitka Spruce (SI)	Picea stichensis	1 gal	10'	17	2.75	\$46.75
Redtwig dogwood (RD)	Cornus stolonifera	whips	6'	147	2	\$294.00
Vine maple (VM)	Acer circinatum	4'	6'	28	8	\$224.00
Pacific Willow	Salix lasiandra	whips	6'	76	1	\$76.00
		TOTAL	TREES	438		\$2,386.75
rubs		<u></u>				
Hazelnut (HN)	Corylus cornuta	1 gal	6'	17	.3	\$51.00
Indian plum (IP)	Oemlaria cerasiformis	1 gal	6'	13	3	\$39.00
lootka Rose (NR)	Rosa nutkana	1 gal	6,	54	2.75	\$148.50
Ocean spray (OS)	Holodiscus discolor	1 gal	6'	30	2.75	\$82.50
Red elderberry (RE)	Sambucus racemosa	1 gal	6'	9	2.75	\$24.75
Salmon berry (SB)	Rubus spectatiblis	1 gal	6'	60	2.75	\$165.00
Service berry (SE)	Amelanchier alnifolia	1 gal	6'	19	2.75	\$52.25
Buffalo berry	Shepherdia canadensis	2 gal	3' to 5'	36	2.75	\$99.00
Red-osier dogwood	Cornaceae cornus sericea	1 gal	36° oc.	83	3	\$249.00
Tall Oregon grape	Mahonia aquifolium	1 gal	36" oc.	114	3	\$342.00
Evergreen huckleberry	Vaccinium ovatum	1 gal	30° oc.	39	3.	\$117.00
		TOTAL	SHRUBS	474		\$2,387.75
Medium Mulch		269 yd		269 yds	7	\$1,883.00
Log/Stump		6'x2'	3' dia	30	15	\$450.00
			L	TOTAL	=	\$6,089.75

See specs All other disturbed areas

Wetland buffers | See specs | Areas subject to periodic flooding

\*\*\* \*\*\* HYDROSEED MIX-C Wetland areas | See specs Siltation cell and submerged areas

	WS-4	spreader — www.	STUMP	TYPE B REENING BUFFER	LAND TECHNO
	50'	STUME 5:1 slope	HYDROSEED N THROUGHOU WETLAND FLO	TUMPE # 15 TO	STATE OF WASHINGTON REGISTERED LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT ROGER C. HILL CERTFICATE NO. 343
		along buffer BBQ	HYDROSEED  MIX C  IN POOL AREAS  AREA		DESIGNED BY: Roger Hill DRAWN BY: Paolo CHECKED BY: DATE: 08-0ct-2003 REVN: 08-Mar-2004
# Used per Used per Used per P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	Cost Extended Total  2.75 \$77.00  15 \$405.00  12 \$684.00  10 \$160.00  10 \$420.00  2.75 \$46.75  2 \$294.00  8 \$224.00  1 \$76.00	91 <i>na</i>	STUME STUME STUME STUME SPECIAL MANAGEMENT	35th Ave SE	Illy Quality Construction and Development II, LLC  Pacific Ridge Homes  11627 Airport Road, Everett, WA 98204  PLANT SCHEDULE
17 13 54 30 9 60 19 55' 36 0c. 83 0c. 114 0c. 39 38 474 269 yds 30 TOTAL =	\$2,386.75  3 \$51.00 3 \$39.00  2.75 \$148.50  2.75 \$82.50  2.75 \$24.75  2.75 \$165.00  2.75 \$52.25  2.75 \$99.00 3 \$249.00 3 \$342.00 3 \$117.00  \$2,387.75  7 \$1,883.00 15 \$450.00	LEGEND  PROPOSED PAVING EXISTING PAVEMENT TRAIL	Unit 99  WETLAND LANDSCAPE PLAN	GRAPHIC SCALE SCALE 1"=20"	The Meadows PORTION OF THE SE 1/4 SECTION 32, TOWNSHIP 27, RANGE 5E, W.M.  WETLAND MITIGATION PLAN &
s c flooding	-	2 EXERCISE STATION  CEDAR FENCE LINE  PROPERTY BOUNDARY  ROAD R/W LINE		0 20 40	SHEET

*L3* of *L4* 

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TECHNOLOGIES,

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