CRESTVIEW II

CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS 2318 132ND ST SE, MILL CREEK, WA 98012

05/04/2020



OWNER/APPLICANT:

ROBERT FITZMAURICE CRESTVIEW II, LLC. 15 LAKE BELLEVUE DRIVE #102 BELLEVUE, WA. 98005 (425) 869-1300

PROJECT ENGINEER:

KEN MCINTYRE, PE PACE ENGINEERS, INC. 1724 WEST MARINE VIEW DRIVE, SUITE 140 EVERETT, WA 98201 (425) 486-6533

SURVEYOR:

TRAVIS BRADLEY, PLS AXIS SURVEYING & MAPPING 15241 NE 90TH ST. REDMOND, WA 98052 (425) 823-5700

PROJECT AREA= 3.2± ACRES ZONE CLASSIFICATION= MDR

TAX LOT NO. = 28053200201000, 28053200202300, 28053200200800

ADDRESS:

2318 132ND ST SE, MILL CREEK, WA 98012

HORIZONTAL DATUM:

WASHINGTON COORDINATE SYSTEM NAD83/91, NORTH ZONE BASED ON GPS RTK TIES TO: SNOHOMISH CONTROL POINTS: MP11 (DB ID 22386) N 323340.197, E 1303376.091 (HELD FOR POSITION) 2805V07 (DB ID 22578) N 323239.283, E 1306000.302

DISTANCES ARE GROUND US SURVEY FEET WITH AN APPLIED COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 0.99993187503

VERTICAL DATUM:

ORIGINATING BENCHMARK:

SNOHOMISH COUNTY MONUMENT ID. 22562, AS PUBLISHED IN WGS SURVEY DATA WAREHOUSE.

VERTICAL DATUM: NAVD '88

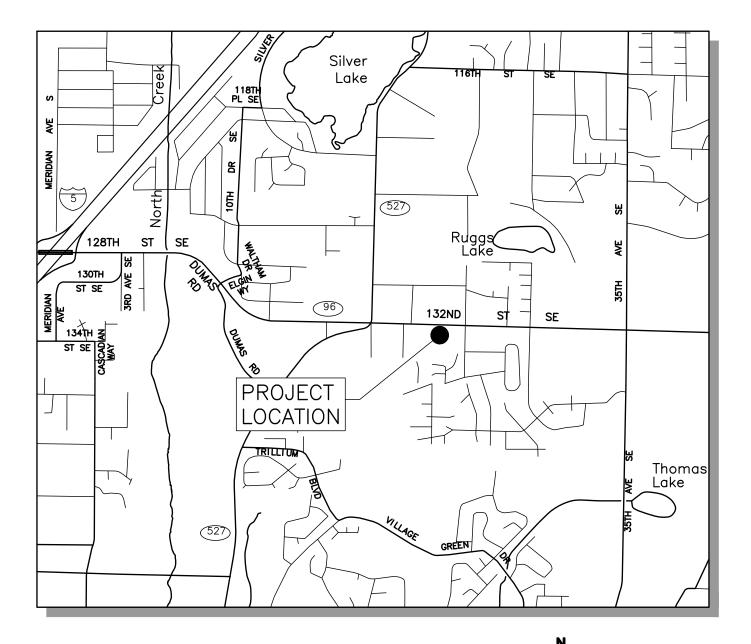
ELEVATION: 483.23'

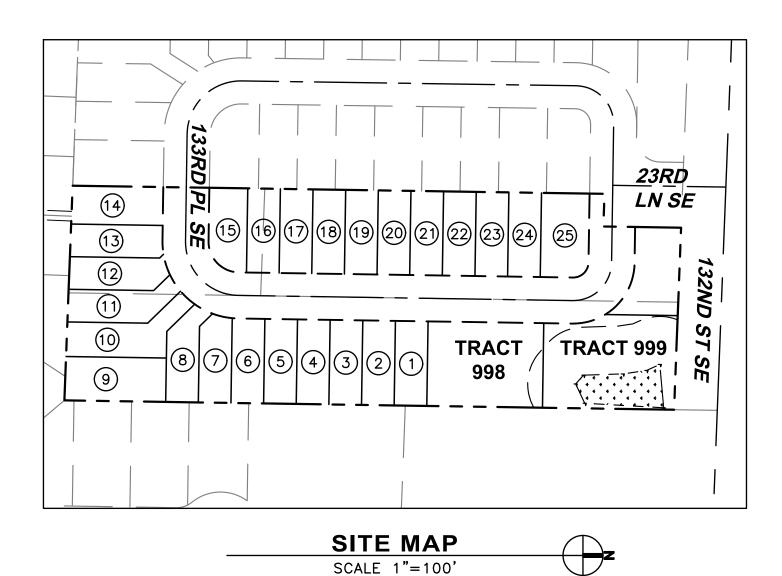
◆ TBM 'E': SET CHISELED SQUARE AT INTERIOR CORNER OF CONCRETE WALKWAY AT THE EASTERLY EDGE DRIVEWAY FOR 2316 & 2318 132ND ST SE

ELEV: 487.23'

♦ TBM 'F': SET CHISELED SQUARE AT THE TOP OF CURB AT THE EASTERLY EDGE DRIVEWAY FOR ADDRESS 2308 133RD PL SE.

ELEV: 490.04





VICINITY MAP

SCALE 1"=2000'

Sheet List Table

SHEET NUMBER	SHEET TITLE
C1.0	TITLE SHEET
C2.0	EXISTING CONDITIONS
C3.0	TESC PLAN
C3.1	TESC DETAILS & NOTES
C4.0	SITE PLAN
C4.1	SITE DETAILS
C5.0	GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN
C5.1	ROAD & DRAINAGE PROFILES & NOTES
C5.2	DRAINAGE DETAILS
C5.3	DETENTION PLAN

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

TPN 280532-002-010-00

BEGINNING AT THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF SECTION 32, TOWNSHIP 28 NORTH, RANGE 5 EAST, W.M., IN SNOHOMISH COUNTY, WASHINGTON;

THENCE SOUTH 30.00 FEET;

THENCE SOUTHERLY 89°30'30" EAST 1415.48 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING;

THENCE CONTINUE SOUTH 89°30'30" EAST 111.66 FEET;

THENCE SOUTH 00°49'50" EAST 450 FEET;

THENCE NORTH 00°49'50" WEST 450 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING;

PURPOSES BY DEED RECORDED UNDER AUDITOR'S FILE NO. 8407050189; AND ALSO EXCEPT THE NORTH 96 FEET OF THE WEST 34 FEET THEREOF AS DEDICATED FOR RIGHT OF WAY FACILITIES BY INSTRUMENT RECORDED UNDER AUDITORS FILE NO. 201602240432,

RECORDS OF SNOHOMISH COUNTY, WASHINGTON. SITUATE IN THE COUNTY OF SNOHOMISH, STATE OF WASHINGTON.

TPN 280532-002-023-00

THAT PORTION OF THE NORTHEAST QUARTER OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 32, TOWNSHIP 28 NORTH, RANGE 5 EAST OF THE WILLAMETTE MERIDIAN, DESCRIBED AS

BEGINNING AT THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SAID SECTION

THENCE SOUTH 30 FEET:

THENCE SOUTH 89°30'30" EAST 1415.48 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING;

THENCE CONTINUE SOUTH 89°30'30" EAST 111.66 FEET;

THENCE SOUTH 0°49'50" EAST 650 FEET; THENCE NORTH 89°30'30" WEST 111.66 FEET;

THENCE NORTH 0°49'50" WEST 650 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING:

LESS THE NORTH 450 THEREOF:

TOGETHER WITH A NON-EXCLUSIVE EASEMENT OVER THE WEST 20 FEET OF THE NORTH 450 FEET ABOVE THE ABOVE DESCRIBED DESCRIPTION.

SITUATE IN THE COUNTY OF SNOHOMISH, STATE OF WASHINGTON.

TPN 280532-002-008-00

A PORTION OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 32, TOWNSHIP 28 NORTH, RANGE 5 EAST, W.M., LYING NORTHERLY OF BLOCK 2, THE PLAT OF HEATHERWOOD GARDEN TRACTS #3 AS PER PLAT RECORDED IN VOLUME 10 OF PLATS, PAGE 23A, RECORDS OF SNOHOMISH COUNTY, WASHINGTON AND MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: BEGINNING AT A POINT ON THE WEST LINE OF SAID SECTION 32, 30.00 FEET SOUTH OF THE NORTHWEST CORNER THEREOF;

THENCE SOUTH 89'30'30" EAST ALONG THE SOUTH MARGIN OF THE COUNTY ROAD FOR

1527.14 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING:

THENCE CONTINUE SOUTH 89°30'30" EAST FOR 111.67 FEET; THENCE SOUTH 00°49'50" EAST FOR 650.00 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY LINE OF SAID BLOCK 2, HEATHERWOOD GARDEN TRACTS #3;

THENCE NORTH 89°30'30" WEST ALONG SAID NORTH LINE OF SAID BLOCK 2 FOR 111.67

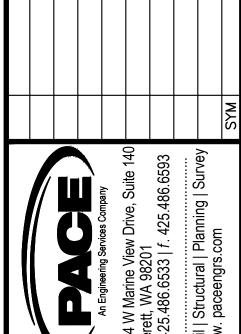
THENCE NORTH 00°49'50" WEST FOR 650.00 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; EXCEPT THE NORTH 15 FEET THEREOF CONVEYED TO SNOHOMISH COUNTY FOR ROAD PURPOSES BY DEED RECORDED UNDER AUDITOR'S FILE NO. 8401110248 RECORDS OF

SITUATE IN THE COUNTY OF SNOHOMSIH, STATE OF WASHINGTON.

GRADING QUANTITIES

CUT: 800 CY 8,350 CY NET: 7,550 CY (FILL)







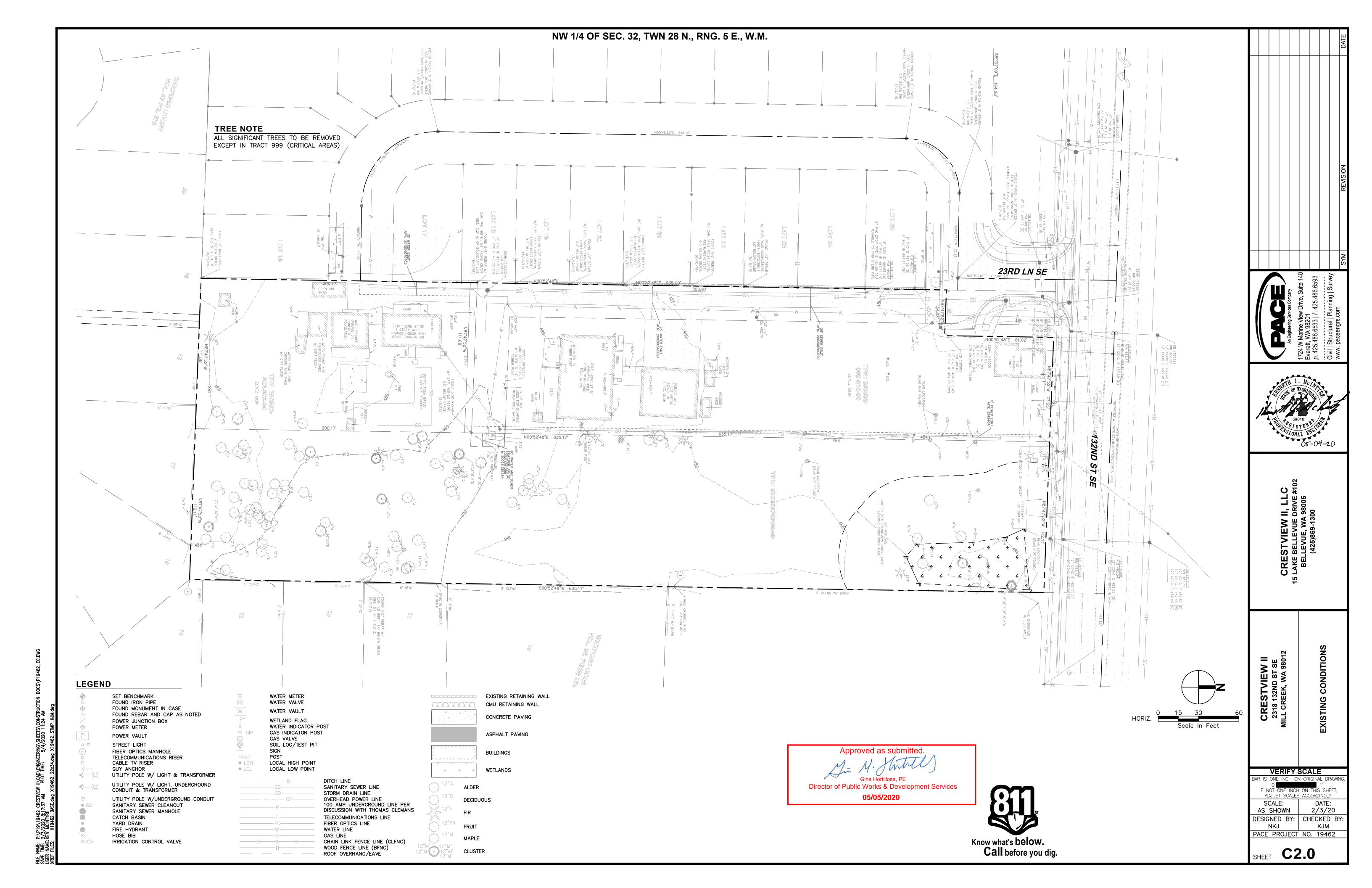
=, DR 00 CRESTVIEW |
5 LAKE BELLEVUE |
BELLEVUE, WA
(425)869-130

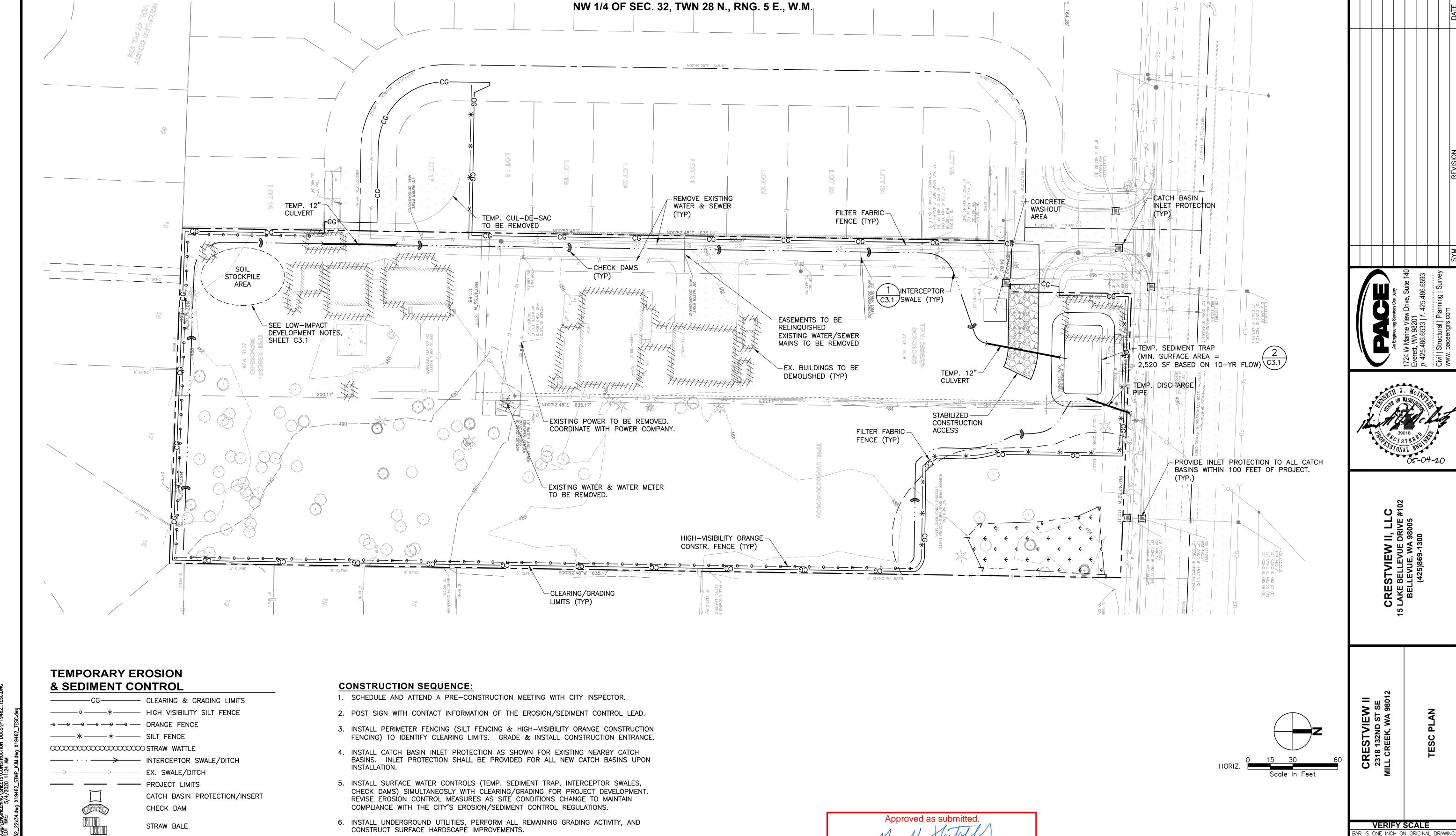
CRESTVIEW | 2318 132ND ST SE

VERIFY SCALE BAR IS ONE INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWIN ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY. 2/3/20 AS SHOWN DESIGNED BY: CHECKED BY:

SHEET C1.0

PACE PROJECT NO. 19462





Director of Public Works & Development Services

Know what's **below. Call** before you dig.

05/05/2020

ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY.

DESIGNED BY: CHECKED BY:

PACE PROJECT NO. 19462

SHEET C3.0

AS SHOWN

2/3/20

7. COVER ALL AREAS THAT WILL BE UNWORKED FOR MORE THAN SEVEN-DAYS (TWO-DAYS

AS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE PROJECT EROSION/SEDIMENT CONTROL LEAD.

9. UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION, REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT FROM STORM

DRAINAGE SYSTEM, STABILIZE ANY REMAINING EXPOSED AREAS, AND REMOVE ALL

8. STABILIZE ALL AREAS THAT REACH FINAL GRADE OR ARE EXPECTED TO REMAIN

UNWORKED. THESE AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH SEED OR SOD.

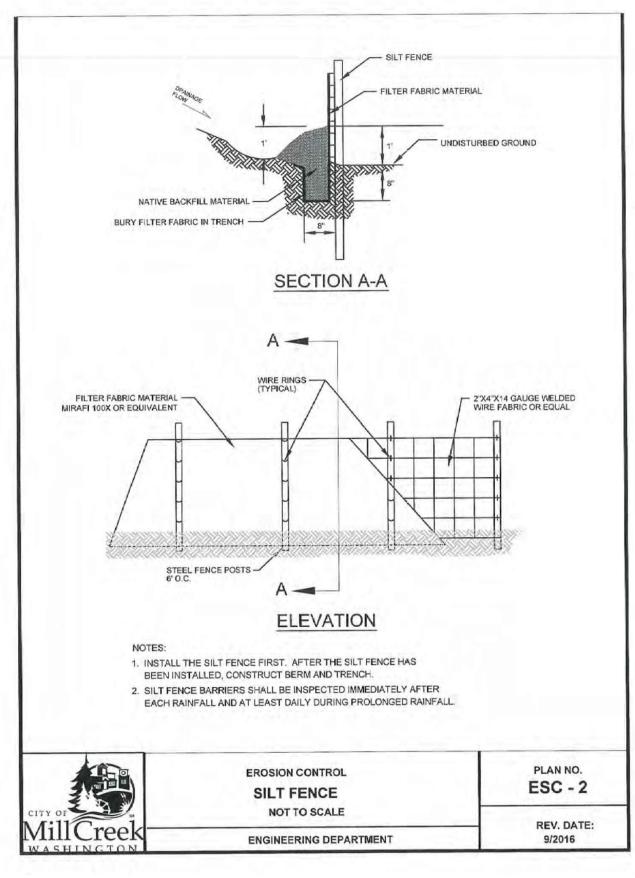
APPLICABLE BMPS.

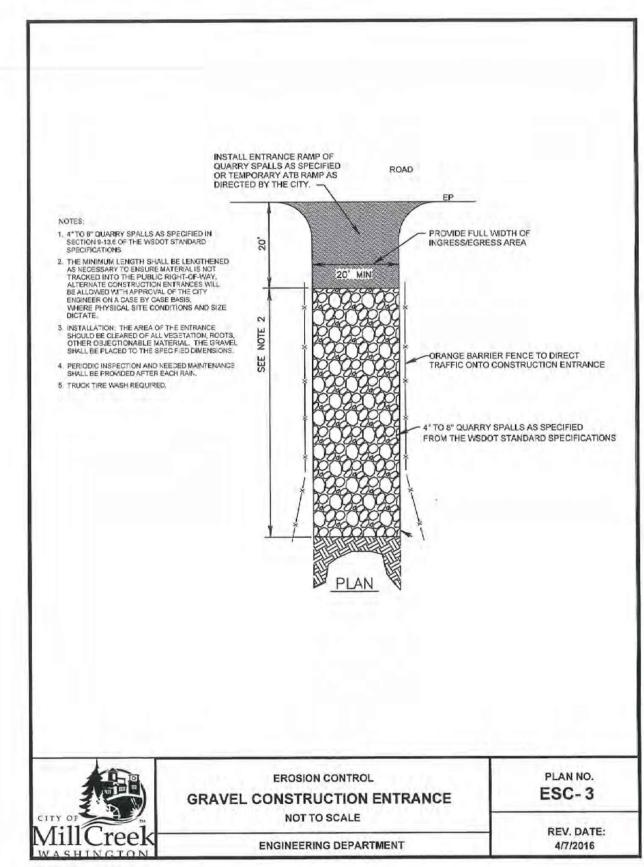
DURING THE WET SEASON) WITH STRAW, WOOD FIBER MULCH, PLASTIC SHEETING, OR

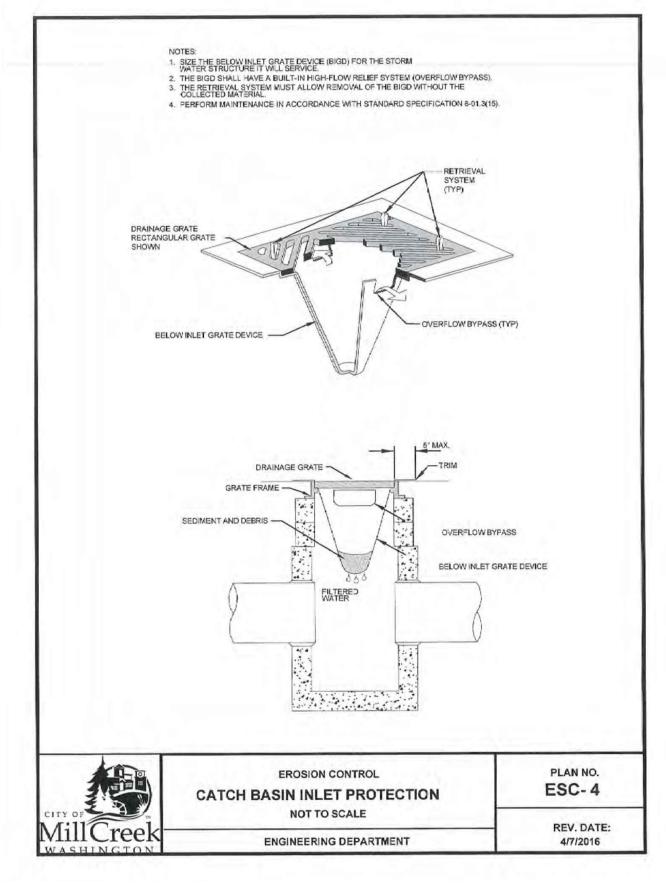
AME: P:\P19\19462 CRESTVIEW II\CAD\ENGINEERING\SHEETS\CONSTRUCTION DOCS\P19462_TESC.DWG IIME: 4/1/2020 3:32:29 PM PLOT TIME: 5/4/2020 11:24 AM NAME: KEN' MCINTYRE

RIP RAP PAD

TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE









,**=** ,80 STVIEW BELLEVUE I LLEVUE, WA (425)869-130 CRES LAKE | BEL

VERIFY SCALE ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY. DATE:

2/3/20 AS SHOWN CHECKED BY DESIGNED BY: KJM PACE PROJECT NO. 19462

C3.1 SHEET

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL WORK AND MATERIALS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE WSDOT "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD, BRIDGE, AND MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION", CITY OF MILL CREEK STANDARD PLANS AND ANY DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL. IT SHALL BE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICANT AND THEIR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO CORRECT AND NOTE ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR VARIATIONS FROM THE REQUIREMENTS FOUND IN THESE PLANS.
- 2. A CITY RIGHT-OF-WAY (ROW) PERMIT IS REQUIRED FOR ANY WORK THAT WILL IMPACT THE PUBLIC ROW IN ACCORDANCE WITH MCMC CHAPTER 12.04.
- 3. PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY SITE CONSTRUCTION, THE APPLICANT, THEIR ENGINEER AND CONTRACTOR SHALL MEET WITH THE ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT FOR A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING.
- 4. A COPY OF THE APPROVED PLANS MUST BE ON THE SITE WHENEVER CONSTRUCTION IS IN PROGRESS.
- 5. PRIOR TO ANY TREE REMOVAL ON SITE. THE CLEARING LIMITS SHALL BE LOCATED AND PROTECTED AS REQUIRED ON THE APPROVED PLANS. BARRIER FENCING SHALL BE PLACED AROUND THE DRIPLINE OF THE TREES TO RETAINED AND CITY STAFF SHALL FIELD INSPECT THE TREES TO BE RETAINED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CLEARING AND GRADING ACTIVITIES.
- 6. IN ACCORDANCE WITH MCMC SECTION 15.10.075.B. WHERE TREES DESIGNATED TO BE RETAINED ARE DAMAGED, DESTROYED OR REMOVED DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS, A PENALTY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$1,000 MAY BE ASSESSED PER TREE, AND EACH TREE SHALL BE REPLACED AT A 3:1 RATIO.
- APPROPRIATE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMP'S) FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY GRADING OR LAND CLEARING IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP). THESE BMP'S MUST BE SATISFACTORILY MAINTAINED UNTIL CONSTRUCTION AND LANDSCAPING IS COMPLETED AND THE POTENTIAL FOR ON-SITE EROSION HAS PASSED.
- BETWEEN OCTOBER 1 AND APRIL 30, NO SOILS SHALL REMAIN EXPOSED AND UNWORKED FOR MORE THAN TWO DAYS. FROM MAY 1 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, NO SOILS SHALL REMAIN EXPOSED AND UNWORKED FOR MORE THAN SEVEN DAYS. ANY UNWORKED SOIL SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH AN APPROVED BMP UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.
- PUBLIC STREETS SHALL BE CLEANED ONCE PER DAY WITH A REGENERATIVE AIR VACUUM SWEEPER OR AS DIRECTED BY THE CITY. FLUSHING OF STREETS WITH WATER WILL NOT BE ALLOWED.
- 10. LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UTILITIES ARE APPROXIMATE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE UNDERGROUND UTILITY LOCATE CENTER AT 811 NO LESS THAN 48 HOURS PRIOR TO BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL OTHER NECESSARY PERMITS AND REQUIREMENTS BY THE CITY OF MILL CREEK OR OTHER GOVERNING AUTHORITY/AGENCY.

DEVELOPMENT INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

- ALL WORK WITHIN THE SITE SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE INSPECTION OF THE CITY ENGINEER OR DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:
- a) INSPECTIONS SHALL BE SCHEDULED ONLINE NO LESS THAN 24 HOURS IN ADVANCE.
- b) UNDERGROUND PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE SHALL NOT BE BACKFILLED WITHOUT A VISUAL INSPECTION BY THE CITY.
- c) ANY WORK COVERED WITHOUT PRIOR ACCEPTANCE MAY BE REQUIRED TO BE EXPOSED FOR CITY INSPECTION.
- d) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REQUEST A SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION INSPECTION ONCE SITE WORK HAS BEEN COMPLETED FOR ANY PUNCH LIST ITEMS.
- e) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REQUEST A PHYSICAL COMPLETION INSPECTION AFTER ALL RESTORATION AND REPAIR WORK HAS BEEN COMPLETED FOR FINAL CITY ACCEPTANCE.
- 2. COMPACTION TESTING IS REQUIRED FOR ALL BACKFILLING, GRADING, EMBANKMENT AND ASPHALT PAVING WORK WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- a) EARTHWORK SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% OF THE MAXIMUM DENSITY (MODIFIED PROCTOR) UNDER PAVED AREAS, AND A MINIMUM OF90% OF THE MAXIMUM DENSITY (MODIFIED PROCTOR) IN UNPAVED AREAS.
- b) ASPHALT PAVEMENT SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 91% OF THE MAXIMUM (RICE) DENSITY.
- c) THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING COMPACTION TESTING SERVICES. AND SHALL PROVIDE SATISFACTORY TEST REPORTS TO THE CITY PRIOR TO FINAL ACCEPTANCE.
- 3. MATERIAL SAMPLING AND TESTING IS REQUIRED FOR ALL CONCRETE WORK WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 6-02.3 OF THE WSDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. b) THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING MATERIAL TESTING SERVICES, AND

SHALL PROVIDE SATISFACTORY TEST REPORTS

TO THE CITY PRIOR TO FINAL ACCEPTANCE.

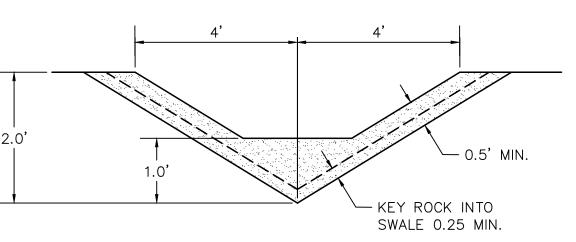
a) SAMPLING AND TESTING REQUIREMENTS SHALL

LOW-IMPACT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

- 1. ALL LANDSCAPED AREAS SHALL BE AMENDED WITH A MINIMUM OF FOUR INCHES OF COMPOST TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF SIX INCHES TO IMPROVE THE ON-SITE RETENTION OF STORMWATER.
- 2. DURING CLEARING AND GRADING THE DUFF LAYER AND NATIVE TOPSOIL SHALL BE RETAINED IN AN UNDISTURBED STATE TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PRACTICABLE. IN ANY AREAS REQUIRING GRADING, REMOVE AND STOCKPILE THE DUFF LAYER AND NATIVE TOPSOIL ON-SITE IN A DESIGNATED, CONTROLLED AREA, NOT ADJACENT TO A CRITICAL AREA, TO BE REAPPLIED TO OTHER PORTIONS OF THE SITE WHERE FEASIBLE.
- 3. STOCKPILED TOPSOIL MUST ALSO BE AMENDED IF NEEDED TO MEET THE ORGANIC MATTER OR DEPTH REQUIREMENTS (TO ACHIEVE 12 INCHES OF UNCOMPACTED DEPTH (TOP 8 INCHES SHALL BE AMENDED SOIL AND 4 INCHES OF LOOSE OR FRACTURED SUBSOIL).

AS-BUILT REQUIREMENTS

- 1. THE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS SHALL SHOW THE FINAL LOCATION OF ALL INFRASTRUCTURE LOCATED WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO: STREETS, CURBS, STORM DRAIN FACILITIES, CITY OWNED STREET LIGHTS, MEDIANS, SIDEWALKS, ETC. FINAL ELEVATIONS AND LOCATIONS OF ROADWAY AND DRAINAGE FACILITIES SHALL BE MEASURED BY A LICENSED SURVEYOR.
- 2. ELEVATIONS OF THE ROADWAY CENTERLINE AND CURB FLOW LINE SHALL BE MEASURED EVERY FIFTY FEET AFTER THE FINAL LIFT OF ASPHALT HAS BEEN PLACED, INCLUDING THE BEGINNING AND END OF BOTH HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CURVES AND ALL POINTS OF INTERSECTION.
- 3. THE AS-BUILT INFORMATION OF ALL STORM DRAINAGE CONVEYANCE FACILITIES SUCH AS CATCH BASINS, INLETS, PIPES AND SWALES SHALL INCLUDE INVERTS AND RIM ELEVATIONS, AS WELL AS THE MATERIAL TYPE AND SIZE. OPEN CHANNELS SHALL ALSO INCLUDE CROSS-SECTIONS AT APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS TO VERIFY DESIGN REQUIREMENTS.
- 4. THE FINAL AS-BUILT STORAGE VOLUME AND DIMENSIONS OF THE STORM WATER DETENTION FACILITIES, ALONG WITH THE ORIFICE SIZE(S) OF THE CONTROL STRUCTURE, SHALL BE FIELD MEASURED AND INCLUDED ON THE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS.
- 5. AS-BUILT INFORMATION CAN EITHER BE SHOWN BY ADDING NEW INFORMATION TO A SET OF THE APPROVED DRAWINGS OR CREATING A NEW SEPARATE PLAN SET. FOR ELEVATION DIFFERENCES, A LINE SHOULD CROSS OUT OLD ELEVATIONS AND NEW ELEVATIONS SHOULD BE ENTERED NEXT TO THE ORIGINAL INFORMATION. ORIGINAL INFORMATION SHALL NOT BE REMOVED FROM THE APPROVED PLANS UNLESS APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.



INTERCEPTOR DITCH X-SECTION & ROCK CHECK DAM

MIN KEY ROCK INTO SWALE 0.25 MIN.

ROCK CHECK DAM X-SECTION

(SIDE VIEW)

DITCH SLOPE	CHECK DAM SPACING
0 - 5 %	150'
5 - 10 %	100'
> - 10 %	50'

INTERCEPTOR SWALE WITH CHECK DAMS NOT TO SCALE



Director of Public Works & Development Services 05/05/2020

Approved as submitted.

Native soil or

Know what's below.

P:\P19\19462 CRES 2/5/2020 4:18:28 | :KEN MCINTYRE

Figure 4.2.16 - Cross Section of Sediment Trap 1' Min, depth overflow spillway Min. 1' depth compacted backfill 2"-4" rock

Figure 4.2.17 - Sediment Trap Outlet

Surface area determine

1.5' Min.

3.5'-5'

partial or complete excavation

Flat Bottom

Note: Trap may be formed by berm or by

Discharge to stabilized

conveyance, outlet, or level spreader

Min. 1' depth 3/4"-1.5"

washed gravel

CRESTVIEW | 2318 132ND ST SE

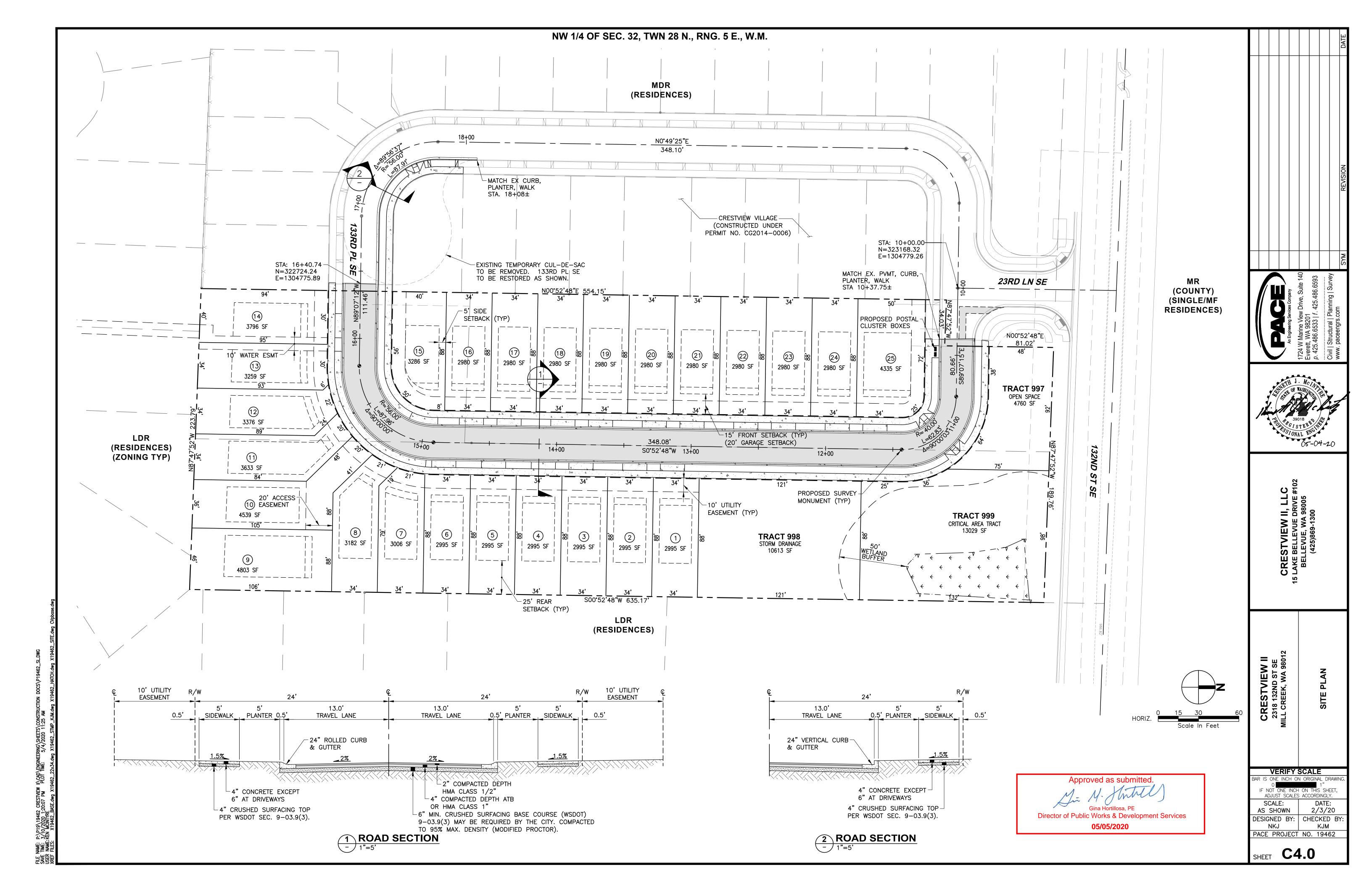
BAR IS ONE INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWIN

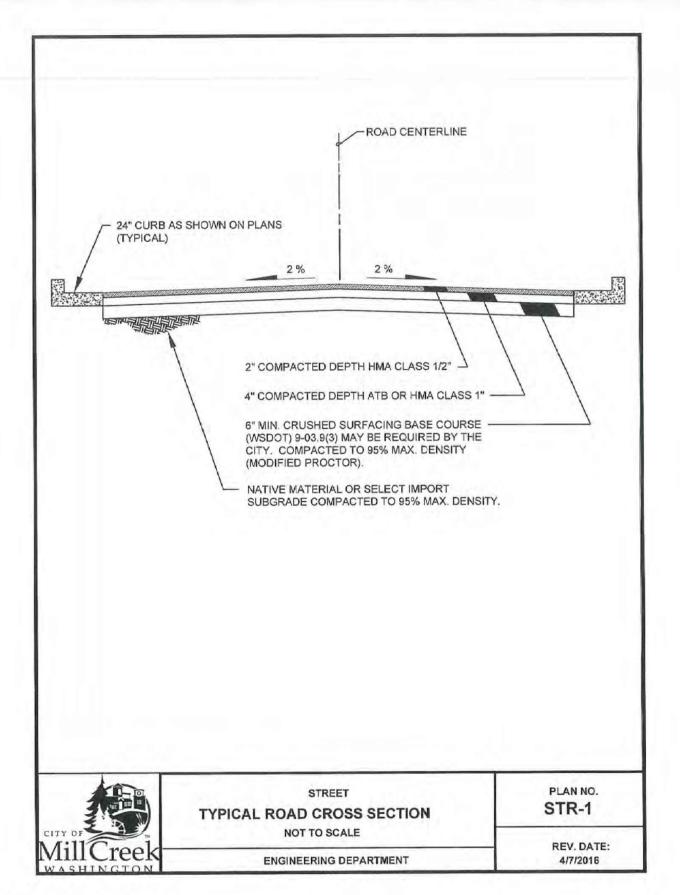
(FRONT VIEW)

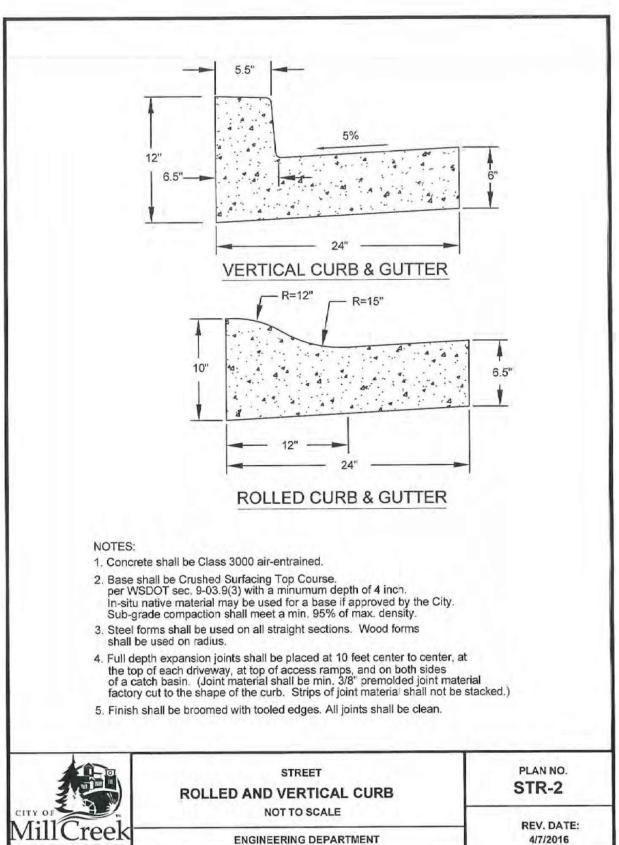
SEDIMENT TRAP NOT TO SCALE SUMP BEHIND ROCK CHECK DAM SHALL BE INSPECTED DAILY AND CLEANED WHEN

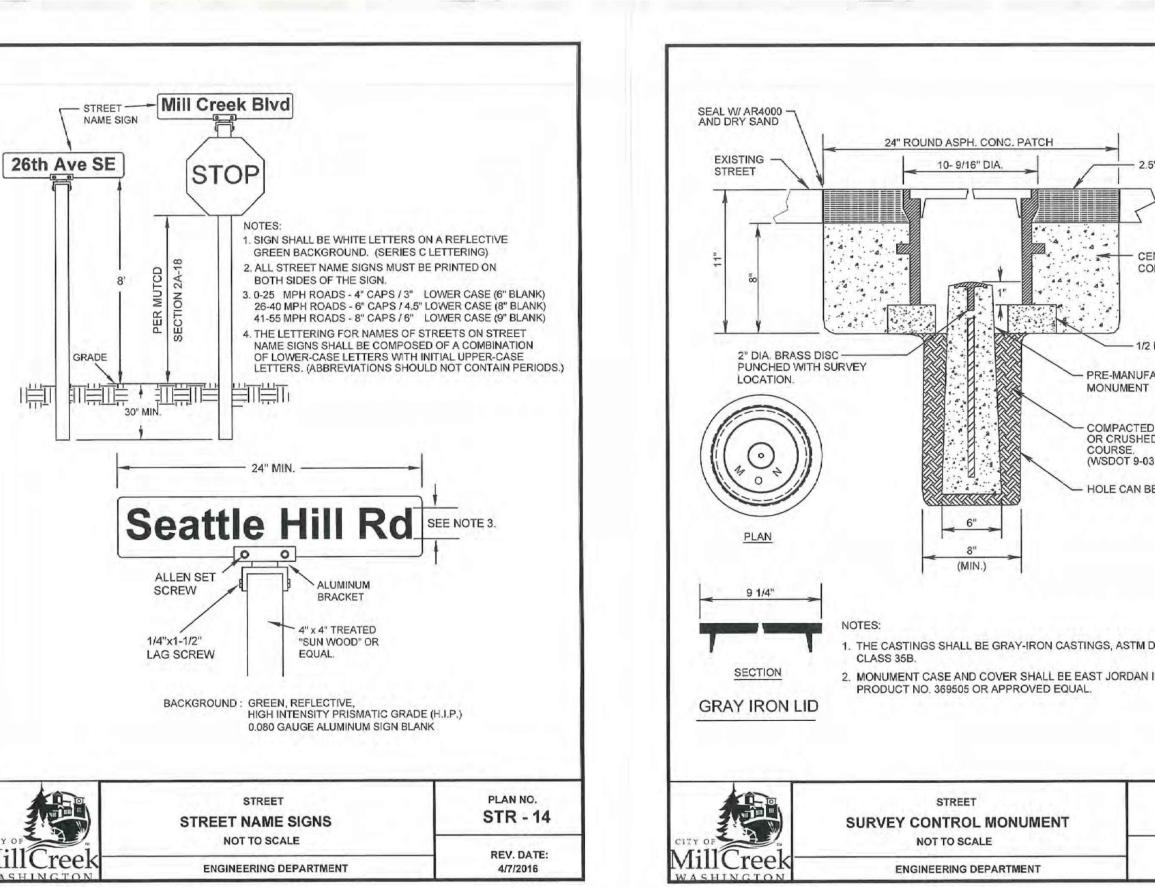
COLLECTED DEBRIS EXCEEDS ONE HALF OF ITS DEPTH.

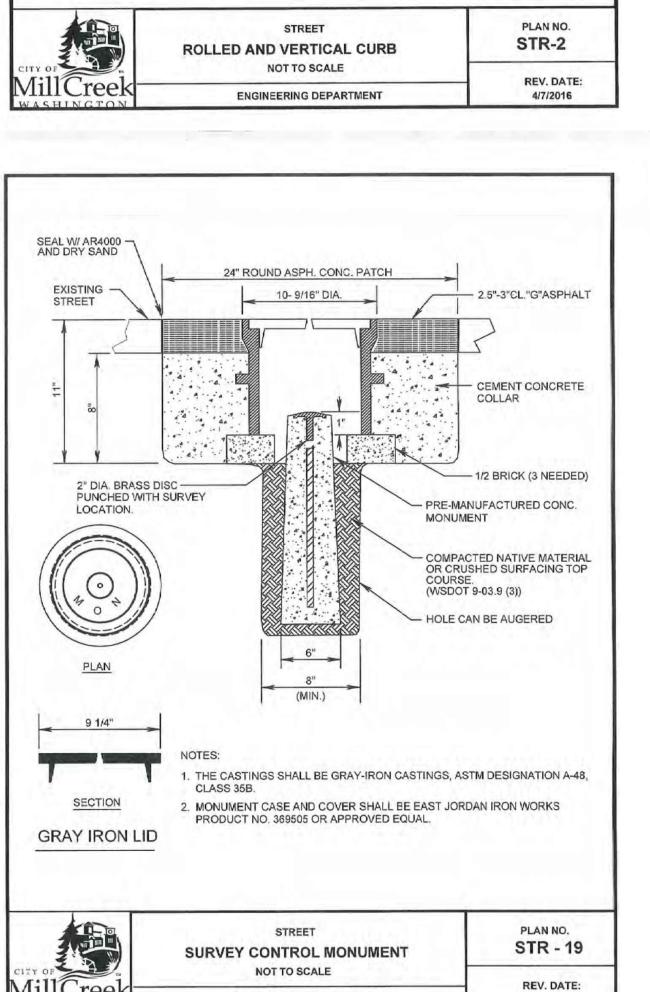
Call before you dig.



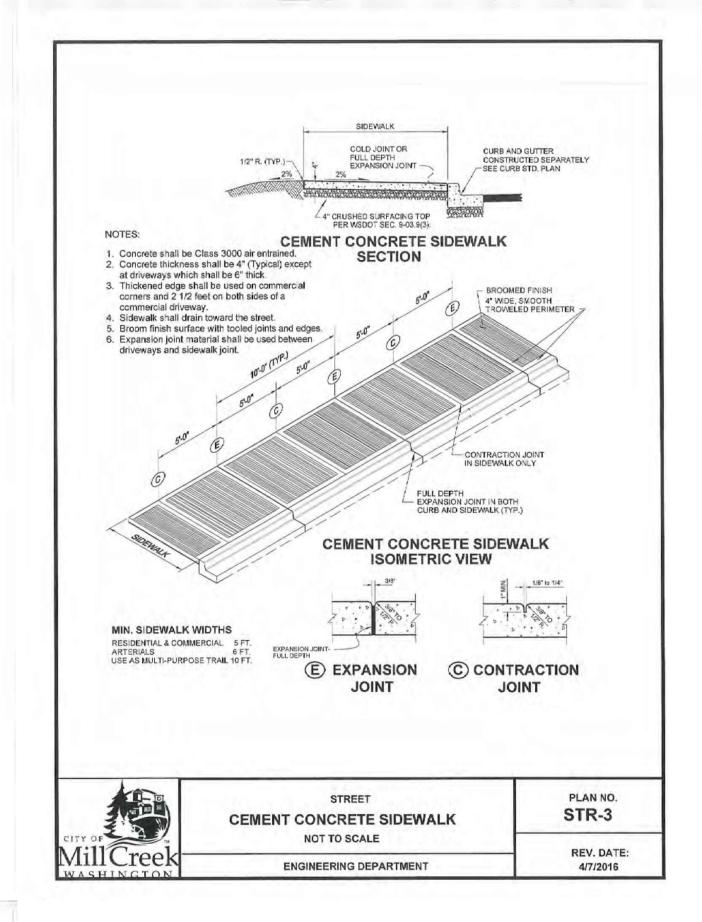


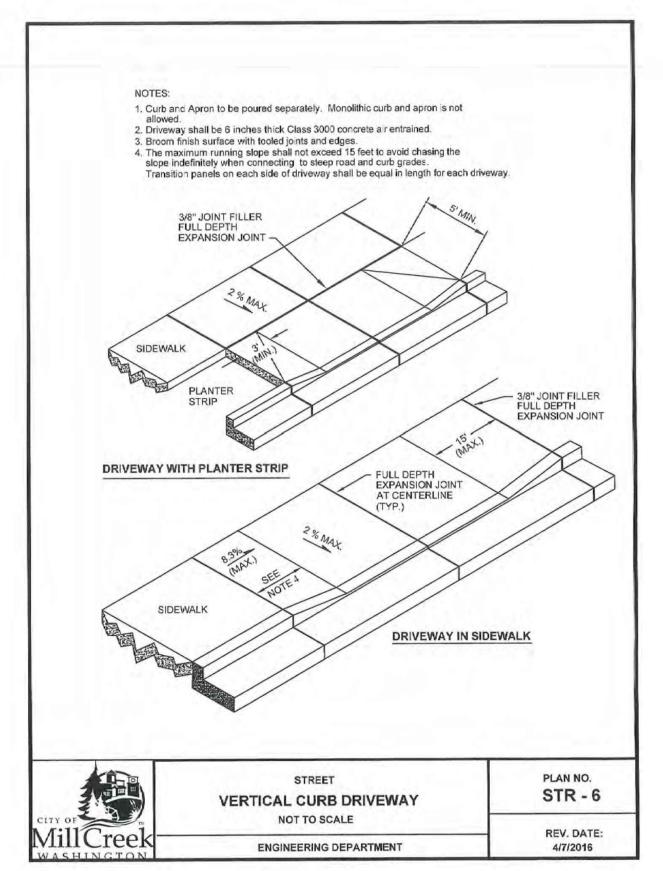


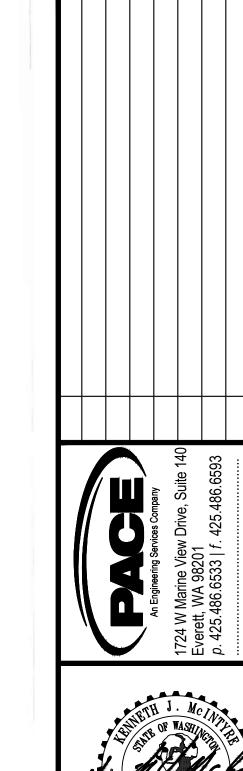




4/7/2016







CRESTVIEW II, I 5 LAKE BELLEVUE DRIY BELLEVUE, WA 980 (425)869-1300

CRESTVIEW II
2318 132ND ST SE
AILL CREEK, WA 98012

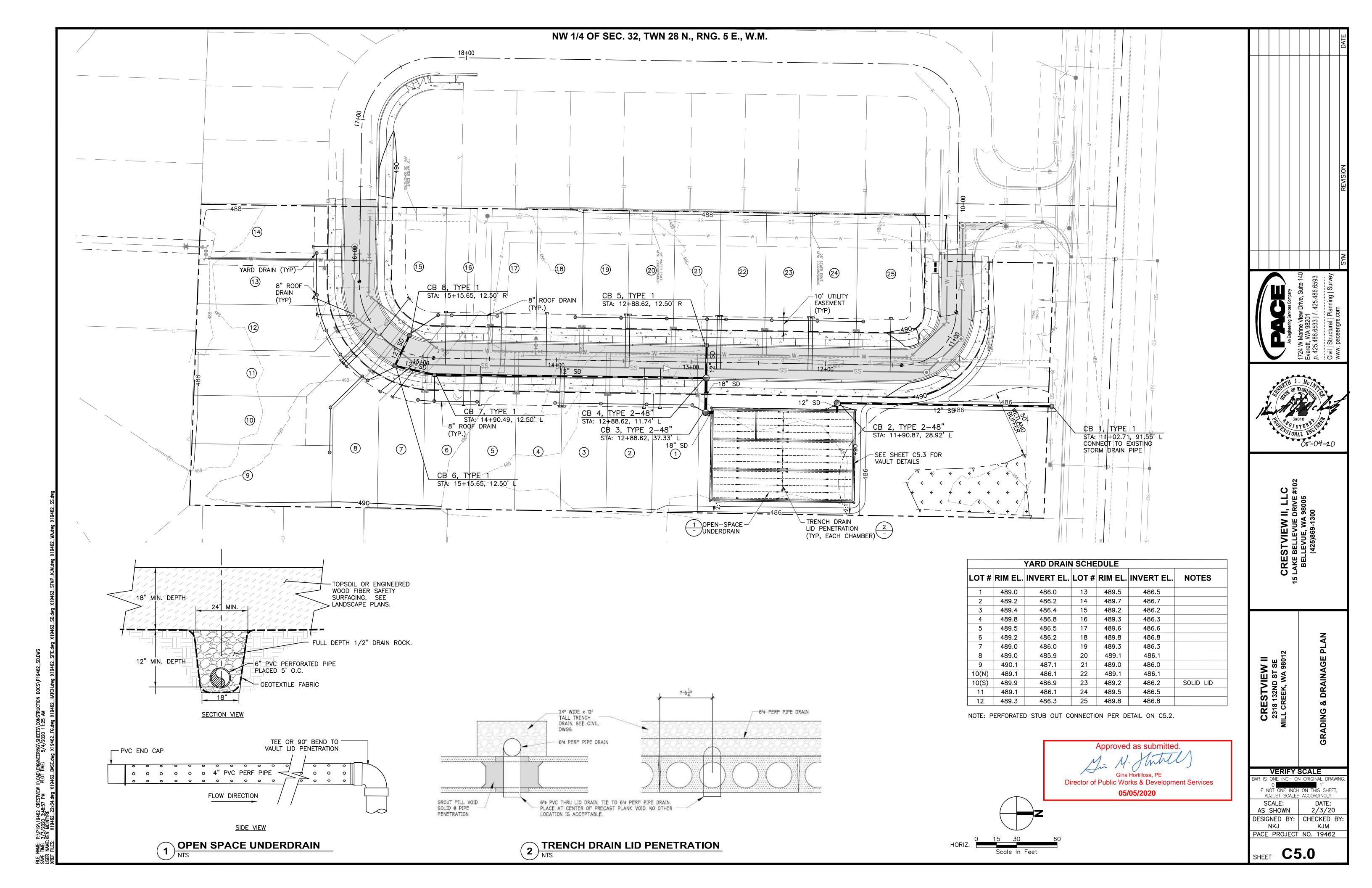
VERIFY SCALE BAR IS ONE INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWII ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY. 2/3/20 AS SHOWN DESIGNED BY: | CHECKED BY: NKJ KJM PACE PROJECT NO. 19462

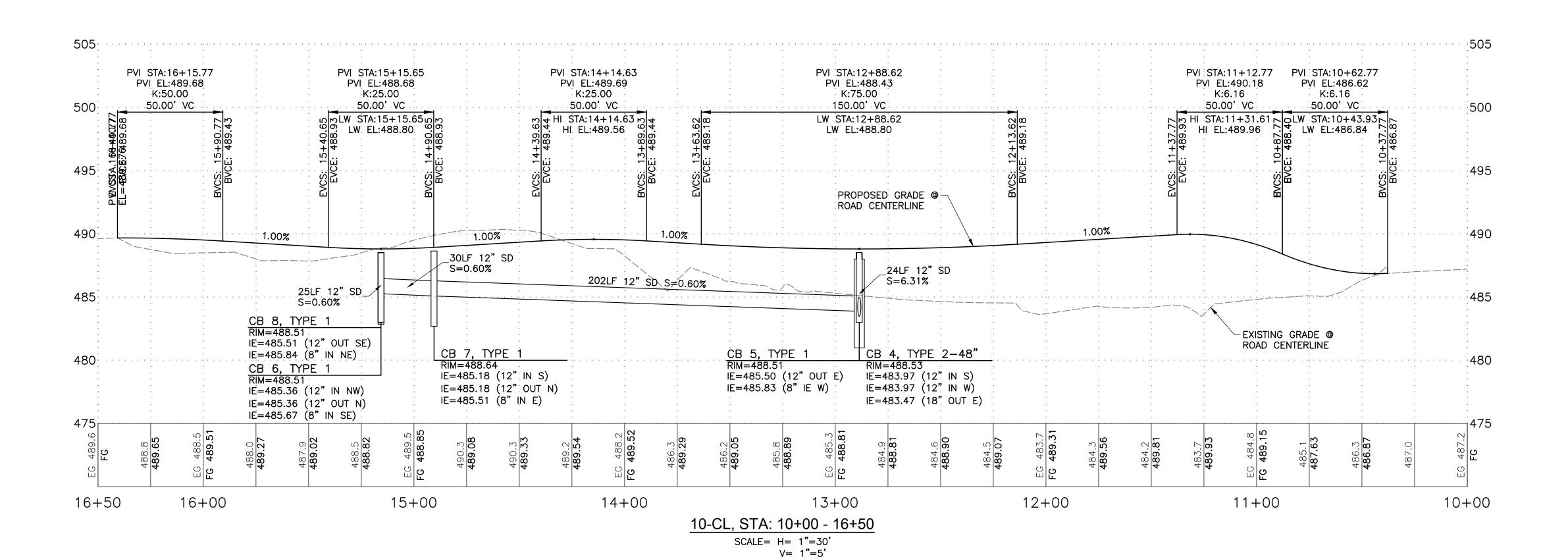
SHEET C4.1

Director of Public Works & Development Services 05/05/2020

Approved as submitted

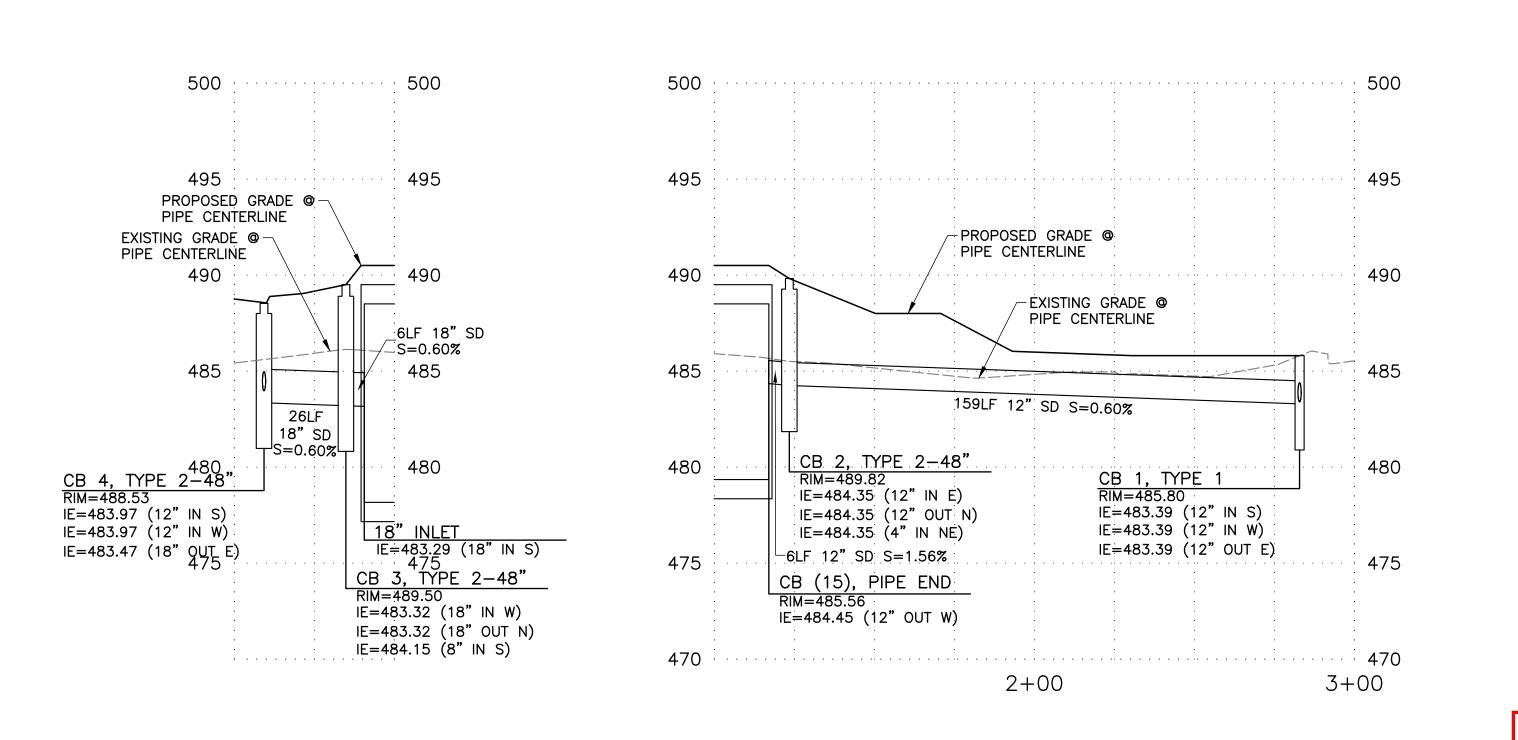






STORM DRAINAGE NOTES

- 1. ALL CATCH BASINS TO BE TYPE I UNLESS OTHERWISE REQUIRED.
- 2. ALL CATCH BASINS WITH A DEPTH OVER FIVE FEET TO THE FLOW LINE SHALL BE TYPE II.
- 3. STANDARD LADDER STEPS SHALL BE PROVIDED IN ALL CATCH BASINS AND MANHOLES EXTENDING OVER FIVE FEET IN DEPTH.
- 4. ALL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES SHALL INCORPORATE A DUCTILE IRON FRAME AND GRATE OR SOLID LID IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING **REQUIREMENTS:**
- a) STRUCTURES RECEIVING FLOW IN ONLY ONE DIRECTION SHALL INCLUDE A VANED FRAME AND GRATE.
- b) STRUCTURES IN A CURB LINE RECEIVING FLOW IN TWO DIRECTIONS SHALL USE A THROUGH CURB INLET WITH A VANED BI-DIRECTIONAL GRATE WITH A FULL HEIGHT DIAMOND PLATE HOOD.
- c) ROLLED FRAME AND GRATES MAY BE USED ONLY WHERE APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.
- d) STRUCTURES OUTSIDE A CURB LINE (E.G. PARKING LOTS) RECEIVING FLOW FROM MULTIPLE DIRECTIONS MAY USE A FRAME AND GRATE WITH A FLAT HERRINGBONE PATTERN OR EQUIVALENT.
- e) ALL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES OUTSIDE A WATER COLLECTION AREA SHALL HAVE SOLID LIDS UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE CITY.
- f) ALL GRATES OR SOLID LIDS WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE NON-LOCKING. GRATES AND SOLID LIDS OUTSIDE THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY MAY BE LOCKING AT THE OWNER'S DISCRETION.
- g) ALL FRAME AND GRATES OR SOLID LIDS SHALL HAVE AN HS-25 RATING.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADJUSTING ALL FRAMES AND GRATES OR SOLID LIDS PRIOR TO FINAL PAVING. ALL UTILITY MANHOLES, VALVES AND SURVEY MONUMENTS SHALL BE ADJUSTED AFTER PAVING.
- 6. STUB OUTS FOR TRADITIONAL YARD, FOUNDATION AND ROOF DRAINS SHALL BE INSTALLED BEHIND THE SIDEWALK AS REQUIRED. POSITIVE DRAINAGE IS TO BE PROVIDED WITH A CONNECTION TO THE NEAREST CATCH BASIN STRUCTURE. THE LOCATION AND TYPE OF STUB-OUT SHALL BE INDICATED WITH AN ABOVE GROUND MARKER. EXCEPT WHEN THEY USE LID FOUNDATION DRAIN.
- 7. ALL STORM WATER DETENTION AND WATER QUALITY FACILITIES, FLOW CONTROL STRUCTURES, PIPES AND CATCH BASINS SHALL BE JETTED AND CLEANED PRIOR TO FINAL CITY ACCEPTANCE.
- 8. ALL STORM DRAIN PIPES SHALL BE 12" MINIMUM DIAMETER UNLESS APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER. PIPE AND JOINT MATERIALS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTIONS 7-04 AND 9-05 OF THE WSDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.

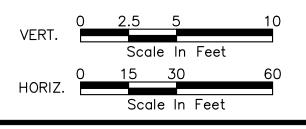


SD01, STA: 1+00 - 1+50 SCALE= H= 1"=30' V= 1"=5'

SD02, STA: 1+00 - 3+00 SCALE= H= 1"=30' V= 1"=5'



Director of Public Works & Development Services 05/05/2020



=, DR 00,

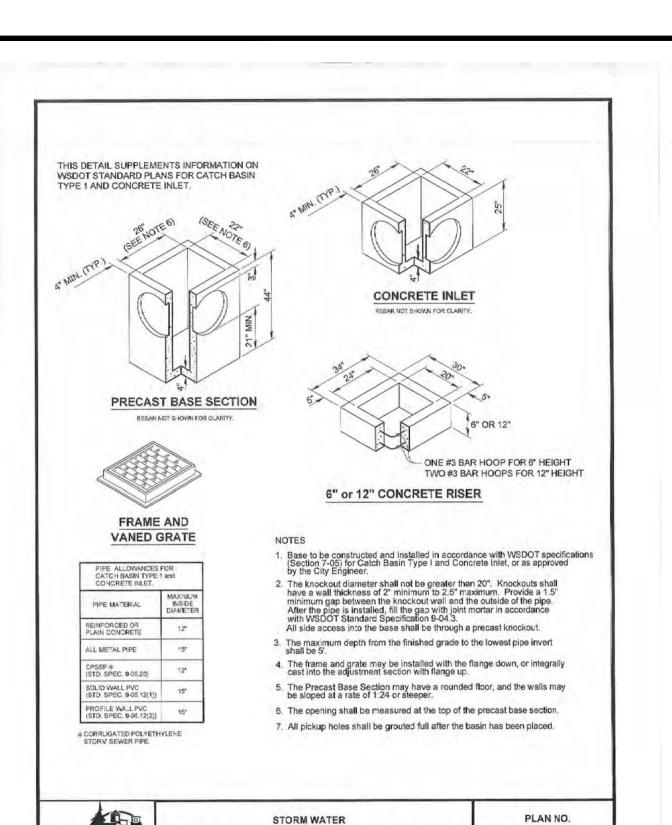
CRESTVIEW IS LAKE BELLEVUE IS BELLEVUE, WA (425)869-130

ROAD & DRAINAGE PROFILES & NOTES CRESTVIEW | 2318 132ND ST SE

VERIFY SCALE BAR IS ONE INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWIN

0 1"
IF NOT ONE INCH ON THIS SHEET,
ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY. 2/3/20 AS SHOWN DESIGNED BY: CHECKED BY: PACE PROJECT NO. 19462

C5.1 SHEET



ATCH BASIN TYPE 1 AND CONCRETE INLET

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

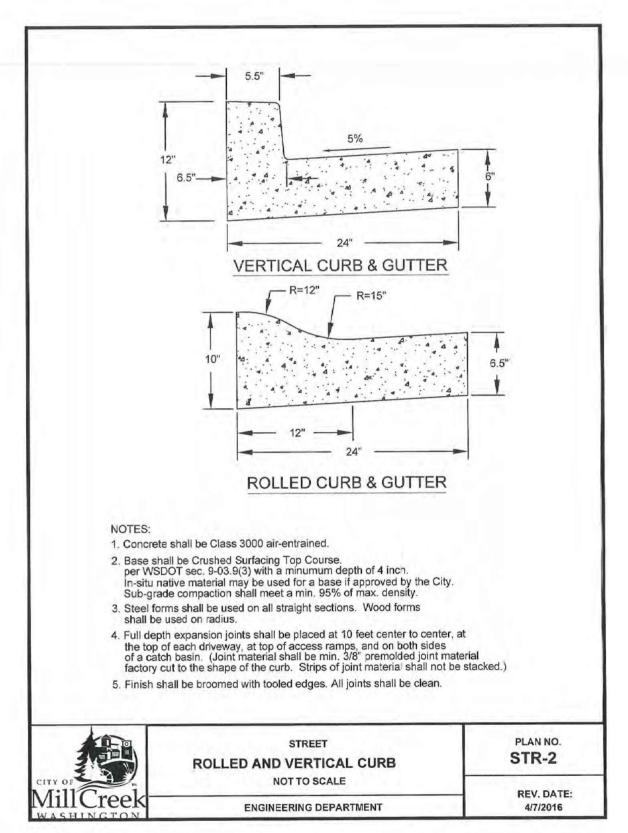
NOT TO SCALE

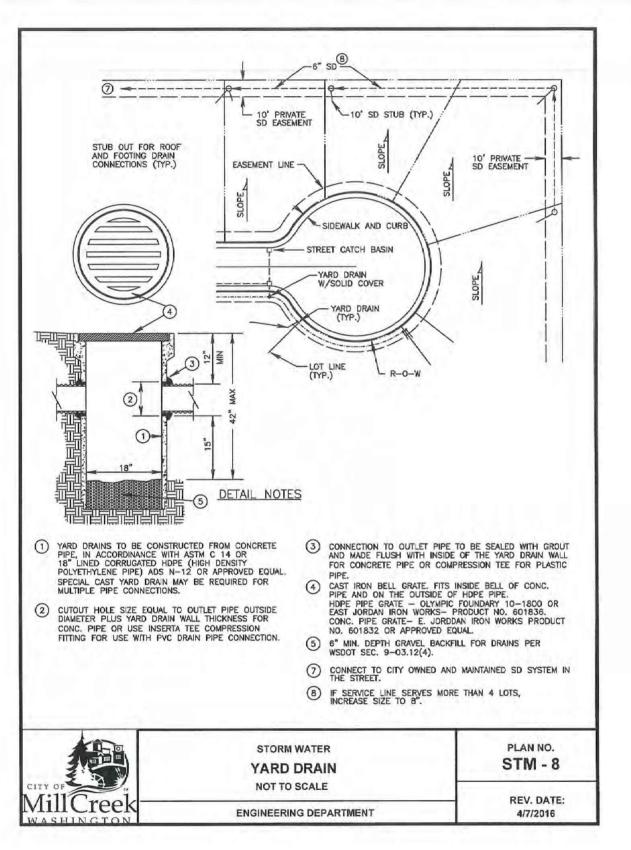
STM - 1

REV. DATE:

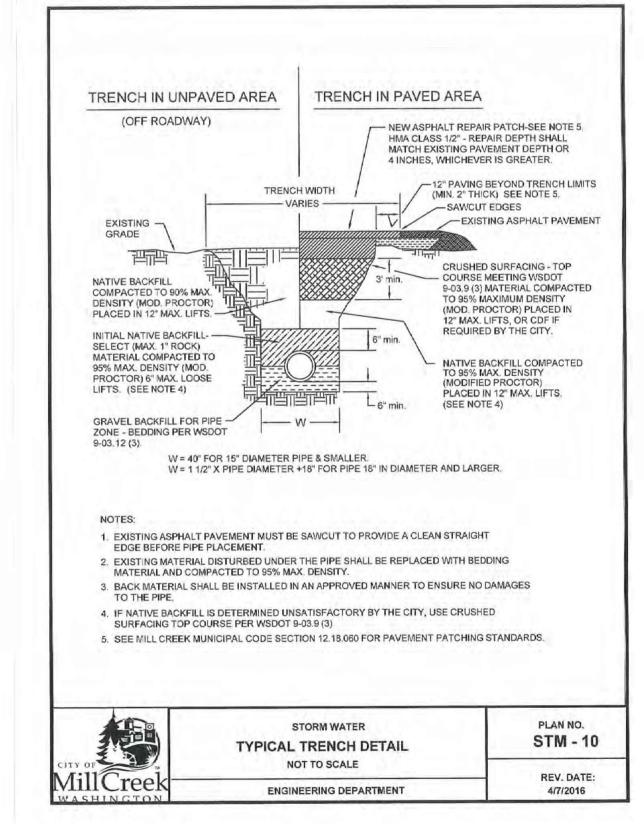
4/7/2016

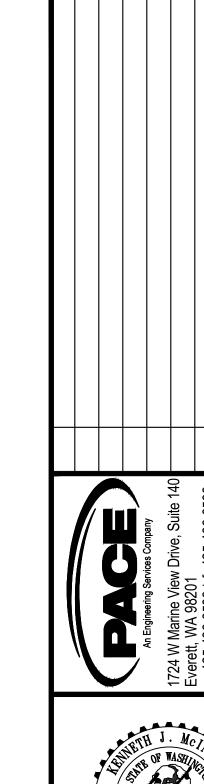
4/7/2016





NW 1/4 OF SFC 32 TWN 28 N RNG 5 F W M









STVIEW 132ND ST SE REEK, WA 98

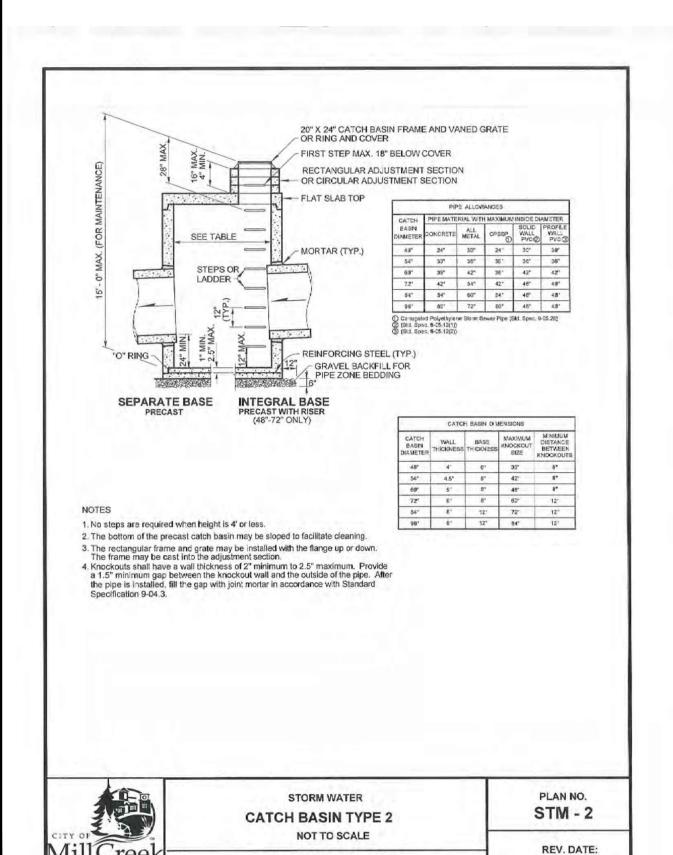
DETA DRAINAGE

CRE

VERIFY SCALE ADJUST SCALES ACCORDINGLY. DATE:

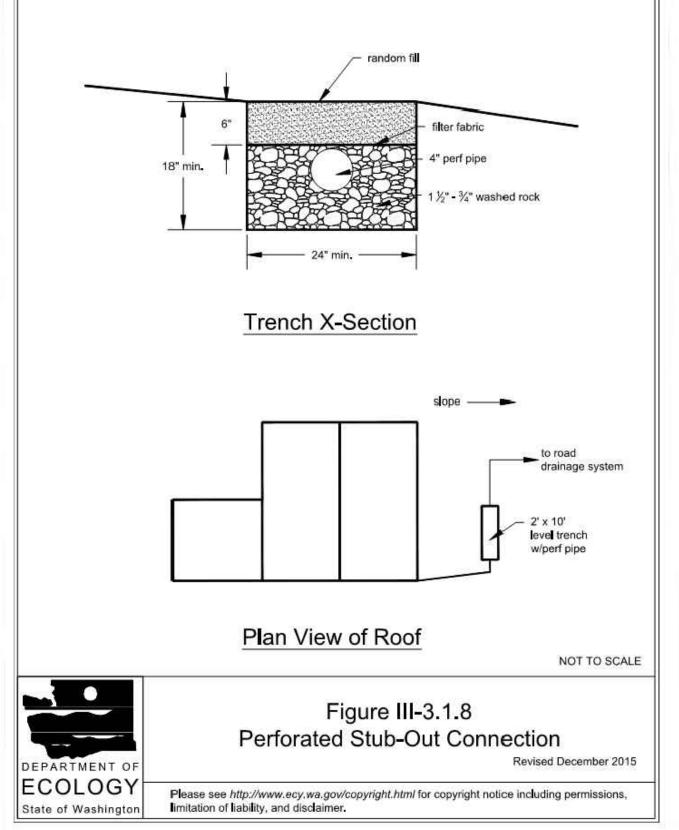
BAR IS ONE INCH ON ORIGINAL DRAWII 2/3/20 AS SHOWN DESIGNED BY: CHECKED BY NKJ KJM PACE PROJECT NO. 19462

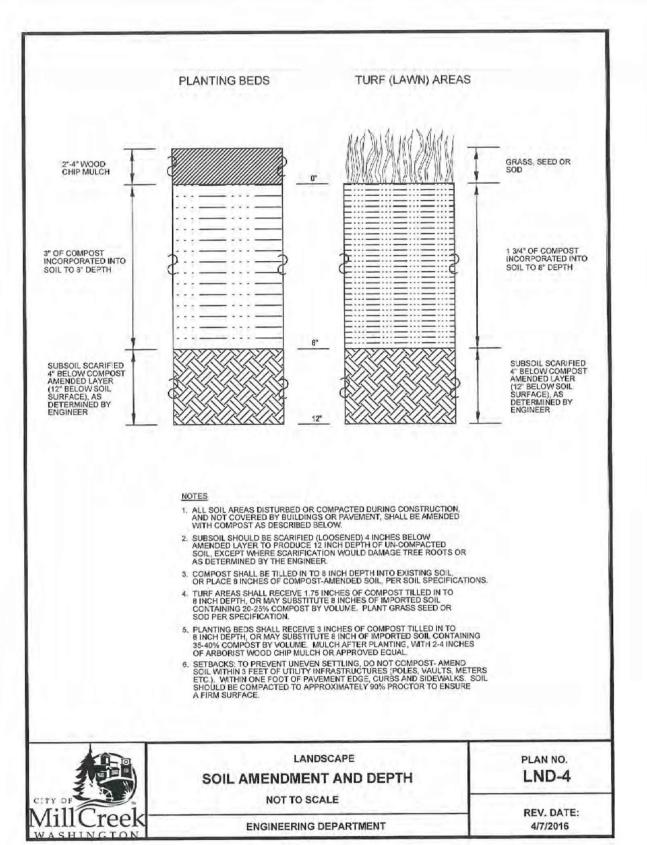
C5.2 SHEET

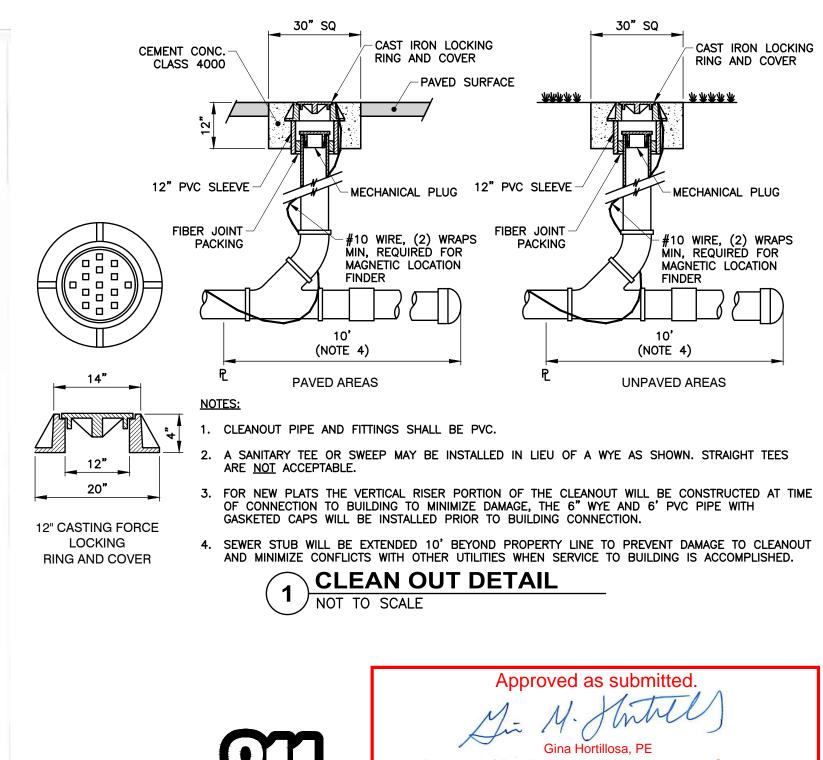


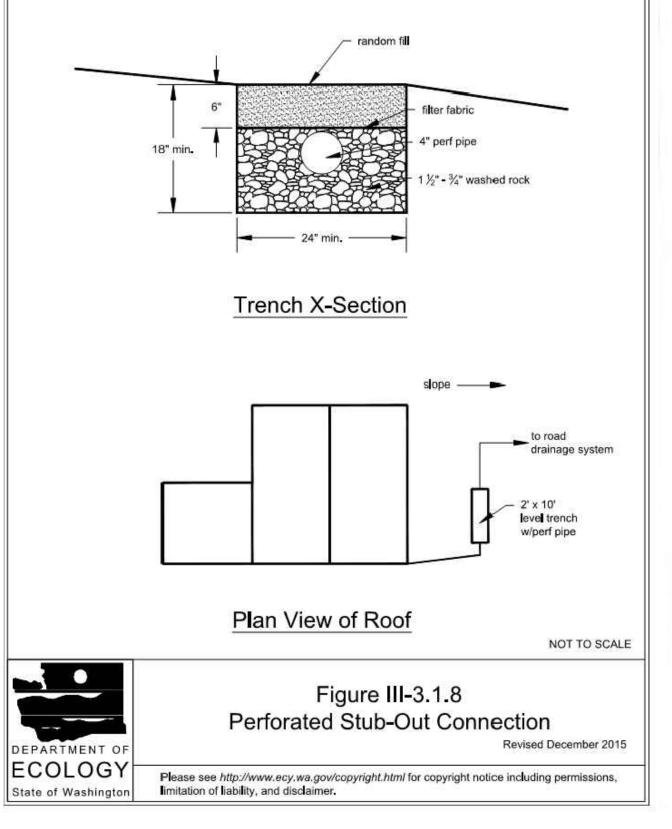
ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

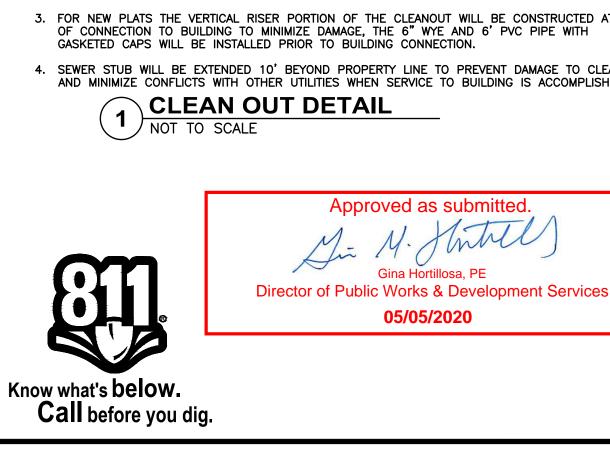
NAME: P:\P19\19462 CRESTVIEW II' E TIME: 2/14/2020 9:17:09 AM F R NAME: KEN MCINTYRE F FILES: X19462_22x34.dwg X19

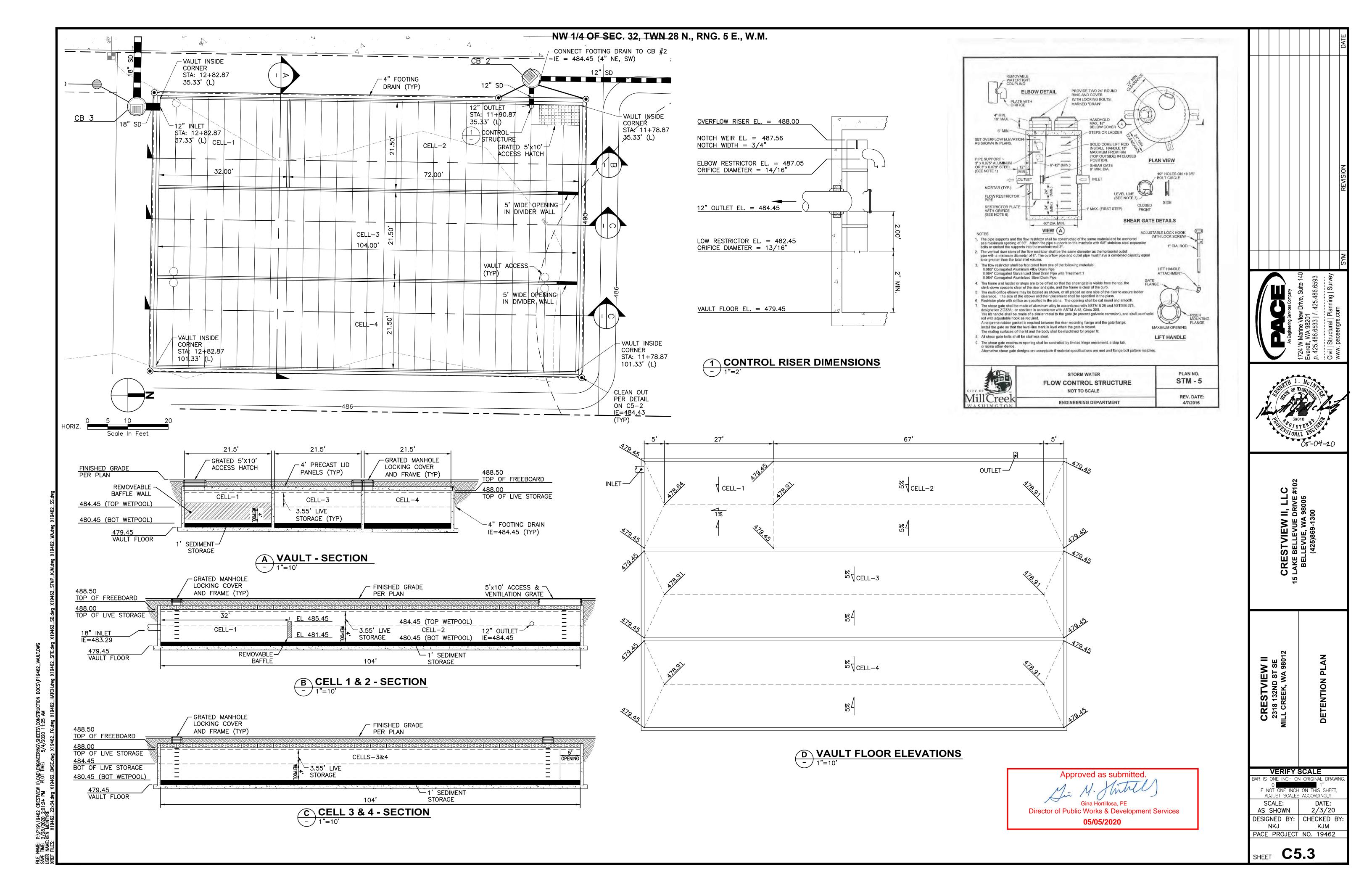












Approved as submitted.

M. Huttled

Gina Hortillosa, PE

Director of Public Works & Development Services

05/05/2020

Crestview Village II

Drainage Report

Prepared For:

Crestview II, LLC 15 Lake Bellevue Dr., #102 Bellevue, WA 98005

January 13, 2020 Revised: February 14, 2020

Prepared By:

PACE Engineers, Inc. 1724 W. Marine View Dr. #140 Everett, WA 98201 p. 425.486.6533

CRESTVIEW VILLAGE II

DRAINAGE REPORT

Prepared For:

Crestview II, LLC 15 Lake Bellevue Dr. #102 Bellevue, WA 98005

January 13, 2020 Revised: February 14, 2020

Prepared By:



Ken McIntyre, PE PACE Engineers, Inc. 1724 W. Marine View Dr, #140 Kirkland, WA 98033-3417 p. 425.486.6533

PACE Project No. 19462

PROJECT CERTIFICATION

The technical material and data contained in this report was prepared by PACE Engineers, Inc., under the supervision of the below listed individuals. Those responsible staff members who are registered professional engineers are licensed in the State of Washington.



PACE Engineers, Inc.

1724 W. Marine View Dr. #140 Everett, WA 98201 Phone: 425.486.6533 www.paceengrs.com



TABLE OF CONTENTS

SEC	TION# TITLE	PAGE #
1.	PROJECT OVERVIEW	1
2.	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS	
3.	PREPARATION OF STORMWATER SITE PLANS	
4.	STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP)	
5.	SOURCE CONTROL OF POLLUTION	
6.	PRESERVATION OF NATURAL DRAINAGE SYSTEMS AND OUTFALLS	10
7.	ON-SITE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT	11
8.	RUNOFF TREATMENT	14
9.	FLOW CONTROL	16
10.	WETLANDS PROTECTION	17
11.	OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE	18
LIST	OF FIGURES	
Figur	re 1: Vicinity Map	1
APP	ENDICES	
APP	ENDIX A: Resource Review Documents	
APP	ENDIX B: Downstream Flowpath Mapping	
APP	ENDIX C: Basin Mapping	
APP	ENDIX D: Hydrologic Modeling Calculations	
APP	ENDIX E: Conveyance Calculations	



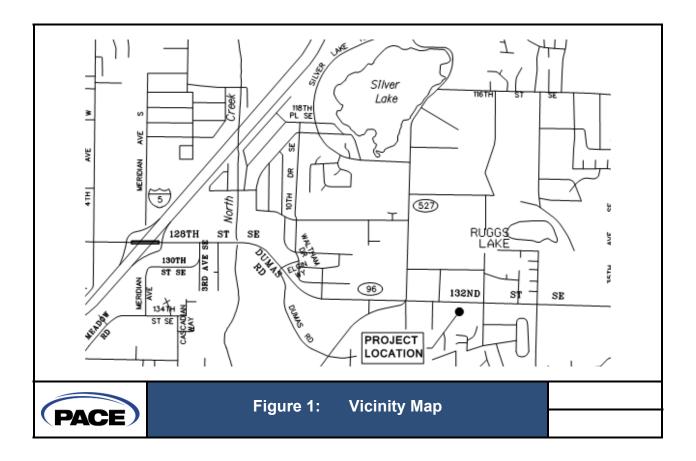
Page ii

1. PROJECT OVERVIEW

Crestview Village II proposes the subdivision of three existing parcels into 25 single-family residential lots, along with the associated roadways and utilities. The project site is located within the NW ¼ of Section 32, Township 28 North, Range 5 East, W.M. More specifically, the project is located within the City of Mill Creek, occupying the Snohomish County Tax Parcels listed below:

Table 1: Property Summary	
Snohomish County Tax Lot #	Size
28053200201000	1.04 acres
28053200202300	0.51 acres
28053200200800	1.68 acres

The project site has frontage on 132nd St. SE, which is classified as a state highway. Full frontage improvements currently exist along the entire frontage, and access to the site will be via a road connection that currently serves a neighboring parcel which was recently developed.





The NRCS web soil survey identifies the underlying soil unit as a "till" variety of soil. This type of soil is often referred to as "hardpan", and typically does not support infiltration of surface runoff as a stormwater management technique. With that in mind, the project is proposing a conventional stormwater detention system. The project site is located within a single drainage basin, which generally falls to the north.

The project is located within the City of Mill Creek's "MDR" (Medium Density Residential) zone, and is subject to the provisions of the Mill Creek Municipal Code. The City has adopted the 2014 edition of the WA State Dept. of Ecology's Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington (SWMMM) for stormwater regulations. A discussion of the minimum stormwater management requirements from that manual is provided in the following section of this report, and the remainder of the report provides supporting information to demonstrate how those minimum requirements are met.



PAGE 2

2. MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

The project is a new development which proposes more than 5,000 sq.ft. of new/replaced hard surface area, and therefore is required to satisfy all nine of the minimum requirements stipulated by the SWMWW.

2.1 MINIMUM REQUIREMENT #1: PREPARATION OF STORMWATER SITE PLANS

This report, along with the accompanying plans are intended to satisfy the stormwater site plan requirements. This requirement includes research of applicable site information, evaluation of any upstream tributary drainage basins and the downstream flowpath. These items are addressed in Chapter 3 of this report.

2.2 MINIMUM REQUIREMENT #2: CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP)

A temporary erosion & sediment control plan is provided with the drawings, and a separate SWPPP report is also provided. A brief stormwater pollution prevention discussion is provided in Section 4 of this report.

2.3 MINIMUM REQUIREMENT #3: SOURCE CONTROL OF POLLUTION

The project is not a high-use site and is not expected to have significant point-sources of pollution requiring source control methods.

2.4 MINIMUM REQUIREMENT #4: PRESERVATION OF NATURAL DRAINAGE SYSTEMS AND OUTFALLS

The topography of the site generally falls to the north-northeast, and the project is ultimately tributary to the public drainage system within the 132nd St SE right-of-way. The project intends to maintain this flowpath. A more detailed discussion is provided in Section 6 of this report.

2.5 MINIMUM REQUIREMENT #5: ONSITE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

The project is required to either meet the low-impact flow control standard, or evaluate a series of low-impact stormwater management features, as outlined in the SWMMWW. This project is electing to evaluate the low-impact stormwater management features, and that evaluation is provided in Section 7 of this report.



2.6 MINIMUM REQUIREMENT #6: RUNOFF TREATMENT

The project is subject to "basic" treatment requirements, as outlined in the SWMMWW. A more detailed discussion of stormwater treatment is provided in Section 8 of this report.

2.7 MINIMUM REQUIREMENT #7: FLOW CONTROL

The project is subject to the flow control requirements outlined in the SWMMWW. A detailed discussion of the proposed flow control measures is provided in Section 9 of this report.

2.8 MINIMUM REQUIREMENT #8: WETLANDS PROTECTION

The SWMMWW requests an evaluation of wetland hydrology to minimize the effects of urbanization. A critical areas study and mitigation plan is provided separate from this document, which discusses the likely history of this particular wetland and the measures being taken to mitigate disturbance proposed within the existing wetland buffer areas. Wetland protection is also discussed in further detail in Section 10 of this report.

2.9 MINIMUM REQUIREMENT #9: OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

General operations and maintenance recommendations are provided in Section 11 of this report.



PAGE 4

3. PREPARATION OF STORMWATER SITE PLANS

This section of the report is intended to address Minimum Requirement #1, as outlined in the SWMMWW.

3.1 RESOURCE REVIEW SUMMARY

The NRCS Web Soil Survey classifies the underlying soil at the project site as Alderwood-Urban Land Complex. Alderwood soils are generally described as a glacially consolidated till, with a hardpan layer. Urban Land Complex describes soil that has been previously disturbed and compacted during previous urban land development activity. Both soil types are typically considered to have moderate runoff rates with little capacity for infiltration.

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) identifies the project site on Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) panel #53061C1040F, and is not shown to be in a flood hazard area. A FEMA map has been provided in **Appendix A** of this report for reference.

A critical areas study was prepared for the site by Soundview Consultants and issued in February, 2019. The critical areas study provides mitigation recommendations for the onsite wetland and is submitted separately from this report.

The WA State Dept. of Ecology's Water Quality Assessment map was consulted to determine if the project may contribute to a 303(d) assessed waterway. There are no 303(d) -listed waterways in the ¼-mile downstream flowpath required to be evaluated for the project. The project site is ultimately tributary to Penny Creek, which lies roughly ¾-mile to the east. The Water Quality Atlas indicates that Penny Creek is a fresh water body with existing aquatic life uses, but not assessed as a 303(d) waterway requiring special mitigation measures. A print from the Water Quality Assessment map is provided in **Appendix A** of this report.

3.2 UPSTREAM BASIN ANALYSIS

The project site is bounded on the north by 132nd St SE. A public storm drainage network within the right-of-way conveys runoff from the north away from the site. The site is bounded on the west, south, and southeast by existing residential developments which are expected to collect and convey runoff away from the project site. The site is bounded on the northeast by a small green-belt that lies lower than the project site. Considering the site conditions surrounding the project site, it does not appear that there is any upstream flow tributary to the site.

3.3 DOWNSTREAM FLOWPATH ANALYSIS

A downstream investigation of the site was conducted on June 19, 2019. The conditions at the time of the visit were moderate and clear, with some rainfall having occurred the previous day. No surface runoff was observed onsite or in the downstream flowpath during the investigation.

The existing topography of the site falls gently toward the northeast corner of the site.

Runoff from the site is currently collected and routed to the public storm drainage system



within the 132nd St SE right-of-way. The project intends to maintain this flowpath, providing a storm drainage connection directly to the existing 132nd St. storm drainage system.

The storm drainage system within the 132nd St. SE right-of-way is conveyed easterly through a closed pipe network for a distance exceeding the ½-mile analysis distance. A Snohomish County Drainage Inventory map is provided in Appendix B of this report, showing the downstream flowpath from the site.

The entire downstream investigation area is contained within a closed pipe network within an arterial/collector right-of-way, so safe access to the structures was limited, and only surface-visible features could be observed. No significant issues were identified during the limited downstream investigation that could be conducted.



PAGE 6

4. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP)

A formal stormwater pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) report is submitted under separate cover but the discussion below is intended to provide a brief discussion of how the 13 required SWPPP elements addressed.

4.1 ELEMENT 1 – PRESERVE VEGETATION/MARK CLEARING LIMITS

The project will identify the intended clearing limits and mark them in the field with high-visibility construction fencing or silt-fencing. Critical areas and buffers will also be clearly identified in the field, and the project will retain and stockpile the duff-layer, and replace it on the completed site to the greatest practical extent.

4.2 ELEMENT 2 – ESTABLISH CONSTRUCTION ACCESS

A rock-stabilized construction access will be provided at the entrance to the site. Sediment that is tracked off-site shall be swept at the end of each day, or as determined necessary by the project's erosion/sediment control lead.

4.3 ELEMENT 3 – CONTROL FLOW RATES

A temporary sediment pond will be constructed for the project, and site runoff will be routed to that facility until the permanent stormwater management facility is constructed. The calculations for the sizing of the temporary sediment pond are shown below:

Q (10 Yr Flow) = 1.21 cfs (From WWHM Flood Unmitiaged)

SA (Surface Area) = 2080*Q

SA =2516.8 Sq. Ft. (Min. Surface Area of Temp Pond)

The MGS Flood model is located in Appendix D.

4.4 ELEMENT 4 – INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROLS

Sediment control is expected to be provided via a temporary sedimentation pond near the entrance of the site. A series of interceptor trenches will be proposed to route site runoff to this facility. Perimeter silt-fencing will also be installed on the downhill portions of the site, and adjacent to the existing wetland.

4.5 ELEMENT 5 – STABILIZE SOILS

Exposed soils which are expected to remain unworked for an extended period will be stabilized with mulch, seed, or other measures. Soil stockpiles are expected to be covered with plastic or will implement other sediment-trapping measures.

4.6 ELEMENT 6 – PROTECT SLOPES

The project is not expected to construct or expose any steep slopes, so no slopeprotection is expected to be warranted.



4.7 ELEMENT 7 – PROTECT DRAIN INLETS

Catch basin inlet protection devices will be placed in all nearby downstream catch basins. These will be identified in the TESC plan of the final engineering drawings.

4.8 ELEMENT 8 – STABILIZE CHANNELS & OUTLETS

All temporary channels proposed for the project shall be stabilized with rock or vegetation if signs of erosion are observed by the project's erosion/sediment control lead. There are not free-outlets proposed that warrant stabilization measures.

4.9 ELEMENT 9 – CONTROL POLLUTANTS

The project is relatively small and is not expected to store contaminants on-site for an extended period of time. Any contaminants that are stored on-site should be protected from vandalism or theft. Maintenance, fueling, and repair of construction equipment should be conducted off-site to the greatest possible extent. A concrete washout area shall be provided to keep concrete wash-water from entering the public storm drainage system.

4.10 ELEMENT 10 - CONTROL DE-WATERING

No significant de-watering is expected to be needed on this project.

4.11 ELEMENT 11 - MAINTAIN BMPS

The project shall identify personnel to serve as an erosion/sediment control lead, who can monitor all BMPs at the site and recommend revisions and new BMPs as needed.

4.12 ELEMENT 12 - MANAGE THE PROJECT

The project shall identify personnel to serve as an erosion/sediment control lead, who can monitor site conditions & BMP performance, and recommend revisions as site conditions change.

4.13 ELEMENT 13 - PROTECT LOW-IMPACT DEVELOPMENT BMPS

The project does not appear to be well-suited to the implementation of low-impact BMPs. This element is primarily intended to protect areas where infiltration-based BMPs from compaction during construction activities. Due to the underlying soil conditions, no infiltration-based BMPs are proposed on this project.



PAGE 8

5. SOURCE CONTROL OF POLLUTION

The project is not an industrial or high-use site, and no significant point-sources of pollution are expected to be present. No specific structural source-control measures are proposed.



6. PRESERVATION OF NATURAL DRAINAGE SYSTEMS AND OUTFALLS

The topography of the site generally falls to the north-northeast. Runoff collects in a small existing wetland area which appears to have been created as a result of the frontage grade having been raised during the original construction of 132nd St SE. The wetland area appears to be drained by a small ditch which is tributary to the public drainage system in 132nd St. SE. The project intends to connect the proposed storm drainage system to the public drainage system in 132nd St. SE, in order to maintain the current downstream flowpath.



7. ON-SITE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

7.1 SITE HYDROLOGY

7.1.1 Existing Hydrologic Conditions

The site is currently occupied by a couple of homes and detached out-buildings. All existing buildings and driveways are expected to be removed as part of the project.

The underlying topography of the site falls gently to the north. Based on field-observation and historical testimony provided in the critical areas study, it appears that the fronting road (132nd St SE) was raised at some point in the past, which has resulted in the impoundment of water near the northeast corner of the site, creating a small wetland area. A small ditch currently drains this area and discharges it to the public storm drainage network in the 132nd St SE right-of-way.

Once runoff reaches the public storm drainage system, it is conveyed easterly toward Penny Creek. A basin map depicting the existing site conditions is provided in **Appendix C**.

7.1.2 Developed Hydrologic Conditions

The project is proposing the construction of an internal roadway and a number of new residential lots. A stormwater conveyance network will be provided beneath the interior roadway to collect and convey the roadway runoff. Roof/footing drains will be provided for each individual lot, which will also tie-in to the roadway drainage network. Project drainage will generally be routed to an underground stormwater management facility prior to release from the site. A small portion of roadway at the north end of the site lies too low to be collected and routed to the proposed facility, so it will be considered as bypass flow in the stormwater model. A basin map depicting the developed site conditions is provided in **Appendix C**.

There is a small area immediately west of the existing wetland which will be utilized as an open-space area. This area lies at an elevation that is too low to be reasonably collected and conveyed to the proposed detention facility. There is an existing building at this location which will be removed as part of the development. This area would typically need to be considered as bypass flow, but since the building will be replaced with landscaping, it is expected to reduce the runoff response from this area. With that in mind, the project proposes to consider this area to already be mitigated. This area will also continue to drain to the on-site wetland area, in order to maintain some surface recharge. Routing this runoff through the wetland is expected to provide a small level of attenuation, further mitigating the effects downstream.

7.1.3 Hydrologic Modeling

Hydrologic modeling was performed for the project, in order to design the proposed detention and treatment facility. Hydrologic modeling was performed using WWHM2012, which is a continuous-runoff simulation model approved for use by the WA State Dept. of Ecology. The calculations demonstrate that the



project is in compliance with the applicable flow-control regulations, and also calculates the appropriate water quality design parameters.

Hydrologic modeling calculations are provided in Appendix D of this report. Input parameters for the hydrologic model are summarized on the basin maps provided in **Appendix C**.

7.2 LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT

The proposed project occupies less than 5-acres and is located within the urban growth area. The project is also required to satisfy all nine minimum requirements outlined in the SWMMWW. Therefore, the project is required to either meet the Low Impact Development Performance Standard, or evaluate the low-impact stormwater BMPs contained within List 2. The SWMMWW outlines the Low Impact Development Performance Standard and BMP lists in detail.

This project is electing to evaluate the low-impact BMP options contained within List #2. Minimum Requirement #5 requires evaluation of those BMP options, and implementation to the greatest feasible extent. The required evaluation is provided below:

Roofs	
Full Dispersion (BMP T5.30)	Not Feasible – Most of the project was previously cleared of native vegetation, and there are no suitable dispersal flowpaths meeting the applicable requirements.
Biretention (Vol. 5, Ch. 7)	Not Feasible – The geotechnical report identifies the underlying soil as being a till variety of soil that is not likely to be conducive to infiltration. Section 4.4 of the geotechnical report encountered groundwater as shallow as 5.2-ft below the existing ground surface during the dry season, which would not provide the required 3-ft of separation from a large bioretention facility. The report also suggests that groundwater may become perched during winter months with depths as shallow as 2-ft. This would not provide the required separation for small bioretention facilities on each individual lot.
Downspout Dispersion (BMP T5.10B)	Not Feasible – Most of the project was previously cleared of native vegetation, and there are no suitable dispersal flowpaths meeting the applicable requirements.
Perforated Stub-out Connections (BMP T5.10C)	Feasible – Perforated stub-out connections will be specified on the final design plans for the project.



Other Hard Surfaces	
Full Dispersion (BMP T5.30)	Not Feasible – Most of the project was previously cleared of native vegetation, and there are no suitable dispersal flowpaths meeting the applicable requirements.
Permeable Pavement (BMP T5.15)	Not Feasible – The underlying soil conditions are not conducive to infiltration and permeable pavements would require an underdrain system to keep from becoming inundated with water. There is no significant flow control benefit to permeable pavement containing underdrain systems.
Bioretention (Vol. 5, Ch. 7)	Not Feasible – The geotechnical report identifies the underlying soil as being a till variety of soil that is not likely to be conducive to infiltration. Section 4.4 of the geotechnical report encountered groundwater as shallow as 5.2-ft below the existing ground surface during the dry season, which would not provide the required 3-ft of separation from a large bioretention facility. The report also suggests that groundwater may become perched during winter months with depths as shallow as 2-ft. This would not provide the required separation for small bioretention facilities on each individual lot.
Flow Dispersion (BMPs T5.11 / T5.12)	Not Feasible – Most of the project was previously cleared of native vegetation, and there are no suitable dispersal flowpaths meeting the applicable requirements.

Lawn & Landscape Areas	
Post-Construction Soil Quality & Depth (BMP T5.13)	Feasible – The project intends to strip the duff layer, stockpile it, and re-use it on the completed site.



8. RUNOFF TREATMENT

Volume V, Chapter 2 of the SWMMWW provides a step-by-step selection process for determining the required level of treatment for the project site. That step-by-step process is provided below:

Step 1 – Determine the receiving waters and pollutants of concern

The project site is ultimately tributary to Penny Creek. There does not appear to be a specific basin plan or TMDL clean-up plan for Penny Creek, and the WA State Dept. of Ecology does not identify a 303(d) or 305(b) assessment for Penny Creek.

Step 2 – Determine if an oil control facility/device is required

Oil control is required when a site has "high-use" characteristics, such as a commercial/industrial area, heavy vehicle storage, or arterial roadways with a high traffic count. This project does not meet the high-use criteria, so oil control is not required.

• Step 3 – Determine if infiltration for pollutant removal is practicable

The project is underlain by till soils which are not expected to be conducive to infiltration, and the geotechnical report indicates a likelihood of a shallow perched groundwater layer during the winter months, so infiltration is not expected to be practical at this site.

Step 4 – Determine if control of phosphorus is required

The project is ultimately tributary to Penny Creek. The WA State Dept. of Ecology does not identify a 305(b) or 319(a) designation for Penny Creek for nutrients or phosphorus control.

Step 5 – Determine if enhanced treatment is required

Step 5 provides several criteria where enhanced treatment is typically required, but specifically exempts projects which qualify for basic treatment under Step 6. This project qualifies for basic treatment under Step 6 (see below).

Step 6 – Select a basic treatment facility

Step 6 indicates that basic treatment is required for "Residential projects not otherwise needing phosphorus control in Step 4 as designated by USEPA, Ecology, or a local government". Since this is a single-family residential project which does not require phosphorus control, the project is subject to "basic" treatment, and is exempt from the "enhanced" treatment requirement specified in Step 5.

Subject to the evaluation above, the project will implement a water quality facility from the basic treatment menu. The goal of basic water quality treatment is primarily to remove suspended sediment from the runoff prior to discharging the site. This will be achieved on this project



through the use of permanent wetpool storage in the lower portion of the underground stormwater management facility.

Wetpool storage consists of a permanent pool of water, which provides sufficient residence time for suspended sediment to settle to the bottom of the facility. The facility is periodically cleaned-out to remove the sediment accumulations. Wetpool storage sizing calculations are included in the hydrologic modeling calculations provided in **Appendix D**.



9. FLOW CONTROL

The project is required to satisfy the flow control requirement outlined in Minimum Requirement #7 of the SWMMWW. This involves evaluating the site using a continuous runoff simulation model, and verifying that the developed discharge durations match the historic discharge durations for the range of pre-developed discharge rates from 50% of the 2-year peak flow up to the full 50-year peak flow. For this analysis, the historic runoff conditions should be assumed to have a forested land cover.

Existing and developed basin maps are provided in **Appendix C**, which tabulate the historic and anticipated land cover conditions. Those tabulated values are used as input for the hydrologic model provided in **Appendix D**. The calculations demonstrate that the flow control requirement is met with the installation of an underground stormwater detention vault.



10. WETLANDS PROTECTION

A critical areas assessment report has been prepared for the project, and the on-site wetland appears to have been artificially created through the impoundment of water resulting from the construction of 132nd St SE. With this in mind, the existing wetland likely did not exist historically. The critical areas report includes a mitigation plan to manage encroachments into the existing wetland buffer.

Minimum Requirement #8 in the SWMMWW provides guide-sheets with recommendations for maintaining a suitable hydrologic response within the wetland areas. However, the discussion in the guide-sheets indicates that the stormwater modeling methods currently available are not suitable for modeling of most types of wetland areas. The guide-sheets also provide recommendations for maintaining the hydroperiod in the wetland areas. However, the recommendations are typically in conflict with the flow control requirement (Minimum Requirement #5). For example, when runoff is restricted by an onsite flow control facility prior to discharge into the wetland area, it does not provide sufficient flow into the wetland area to meet the hydroperiod recommendations outlined in the guide-sheets. Conversely, if a portion of the site is allowed to discharge to the wetland undetained, the hydroperiod recommendations may be met, but the flow-control requirement will not be met.

Given that the on-site wetland essentially consists of a small, artificial closed-depression, the project is proposing to simply utilize the mitigation measures recommended in the critical areas report. Since very little infiltration of runoff is expected, rainfall that enters the wetland will likely remain perched in the wetland area until it evaporates or reaches the existing discharge route, so the effective hydrology of the wetland is not expected to be substantially altered. There is also a small open space area which will be allowed to discharge to the wetland, in order to maintain a small amount of surface recharge to the wetland.



11. OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE

Operations & maintenance recommendations are included in Appendix F.



Crestview Village II City of Mill Creek, WA

APPENDIX AResource Review Documents

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD OTHER AREAS MAP PANELS OHOMISH (COUNTY SITE 1,500 **EREEK** CITY OF MILL 200 530330 250

Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS

With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Regulatory Floodway

0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X of 1% annual chance flood with average

Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X

Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to

Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D Levee. See Notes. Zone X

Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X NO SCREEN

Effective LOMRs

Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D

Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer

GENERAL | - -- - Channel, Culvert, or Storn STRUCTURES | 1111111 Levee, Dike, or Floodwall

Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation

Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Coastal Transect

Jurisdiction Boundary

Coastal Transect Baseline

OTHER FEATURES

Hydrographic Feature

Digital Data Available

No Digital Data Available

Unmapped

The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap digital flood maps if it is not void as described below accuracy standards

authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and was exported on 6/19/2019 at 11:46:10 AM and does not time. The NFHL and effective information may change or The flood hazard information is derived directly from the become superseded by new data over time. This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for



MAP LEGEND

Streams and Canals Very Stony Spot Stony Spot Spoil Area Wet Spot Other Water Features W 8 Soil Map Unit Polygons Area of Interest (AOI) Soil Map Unit Points Soil Map Unit Lines Special Point Features **Borrow Pit** Area of Interest (AOI) Blowout Soils



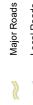
Fransportation



Closed Depression

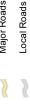
Clay Spot





Gravelly Spot

Gravel Pit







Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Marsh or swamp

Lava Flow

Landfill

Mine or Quarry

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map

contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed

misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil

line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at

1:24,000.

MAP INFORMATION

measurements.

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Web Soil Survey URL:

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Snohomish County Area, Washington Survey Area Data: Version 20, Sep 10, 2018 Soil Survey Area:

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 7, 2014—Jul 8,

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Severely Eroded Spot

Slide or Slip Sodic Spot

Sinkhole

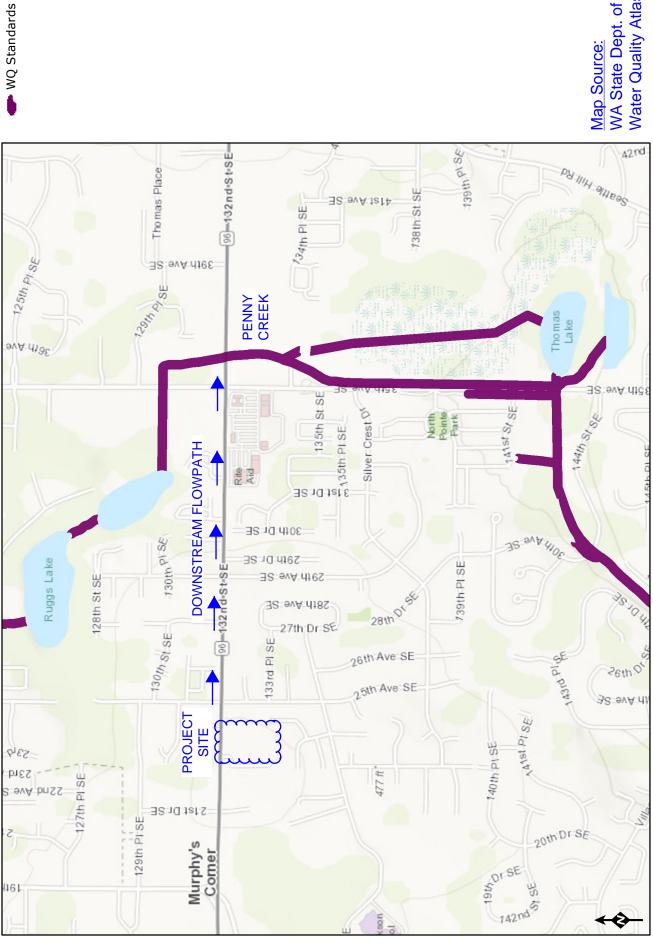
Sandy Spot Saline Spot

USDA

Map Unit Legend

	,		
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
5	Alderwood-Urban land complex, 2 to 8 percent slopes	7.4	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		7.4	100.0%

Crestview II



WA State Dept. of Ecology Water Quality Atlas Map Source:



Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Internap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and

0.5

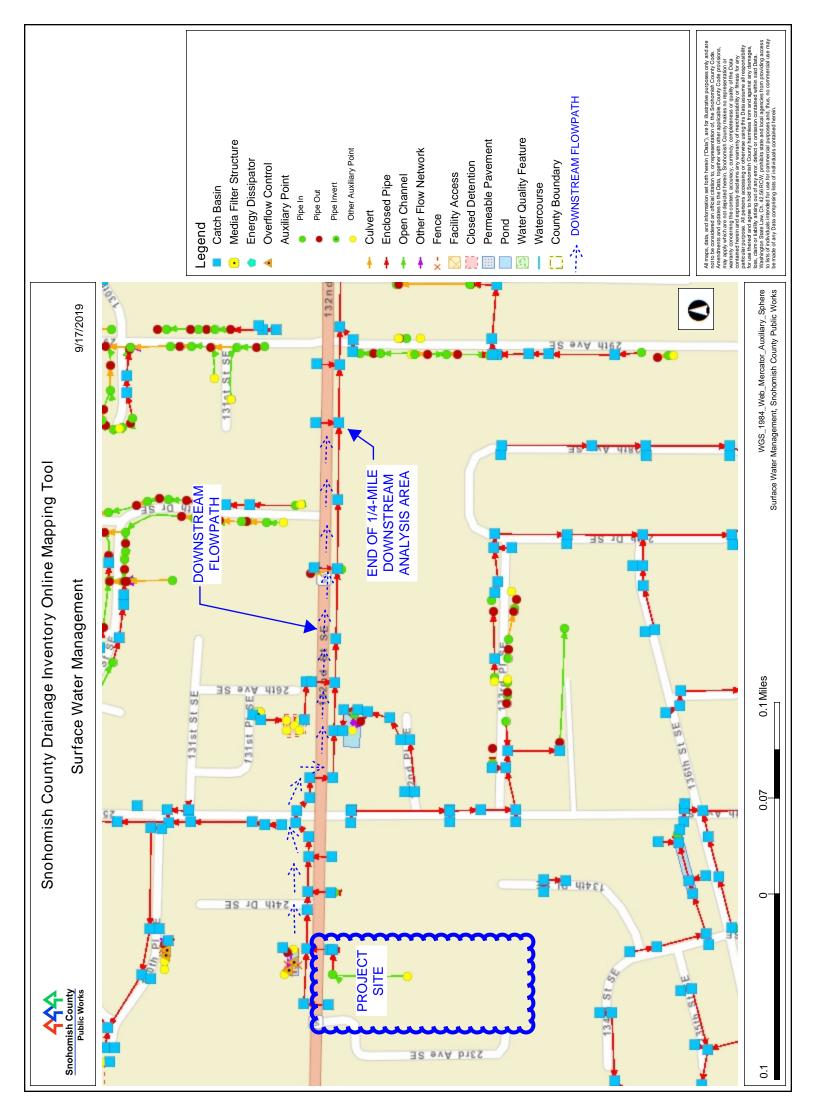
0.25

Miles 0 0.125

Crestview Village II City of Mill Creek, WA

APPENDIX BDownstream Flowpath Map

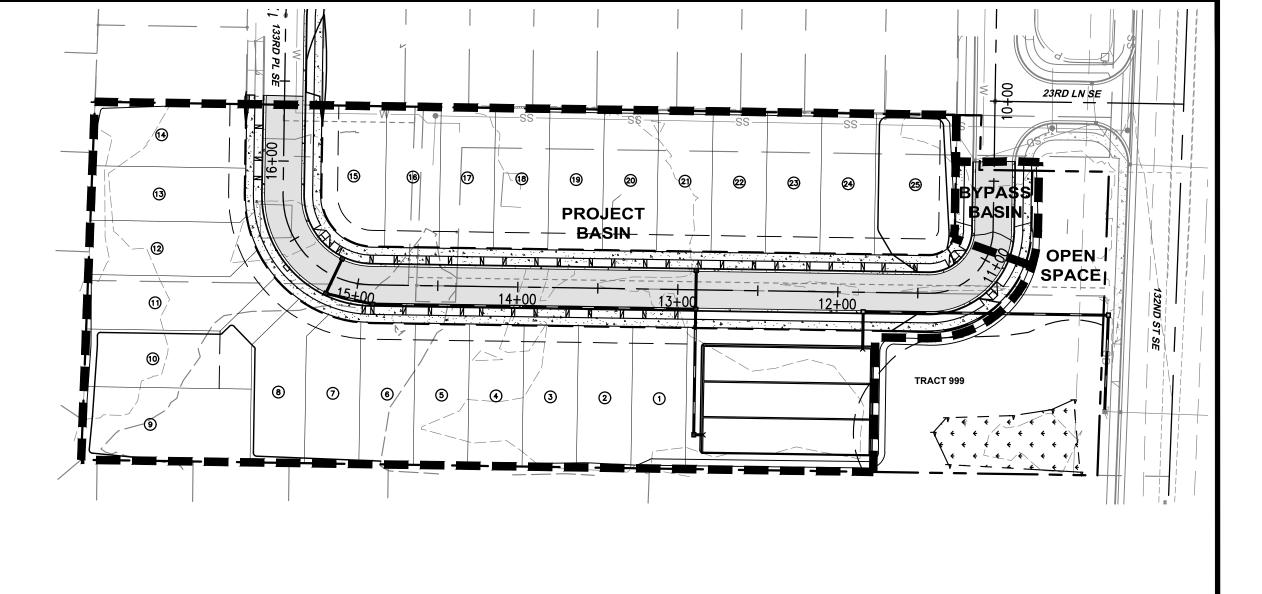




Crestview Village II City of Mill Creek, WA

APPENDIX C Basin Mapping

FILE NAME: P:\P19\19462 CRESTVIEW II\CAD\ENGINEERING\FIGURES\SHEETS\F19462-EX-HYDROLOGY.DWG SAVE TIME: 6/20/2019 10:57:06 AM PLOT TIME: 6/20/2019 2:52 PM USER NAME: KEN MCINITYRE XREF FILES: X19462-11X17-TBLOCK.dwg X19462_BASE.dwg X19462_SITE.dwg X19462_HATCH.dwg

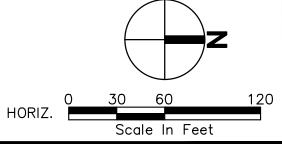


PROJECT BASIN

-	
TOTAL LOT AREA =	1.88 AC
(MEASURED FROM DRAWING)	
IMPERVIOUS LOT AREA =	0.75 AC
(ASSUME 40% - MAX ALLOWED PER MCMC 17.12.090)	
IMPERVIOUS R/W AREA =	0.57 AC
(MEASURED FROM DRAWING)	
TOTAL IMPERVIOUS AREA =	1.32 AC
LANDSCAPE/LAWN AREA =	1.40 AC
TOTAL BASIN AREA =	2.72 AC

BYPASS BASIN

IMPERVIOUS R/W AREA = (MEASURED FROM DRAWING)	0.05 AC.
TOTAL IMPERVIOUS AREA =	0.05 AC.
LANDSCAPE/LAWN AREA =	0.02 AC.
TOTAL BASIN AREA =	0.07 AC.



DESIGNED _____
DRAWN ____
CHECKED ____



1724 W Marine View Drive, Suite 140 Everett, WA 98201 p. 425.486.6533 | f. 425.486.6593

Civil | Structural | Planning | Survey www. paceengrs.com

SCALE AS SHOWN

CRESTVIEW VILLAGE II

DEVELOPED HYDROLOGY

PACE PROJECT NO.

19462
SHEET NAME LAYOUT1

Crestview Village II City of Mill Creek, WA

APPENDIX DHydrologic Modeling Calculations



WWHM2012 PROJECT REPORT

Project Name: 2019-06-20 Vault Calcs

Site Name: Crestview II

Site Address:

City :

Report Date: 7/12/2019
Gage : Everett
Data Start : 1948/10/01
Data End : 2009/09/30
Precip Scale: 1.00

Version Date: 2018/10/10

Version : 4.2.16

Low Flow Threshold for POC 1: 50 Percent of the 2 Year

High Flow Threshold for POC 1: 50 year

PREDEVELOPED LAND USE

Name : ONSITE

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre
C, Forest, Flat 2.79

Pervious Total 2.79

Impervious Land Use acre

Impervious Total 0

Basin Total 2.79

Element Flows To:

Surface Interflow Groundwater

MITIGATED LAND USE

Name : ON-SITE

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

 Pervious Land Use
 acre

 C, Lawn, Flat
 1.4

 Pervious Total
 1.4

 Impervious Land Use
 acre

 ROADS FLAT
 1.32

 Impervious Total
 1.32

 Basin Total
 2.72

Element Flows To:

Surface Interflow Groundwater

Vault 1 Vault 1

Name: Vault 1
Width: 64.5 ft.
Length: 104 ft.
Depth: 4.05 ft.
Discharge Structure
Riser Height: 3.55 ft.
Riser Diameter: 12 in.
Notch Type: Rectangular
Notch Width: 0.063 ft.

Notch Height: 0.438 ft.

Orifice 1 Diameter: 0.8125 in. Elevation: 0 ft. Orifice 2 Diameter: 0.875 in. Elevation: 2.6 ft.

Element Flows To:

Outlet 1 Outlet 2

Vault Hydraulic Table

		•	-	
Stage(feet)	Area(ac.)	Volume(ac-ft.)	Discharge(cfs)	Infilt(cfs)
0.0000	0.154	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.0450	0.154	0.006	0.003	0.000
0.0900	0.154	0.013	0.005	0.000
0.1350	0.154	0.020	0.006	0.000
0.1800	0.154	0.027	0.007	0.000
0.2250	0.154	0.034	0.008	0.000
0.2700	0.154	0.041	0.009	0.000
0.3150	0.154	0.048	0.010	0.000
0.3600	0.154	0.055	0.010	0.000
0.4050	0.154	0.062	0.011	0.000
0.4500	0.154	0.069	0.012	0.000
0.4950	0.154	0.076	0.012	0.000
0.5400	0.154	0.083	0.013	0.000



0.5850	0.154	0.090	0.013	0.000
0.6300 0.6750	0.154 0.154	0.097 0.103	0.014 0.014	0.000
0.7200	0.154	0.103	0.015	0.000
0.7650	0.154	0.117	0.015	0.000
0.8100	0.154	0.124	0.016	0.000
0.8550	0.154	0.131	0.016	0.000
0.9000	0.154	0.138	0.017	0.000
0.9450 0.9900	0.154	0.145	0.017	0.000
1.0350	0.154 0.154	0.152 0.159	0.017 0.018	0.000
1.0800	0.154	0.166	0.018	0.000
1.1250	0.154	0.173	0.019	0.000
1.1700	0.154	0.180	0.019	0.000
1.2150	0.154	0.187	0.019	0.000
1.2600	0.154	0.194	0.020	0.000
1.3050 1.3500	0.154 0.154	0.201 0.207	0.020 0.020	0.000
1.3950	0.154	0.207	0.020	0.000
1.4400	0.154	0.221	0.021	0.000
1.4850	0.154	0.228	0.021	0.000
1.5300	0.154	0.235	0.022	0.000
1.5750	0.154	0.242	0.022	0.000
1.6200 1.6650	0.154 0.154	0.249 0.256	0.022 0.023	0.000 0.000
1.7100	0.154	0.263	0.023	0.000
1.7550	0.154	0.270	0.023	0.000
1.8000	0.154	0.277	0.024	0.000
1.8450	0.154	0.284	0.024	0.000
1.8900	0.154	0.291	0.024	0.000
1.9350	0.154	0.298	0.024	0.000
1.9800 2.0250	0.154 0.154	0.304 0.311	0.025 0.025	0.000
2.0230	0.154	0.318	0.025	0.000
2.1150	0.154	0.325	0.026	0.000
2.1600	0.154	0.332	0.026	0.000
2.2050	0.154	0.339	0.026	0.000
2.2500	0.154	0.346	0.026	0.000
2.2950 2.3400	0.154 0.154	0.353 0.360	0.027 0.027	0.000
2.3400	0.154	0.367	0.027	0.000
2.4300	0.154	0.374	0.027	0.000
2.4750	0.154	0.381	0.028	0.000
2.5200	0.154	0.388	0.028	0.000
2.5650	0.154	0.395	0.028	0.000
2.6100 2.6550	0.154 0.154	0.401 0.408	0.031	0.000
2.7000	0.154	0.408	0.034 0.036	0.000
2.7450	0.154	0.422	0.037	0.000
2.7900	0.154	0.429	0.039	0.000
2.8350	0.154	0.436	0.040	0.000
2.8800	0.154	0.443	0.041	0.000
2.9250 2.9700	0.154 0.154	0.450 0.457	0.042 0.043	0.000 0.000
3.0150	0.154	0.457	0.043	0.000
3.0600	0.154	0.471	0.045	0.000
3.1050	0.154	0.478	0.046	0.000

3.1500 3.1950 3.2400 3.2850 3.3300	0.154 0.154 0.154 0.154	0.485 0.492 0.498 0.505 0.512	0.048 0.052 0.058 0.064 0.070	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
3.3750	0.154	0.519	0.077	0.000
3.4200	0.154	0.526	0.085	0.000
3.4650	0.154	0.533	0.093	0.000
3.5100	0.154	0.540	0.101	0.000
3.5550	0.154	0.547	0.112	0.000
3.6000	0.154	0.554	0.228	0.000
3.6450	0.154	0.561	0.419	0.000
3.6900	0.154	0.568	0.658	0.000
3.7350	0.154	0.575	0.926	0.000
3.7800	0.154	0.582	1.206	0.000
3.8250	0.154	0.589	1.480	0.000
3.8700	0.154	0.596	1.730	0.000
3.9150	0.154	0.602	1.941	0.000
3.9600	0.154	0.609	2.107	0.000
4.0050	0.154	0.616	2.228	0.000
4.0500	0.154	0.623	2.319	0.000
4.0950	0.154	0.630	2.441	0.000
4.1400	0.000	0.000	2.536	0.000

Name : BYPASS Bypass: Yes

GroundWater: No

Pervious	Land Use	acre
C, Lawn	, Flat	.02

Pervious Total 0.02

Impervious Land Use	acre
ROADS FLAT	0.05

Impervious Total 0.05

Basin Total 0.07

Element Flows To:

Surface Interflow Groundwater

ANALYSIS RESULTS

Stream Protection Duration



Predeveloped Landuse Totals for POC #1

Total Pervious Area:2.79 Total Impervious Area:0

Mitigated Landuse Totals for POC #1 Total Pervious Area:1.42

Total Impervious Area:1.37

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Predeveloped. POC #1

Return Period	Flow(cfs)
2 year	0.059807
5 year	0.088522
10 year	0.108182
25 year	0.133539
50 year	0.152722
100 year	0.172113

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Mitigated. POC #1

Return Period	Flow(cfs)
2 year	0.050061
5 year	0.090482
10 year	0.129857
25 year	0.198886
50 year	0.268072
100 year	0.356238

Stream Protection Duration

Annual Peaks for Predeveloped and Mitigated. POC #1

Aimuai	reaks	TOT Predever	ped and micig
Year		Predeveloped	Mitigated
1949		0.034	0.038
1950		0.066	0.046
1951		0.054	0.032
1952		0.043	0.040
1953		0.035	0.037
1954		0.132	0.053
1955		0.090	0.089
1956		0.079	0.099
1957		0.088	0.047
1958		0.059	0.066
1959		0.064	0.036
1960		0.057	0.040
1961		0.059	0.087
1962		0.052	0.036
1963		0.062	0.046
1964		0.053	0.032
1965		0.059	0.042
1966		0.032	0.034
1967		0.073	0.055
1968		0.085	0.042
1969		0.064	0.070
1970		0.047	0.036

1971	0.066	0.106
1972	0.058	0.055
1973	0.047	0.047
1974	0.082	0.046
1975	0.047	0.040
1976	0.045	0.037
1977	0.038	0.035
1978	0.047	0.037
1979	0.084	0.051
1980	0.053	0.037
1981	0.043	0.031
1982	0.057	0.049
1983	0.080	0.041
1984	0.059	0.152
1985	0.078	0.075
1986	0.191	0.494
1987	0.085	0.224
1988	0.047	0.048
1989	0.040	0.040
1990	0.062	0.047
1991	0.066	0.044
1992	0.050	0.046
1993	0.033	0.027
1994	0.031	0.049
1995	0.063	0.060
1996	0.109	0.053
1997	0.209	0.841
1998	0.040	0.041
1999	0.057	0.039
2000	0.032	0.066
2001	0.010	0.028
2002	0.060	0.053
2003	0.044	0.033
2004	0.069	0.055
2005	0.051	0.036
2006	0.118	0.069
2007	0.101	0.058
2008	0.160	0.334
2009	0.050	0.044

Stream Protection Duration

Ranked Annual Peaks for Predeveloped and Mitigated. POC #1
Rank Predeveloped Mitigated

Rank	Predeveloped	Mitigated
1	0.2090	0.8414
2	0.1913	0.4942
3	0.1601	0.3336
4	0.1324	0.2237
5	0.1181	0.1525
6	0.1095	0.1055
7	0.1006	0.0991
8	0.0897	0.0891
9	0.0880	0.0869
10	0.0855	0.0754
11	0.0851	0.0698
12	0.0842	0.0688



58 0.0323 0.0317 59 0.0317 0.0311 60 0.0306 0.0281 61 0.0104 0.0272	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 50 51 50 51 50 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51	0.0818 0.0800 0.0793 0.0776 0.0730 0.0692 0.0661 0.0659 0.0656 0.0642 0.0640 0.0630 0.0624 0.0619 0.0604 0.0595 0.0594 0.0595 0.0594 0.0595 0.0588 0.0583 0.0575 0.0566 0.0535 0.0528 0.0527 0.0517 0.0509 0.0503 0.0502 0.0471 0.0470 0.0468 0.0446 0.0448 0.0440 0.0430 0.0426 0.0398 0.0376 0.0351 0.0338 0.0328 0.0328	0.0658 0.0656 0.0599 0.0580 0.0555 0.0551 0.0546 0.0533 0.0532 0.0528 0.0508 0.0493 0.0492 0.0483 0.0469 0.0465 0.0465 0.0465 0.0465 0.0465 0.0455 0.0418 0.0425 0.0413 0.0411 0.0400 0.0399 0.0396 0.0396 0.0397 0.0366 0.0358
58 0.0323 0.0317 59 0.0317 0.0311 60 0.0306 0.0281	56	0.0338	0.0332
59 0.0317 0.0311 60 0.0306 0.0281			
0.0306 0.0281			
61 0.0104 0.0272	60	0.0306	
	61	0.0104	0.0272

Stream Protection Duration POC #1
The Facility PASSED

The Facility PASSED.

Flow(cfs)	Predev	Mit Do	raentaa	e Pass/Fail
0.0299	22651	20961	92	Pass
0.0311	20533	18548	90	Pass
0.0324	18585	17085	91	Pass
0.0336	16805	15913	94	Pass
0.0349	15154	14837	97	Pass
0.0361	13708	13486	98	Pass
0.0373	12459	12145	97	Pass
0.0386	11298	10928	96	Pass
0.0398	10243	9856	96	Pass
0.0411	9308	8707	93	Pass
0.0423	8455	7666	90	Pass
0.0436	7676	6746	87	Pass
0.0448	6936	5653	81	Pass
0.0460	6310	4584	72	Pass
0.0473	5771	3867	67	Pass
0.0485	5281	3418	64	Pass
0.0498	4851	3039	62	Pass
0.0510	4438	2776	62	Pass
0.0522	4092	2502	61	Pass
0.0535	3700	2220	60	Pass
0.0547	3375	2087	61	Pass
0.0560	3054	1965	64	Pass
0.0572	2748	1849	67	Pass
0.0584	2505	1745	69	Pass
0.0597	2301	1650	71	Pass
0.0609	2108	1564	74	Pass
0.0622	1949	1497	76	Pass
0.0634	1821	1434	78 01	Pass
0.0646 0.0659	1698 1580	1380 1304	81 82	Pass Pass
0.0671	1479	1254	84	Pass
0.0684	1398	1215	86	Pass
0.0696	1329	1164	87	Pass
0.0708	1260	1112	88	Pass
0.0721	1197	1058	88	Pass
0.0733	1138	1016	89	Pass
0.0746	1081	975	90	Pass
0.0758	1024	929	90	Pass
0.0770	952	904	94	Pass
0.0783	915	875	95	Pass
0.0795	879	854	97	Pass
0.0808	845	833	98	Pass
0.0820	808	811	100	Pass
0.0832	767	784	102	Pass
0.0845	731	758	103	Pass
0.0857	700	731	104	Pass
0.0870	676	702	103	Pass
0.0882	655	673	102	Pass
0.0895	639	639	100	Pass
0.0907	620	621	100	Pass
0.0919	604	594	98	Pass
0.0932	587	577	98	Pass
0.0944	573	559	97	Pass
0.0957	560	539	96	Pass
0.0969	551	513	93	Pass



0.0981 0.0994 0.1006 0.1019 0.1031 0.1043 0.1056 0.1068 0.1081 0.1093	539 523 511 497 473 458 448 438 428 417	491 469 452 436 418 401 378 366 354 341	91 89 88 87 88 87 84 83 82	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
0.1105 0.1118 0.1130 0.1143 0.1155 0.1167 0.1180	402 396 385 375 362 355 349	330 318 298 273 254 244 241	82 80 77 72 70 68 69	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
0.1192 0.1205 0.1217 0.1229 0.1242 0.1254 0.1267	338 329 320 310 306 300 296	236 232 226 224 222 216 214	69 70 70 72 72 72 72	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
0.1279 0.1292 0.1304 0.1316 0.1329 0.1341	288 283 278 270 260 252	214 210 206 201 199 195 194	72 72 72 72 73 75 76	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
0.1354 0.1366 0.1378 0.1391 0.1403 0.1416 0.1428	246 239 234 227 215 205 200	192 186 184 181 178 176	78 77 78 79 82 85 86	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
0.1440 0.1453 0.1465 0.1478 0.1490 0.1502 0.1515 0.1527	194 188 184 176 170 165 159	172 171 171 168 166 163 160 158	88 90 92 95 97 98 100	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass

Water Quality BMP Flow and Volume for POC #1 On-line facility volume: 0.0808 acre-feet On-line facility target flow: 0.0447 cfs. Adjusted for 15 min: 0.0447 cfs. Off-line facility target flow: 0.0256 cfs. Adjusted for 15 min: 0.0256 cfs.

Required Wetpool Vol = 0.0808 ac-ft (3,520 cu. ft.)

Provided Wetpool Vol = 21.5' x 104' x 4' (8,944 cu. ft.)

LID Report

LID Techniq	ue	Used for	Total Volume	Volume	Infiltration	Cumulative	
Percent	Water Quality	Percent	Comment				
		Treatment?	Needs	Through	Volume	Volume	
Volume		Water Quality					
			Treatment	Facility	(ac-ft.)	Infiltration	
Infiltrated		Treated					
			(ac-ft)	(ac-ft)		Credit	
Vault 1 PO	C	N	283.54			N	
0.00							
Total Volum	e Infiltrated		283.54	0.00	0.00		
0.00	0.00	0%	No Treat. Credi	t			
Compliance with LID Standard 8							
Duration An	alvsis Result =	Failed					

Perlnd and Implnd Changes

No changes have been made.

This program and accompanying documentation are provided 'as-is' without warranty of any kind. The entire risk regarding the performance and results of this program is assumed by End User. Clear Creek Solutions Inc. and the governmental licensee or sublicensees disclaim all warranties, either expressed or implied, including but not limited to implied warranties of program and accompanying documentation. In no event shall Clear Creek Solutions Inc. be liable for any damages whatsoever (including without limitation to damages for loss of business profits, loss of business information, business interruption, and the like) arising out of the use of, or inability to use this program even if Clear Creek Solutions Inc. or their authorized representatives have been advised of the possibility of such damages. Software Copyright © by: Clear Creek Solutions, Inc. 2005-2019; All Rights Reserved.



Water Quality BMP Flow and Volume for POC #1 On-line facility volume: 0.0808 acre-feet On-line facility target flow: 0.0447 cfs. Adjusted for 15 min: 0.0447 cfs. Off-line facility target flow: 0.0256 cfs. Adjusted for 15 min: 0.0256 cfs.

LID Report

LID Techniqu	ae	Used for	Total Volume	Volume	Infiltration	Cumulative
Percent	Water Quality	Percent	Comment			
		Treatment?	Needs	Through	Volume	Volume
Volume		Water Quality				
			Treatment	Facility	(ac-ft.)	Infiltration
Infiltrated		Treated				
			(ac-ft)	(ac-ft)		Credit
Vault 1 POO	C	N	283.54			N
0.00						
Total Volume	e Infiltrated		283.54	0.00	0.00	
0.00	0.00	0%	No Treat. Credi	t		
Compliance v	with LID Standa	rd 8				
Duration Ana	alysis Result =	Failed				

Perlnd and Implnd Changes

No changes have been made.

This program and accompanying documentation are provided 'as-is' without warranty of any kind. The entire risk regarding the performance and results of this program is assumed by End User. Clear Creek Solutions Inc. and the governmental licensee or sublicensees disclaim all warranties, either expressed or implied, including but not limited to implied warranties of program and accompanying documentation. In no event shall Clear Creek Solutions Inc. be liable for any damages whatsoever (including without limitation to damages for loss of business profits, loss of business information, business interruption, and the like) arising out of the use of, or inability to use this program even if Clear Creek Solutions Inc. or their authorized representatives have been advised of the possibility of such damages. Software Copyright © by: Clear Creek Solutions, Inc. 2005-2019; All Rights Reserved.

Crestview Village II City of Mill Creek, WA

APPENDIX EConveyance Calculations



(1	!)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
Pi	pe							Upstream	Upstream	Tail-		Barrel		Entr	Entr	Outlet	Inlet	Appr	Bend	Junc		Free-
Segn	nent	Pipe	Pipe	Pipe	Manning's	Outlet	Inlet	Rim	Bend	water	Barrel	Vel	Friction	HGL	Head	Cntrl	Cntrl	Vel	Head	Head	HW	board
From	То	Flow	Length	Size	n'	Elev.	Elev.	Elev.	Angle	Elev	Area	Head	Loss	Elev	Loss	Elev	Elev	Head	Loss	Loss	Elev	Depth
СВ	СВ	(cfs)	(ft)	(in)		(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(°)	(ft)	(ft ²)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)
Vault	4	2.00	6	18	0.012	482.97	483.00	490.50	90	488.00	1.77	0.02	0.00	488.00	0.01	488.03	483.74	0.02	0.03	0.00	488.04	2.46
4	5	2.00	<i>79</i>	18	0.012	483.00	483.47	488.52	0	488.04	1.77	0.02	0.02	488.06	0.01	488.09	484.21	0.00	0.00	0.01	488.10	0.42
5	6	0.60	24	12	0.012	483.97	485.50	488.52	0	488.10	0.79	0.01	0.01	488.11	0.00	488.12	485.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	488.12	0.40
5	7A	1.00	202	12	0.012	483.97	485.18	488.64	12	488.10	0.79	0.03	0.13	488.23	0.01	488.27	485.77	0.03	0.00	0.00	488.25	0.39
7A	7	1.00	30	12	0.012	485.18	485.36	488.51	90	488.25	0.79	0.03	0.02	488.27	0.01	488.31	485.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	488.31	0.20
7	8	0.27	25	12	0.012	485.36	485.51	488.51	0	488.31	0.79	0.00	0.00	488.31	0.00	488.31	485.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	488.31	0.20

Crestviaw II		Direct-Step Backwater	Conveyance Analysis	
9/17/2019	Date:		Date:	
KJM	Checked by:	KJM	Backchecked by:	MIX
1				



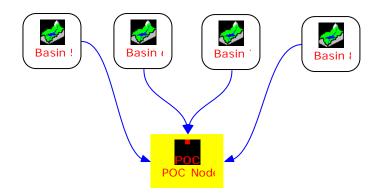
SITE.dwg X19462_HATCH.dwg X19462_

NAME: P:\P19\19462 CRESTVIEW II\CAD\ENGINEERING\FIGURES\SHEETS\F19462—CONVEYANCE.DWG TIME: 9/17/2019 8:19:31 AM PLOT TIME: 9/17/2019 8:46 AM I NAME: KEN MCINTYRE FILES: X19462—11X17—TBLOCK.dwg X19462_BASE.dwg X19462_SITE.dwg X19462_HATCH.dwg >

PREDEVELOPED SCHEMATIC



DEVELOPED CONVEYANCE SCHEMATIC



BASIN SUMMARY

MGS FLOOD PROJECT REPORT

Program Version: MGSFlood 4.46 Program License Number: 201110001

Project Simulation Performed on: 09/17/2019 8:27 AM

Report Generation Date: 09/17/2019 8:27 AM

Input File Name: 2019-09-16 Conveyance.fld

Project Name: Crestview Div. 2
Analysis Title: Conveyance Analysis

Comments:

— PRECIPITATION INPUT —

Computational Time Step (Minutes): 15

Extended Precipitation Time Series Selected

Climatic Region Number: 15

Full Period of Record Available used for Routing Precipitation Station: 96004005 Puget East 40 in_5min 10/01/1939-10/01/2097 Evaporation Station: 961040 Puget East 40 in MAP Evaporation Scale Factor: 0.750 HSPF Parameter Region Number: 1 HSPF Parameter Region Name: USGS Default ******* Default HSPF Parameters Used (Not Modified by User) ********* **Predevelopment/Post Development Tributary Area Summary** Predeveloped Post Developed Total Subbasin Area (acres) 2.510 Area of Links that Include Precip/Evap (acres) 0.000 0.000 Total (acres) 2.510 2.510 -----SCENARIO: PREDEVELOPED Number of Subbasins: 1 ----- Subbasin: Total Basin ----------Area (Acres) ------Till Forest 2.510 Subbasin Total 2.510 -----SCENARIO: POSTDEVELOPED Number of Subbasins: 4 ----- Subbasin : Basin 5 ----------Area (Acres) ------Till Grass 0.190 Impervious 0.290 Subbasin Total 0.480 ----- Subbasin : Basin 6 ----------Area (Acres) ------Till Grass 0.350 Impervious 0.400 0.750 Subbasin Total ----- Subbasin : Basin 7 -----------Area (Acres) ------Till Grass 0.490 Impervious 0.460

Subbasin Total

0.950



Subbasin : Basin 8 Area (Acres)
Till Grass 0.140 Impervious 0.190
Subbasin Total 0.330

Number of Links: 0

SCENARIO: POSTDEVELOPED Number of Links: 1
Link Name: POC Node Link Type: Copy Downstream Link: None
********FLOOD FREQUENCY AND DURATION STATISTICS*********************************
SCENARIO: PREDEVELOPED Number of Subbasins: 1 Number of Links: 0
SCENARIO: POSTDEVELOPED Number of Subbasins: 4 Number of Links: 1
*********** Subbasin: Basin 5 **********
Flood Frequency Data(cfs) (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position) Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)
2-Year 0.125 5-Year 0.159 10-Year 0.200 25-Year 0.269 50-Year 0.323 100-Year 0.401 200-Year 0.403
*********** Subbasin: Basin 6 ***********
Flood Frequency Data(cfs) (Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position) Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)
2-Year 0.180 5-Year 0.235 10-Year 0.290

25-Year	0.390
50-Year	0.486
100-Year	0.596
200-Year	0.605

******* Subbasin: Basin 7 ********

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

2-Year	0.214	
5-Year	0.282	
10-Year	0.346	
25-Year	0.467	
50-Year	0.600	
100-Year	0.728	
200-Year	0.744	

******* Subbasin: Basin 8 ********

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

2-Year	8.335E-02
5-Year	0.107
10-Year	0.133
25-Year	0.179
50-Year	0.219
100-Year	0.270
200-Year	0.273

********** Link: POC Node ********* Link Outflow 1 Frequency Stats

Flood Frequency Data(cfs)

(Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position)

Tr (yrs) Flood Peak (cfs)

2-Year	0.603
5-Year	0.787
10-Year	0.972
25-Year	1.304
50-Year	1.628
100-Year	1.996
200-Year	2.026

***********Groundwater Recharge Summary ************

Recharge is computed as input to PerInd Groundwater Plus Infiltration in Structures

Total Predeveloped Recharge During Simulation
Model Element Recharge Amount (ac-ft)

.....

Subbasin: Total Basin 432.797

Total: 432.797



Total Post Developed Recharge During Simulation

Model Element	Recharge Amount (ac-ft)			
Subbasin: Basin 5 Subbasin: Basin 6 Subbasin: Basin 7	23.220 42.774 59.883			
Subbasin: Basin 8 Link: POC Node	17.109 0.000			
Total:	142.987			

Total Predevelopment Recharge is Greater than Post Developed Average Recharge Per Year, (Number of Years= 158)

Predeveloped: 2.739 ac-ft/year, Post Developed: 0.905 ac-ft/year

-----SCENARIO: POSTDEVELOPED

Number of Links: 1

******* Link: POC Node

Infiltration/Filtration Statistics-----

Inflow Volume (ac-ft): 836.08

Inflow Volume Including PPT-Evap (ac-ft): 836.08 Total Runoff Infiltrated (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00% Total Runoff Filtered (ac-ft): 0.00, 0.00%

Primary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 836.08 Secondary Outflow To Downstream System (ac-ft): 0.00 Percent Treated (Infiltrated+Filtered)/Total Volume: 0.00%

*************Compliance Point Results **********

Scenario Predeveloped Compliance Subbasin: Total Basin

Scenario Postdeveloped Compliance Link: POC Node

*** Point of Compliance Flow Frequency Data ***

Recurrence Interval Computed Using Gringorten Plotting Position

Prede	evelopment Runoff	P	Postdevelopment Runoff
Tr (Years)	Discharge (cfs)	Tr (Years) Discharge (cfs)
2-Year	5.349E-02	2-Year	0.603
5-Year	8.717E-02	5-Year	0.787
10-Year	0.117	10-Year	0.972
25-Year	0.149	25-Year	1.304
50-Year	0.190	50-Year	1.628
100-Year	0.206	100-Year	1.996
200-Year	0.321	200-Year	2.026

^{**} Record too Short to Compute Peak Discharge for These Recurrence Intervals

Crestview Village II City of Mill Creek, WA

APPENDIX F

Operations and Maintenance Manual



No. 3 – Closed Detention Systems (Tanks/Vaults)

Maintenance Component	Defect	Conditions When Maintenance is Needed	Results Expected When Maintenance is Performed	
Storage Area	Plugged Air Vents	One-half of the cross section of a vent is blocked at any point or the vent is damaged.	Vents open and functioning.	
	Debris and Sediment	Accumulated sediment depth exceeds 10% of the diameter of the storage area for 1/2 length of storage vault or any point depth exceeds 15% of diameter.	All sediment and debris removed from storage area.	
		(Example: 72-inch storage tank would require cleaning when sediment reaches depth of 7 inches for more than 1/2 length of tank.)		
	Joints Between Tank/Pipe Section	Any openings or voids allowing material to be transported into facility.	All joint between tank/pipe sections	
		(Will require engineering analysis to determine structural stability).	are sealed.	
	Tank Pipe Bent Out of Shape	Any part of tank/pipe is bent out of shape more than 10% of its design shape. (Review required by engineer to determine structural stability).	Tank/pipe repaired or replaced to design.	
	Vault Structure Includes Cracks in Wall, Bottom, Damage to Frame and/or Top Slab	Cracks wider than 1/2-inch and any evidence of soil particles entering the structure through the cracks, or maintenance/inspection personnel determines that the vault is not structurally sound.	Vault replaced or repaired to design specifications and is structurally sound.	
		Cracks wider than 1/2-inch at the joint of any inlet/outlet pipe or any evidence of soil particles entering the vault through the walls.	No cracks more than 1/4-inch wide at the joint of the inlet/outlet pipe.	
Manhole	Cover Not in Place	Cover is missing or only partially in place. Any open manhole requires maintenance.	Manhole is closed.	
	Locking Mechanism Not Working	Mechanism cannot be opened by one maintenance person with proper tools. Bolts into frame have less than 1/2 inch of thread (may not apply to self-locking lids).	Mechanism opens with proper tools.	
	Cover Difficult to Remove	One maintenance person cannot remove lid after applying normal lifting pressure. Intent is to keep cover from sealing off access to maintenance.	Cover can be removed and reinstalled by one maintenance person.	
	Ladder Rungs Unsafe	Ladder is unsafe due to missing rungs, misalignment, not securely attached to structure wall, rust, or cracks.	Ladder meets design standards. Allows maintenance person safe access.	
Catch Basins	See "Catch Basins" (No. 5)	See "Catch Basins" (No. 5).	See "Catch Basins" (No. 5).	

No. 4 – Control Structure/Flow Restrictor

Maintenance Component	Defect	Condition When Maintenance is Needed	Results Expected When Maintenance is Performed	
General	Trash and Debris (Includes Sediment)	Material exceeds 25% of sump depth or 1 foot below orifice plate.	Control structure orifice is not blocked. All trash and debris removed.	
	Structural Damage	Structure is not securely attached to manhole wall.	Structure securely attached to wall and outlet pipe.	
		Structure is not in upright position (allow up to 10% from plumb).	Structure in correct position.	
		Connections to outlet pipe are not watertight and show signs of rust.	Connections to outlet pipe are water tight; structure repaired or replaced and works as designed.	
		Any holesother than designed holesin the structure.	Structure has no holes other than designed holes.	
Cleanout Gate	Damaged or Missing	Cleanout gate is not watertight or is missing.	Gate is watertight and works as designed.	
		Gate cannot be moved up and down by one maintenance person.	Gate moves up and down easily and is watertight.	
		Chain/rod leading to gate is missing or damaged.	Chain is in place and works as designed.	
		Gate is rusted over 50% of its surface area.	Gate is repaired or replaced to meet design standards.	
Orifice Plate	Damaged or Missing	Control device is not working properly due to missing, out of place, or bent orifice plate.	Plate is in place and works as designed.	
	Obstructions	Any trash, debris, sediment, or vegetation blocking the plate.	Plate is free of all obstructions and works as designed.	
Overflow Pipe	Obstructions	Any trash or debris blocking (or having the potential of blocking) the overflow pipe.	Pipe is free of all obstructions and works as designed.	
Manhole	See "Closed Detention Systems" (No. 3).	See "Closed Detention Systems" (No. 3).	See "Closed Detention Systems" (No. 3).	
Catch Basin	See "Catch Basins" (No. 5).	See "Catch Basins" (No. 5).	See "Catch Basins" (No. 5).	

No. 5 – Catch Basins

Maintenance Component	Defect	Conditions When Maintenance is Needed	Results Expected When Maintenance is performed	
General	Trash & Debris	Trash or debris which is located immediately in front of the catch basin opening or is blocking inletting capacity of the basin by more than 10%.	No Trash or debris located immediately in front of catch basin or on grate opening.	
		Trash or debris (in the basin) that exceeds 60 percent of the sump depth as measured from the bottom of basin to invert of the lowest pipe into or out of the basin, but in no case less than a minimum of six inches clearance from the debris surface to the invert of the lowest pipe.	No trash or debris in the catch basin.	
		Trash or debris in any inlet or outlet pipe blocking more than 1/3 of its height.	Inlet and outlet pipes free of trash or debris.	
		Dead animals or vegetation that could generate odors that could cause complaints or dangerous gases (e.g., methane).	No dead animals or vegetation present within the catch basin.	
	Sediment	Sediment (in the basin) that exceeds 60 percent of the sump depth as measured from the bottom of basin to invert of the lowest pipe into or out of the basin, but in no case less than a minimum of 6 inches clearance from the sediment surface to the invert of the lowest pipe.	No sediment in the catch basin	
	Structure Damage to	Top slab has holes larger than 2 square inches or cracks wider than 1/4 inch	Top slab is free of holes and cracks.	
	Frame and/or Top Slab	(Intent is to make sure no material is running into basin).		
		Frame not sitting flush on top slab, i.e., separation of more than 3/4 inch of the frame from the top slab. Frame not securely attached	Frame is sitting flush on the riser rings or top slab and firmly attached.	
	Fractures or Cracks in Basin Walls/ Bottom	Maintenance person judges that structure is unsound.	Basin replaced or repaired to design standards.	
		Grout fillet has separated or cracked wider than 1/2 inch and longer than 1 foot at the joint of any inlet/outlet pipe or any evidence of soil particles entering catch basin through cracks.	Pipe is regrouted and secure at basin wall.	
	Settlement/ Misalignment	If failure of basin has created a safety, function, or design problem.	Basin replaced or repaired to design standards.	
	Vegetation	Vegetation growing across and blocking more than 10% of the basin opening.	No vegetation blocking opening to basin.	
		Vegetation growing in inlet/outlet pipe joints that is more than six inches tall and less than six inches apart.	No vegetation or root growth present.	
	Contamination and Pollution	See "Detention Ponds" (No. 1).	No pollution present.	

No. 12 - Wetvaults

Maintenance Component	Defect	Condition When Maintenance is Needed	Results Expected When Maintenance is Performed
General	Trash/Debris Accumulation	Trash and debris accumulated in vault, pipe or inlet/outlet (includes floatables and nonfloatables).	Remove trash and debris from vault.
	Sediment Accumulation in Vault	Sediment accumulation in vault bottom exceeds the depth of the sediment zone plus 6-inches.	Remove sediment from vault.
	Damaged Pipes	Inlet/outlet piping damaged or broken and in need of repair.	Pipe repaired and/or replaced.
	Access Cover Damaged/Not Working	Cover cannot be opened or removed, especially by one person.	Pipe repaired or replaced to proper working specifications.
	Ventilation	Ventilation area blocked or plugged.	Blocking material removed or cleared from ventilation area. A specified % of the vault surface area must provide ventilation to the vault interior (see design specifications).
	Vault Structure Damage - Includes Cracks in Walls Bottom, Damage to Frame and/or Top Slab	Maintenance/inspection personnel determine that the vault is not structurally sound.	Vault replaced or repairs made so that vault meets design specifications and is structurally sound.
		Cracks wider than 1/2-inch at the joint of any inlet/outlet pipe or evidence of soil particles entering through the cracks.	Vault repaired so that no cracks exist wider than 1/4-inch at the joint of the inlet/outlet pipe.
	Baffles	Baffles corroding, cracking, warping and/or showing signs of failure as determined by maintenance/inspection staff.	Baffles repaired or replaced to specifications.
	Access Ladder Damage	Ladder is corroded or deteriorated, not functioning properly, not attached to structure wall, missing rungs, has cracks and/or misaligned. Confined space warning sign missing.	Ladder replaced or repaired to specifications, and is safe to use as determined by inspection personnel. Replace sign warning of confined space entry requirements. Ladder and entry notification complies with OSHA standards.

No. 18 - Catchbasin Inserts

Maintenance Component	Defect	Conditions When Maintenance is Needed	Results Expected When Maintenance is Performed
General	Sediment Accumulation	When sediment forms a cap over the insert media of the insert and/or unit.	No sediment cap on the insert media and its unit.
	Trash and Debris Accumulation	Trash and debris accumulates on insert unit creating a blockage/restriction.	Trash and debris removed from insert unit. Runoff freely flows into catch basin.
	Media Insert Not Removing Oil	Effluent water from media insert has a visible sheen.	Effluent water from media insert is free of oils and has no visible sheen.
	Media Insert Water Saturated	Catch basin insert is saturated with water and no longer has the capacity to absorb.	Remove and replace media insert
	Media Insert-Oil Saturated	Media oil saturated due to petroleum spill that drains into catch basin.	Remove and replace media insert.
	Media Insert Use Beyond Normal Product Life	Media has been used beyond the typical average life of media insert product.	Remove and replace media at regular intervals, depending on insert product.

Site Improvement Bond Quantity Worksheet

Web date: 04/03/2015

Original bond computations prepared by:								
Name:	Ken McIntyre				Date):	1/14/20	20
PE Registration Number:	n Number: 39018							
Firm Name:	PACE Eng	jineer	s					
Address: 1724 W. Marin	ne View D	View Dr #140, Everett, WA			Project No:			
			FINANG	CIAL GUARAN	TEE REQUIREME	ENTS		
	1		PERFORMANCE BOND* AMOUNT	REQUIRED F	BOND* AMOUNT FOR RECORDING OR RY OCCUPANCY AT		LIC ROAD & ENANCE/DEI	
Stabilization/Erosion Sediment Control (ESC)	(A)	\$	33,675.9		AL COMPLETION ***	•		
Existing Right-of-Way Improvements	(B)	\$	1,248.0					
Future Public Right of Way & Drainage Facilities	(C)	\$	650,389.0					
Private Improvements	(D)	\$	264,881.5					
Calculated Quantity Completed								
Total Right-of Way and/or Site Restoration Bond*/** (First \$7,500 of bond* shall be ca	(A+B)	\$	34,923.9					
Performance Bond* Amount (A+B+C+D) = TOTA	AL (T)	\$ Minin	950,194.3 num is \$2000.	T x 0.30 \$ Minimul	285,058.3 m is \$2000.			
Maintenance/Defect Bond* Total						(B+C) x 0.25 =	\$	162,909.2
							Minimum is \$	32000.

The restoration requirement shall include the total cost for all TESC as a minimum, not a maximum. In addition, corrective work, both on- and off-site needs to be included. Quantities shall reflect worse case scenarios not just minimum requirements. For example, if a salmonid stream may be damaged, some estimated costs for restoration needs to be reflected in this amount. The 30% contingency and mobilization costs are computed in this quantity.

REQUIRED BOND* AMOUNTS ARE SUBJECT TO REVIEW AND MODIFICATION BY KING COUNTY

Page 9 of 9

Unit prices updated: 03/02/2015

Date:

Check out the DDES Web site at www.kingcounty.gov/permits
Version: 03/02/2015
Report Date: 2/17/2020

2020-02-17 Bond Qty Est.xls

NAME OF PERSON PREPARING BOND* REDUCTION:

^{*} NOTE: The word "bond" as used in this document means a financial guarantee acceptable to King County.

^{**} NOTE: KCC 27A authorizes right of way and site restoration bonds to be combined when both are required.

^{***} NOTE: Per KCC 27A, total bond amounts remaining after reduction shall not be less than 30% of the original amount (T) or as revised by major design changes.